1 JEFFREY BOSSERT CLARK Acting Assistant Attorney General 2 Civil Division 3 NICOLA T. HANNA **United States Attorney** 4 DEBRA D. FOWLER VSB #30574 Debra.Fowler@usdoj.gov Senior Aviation Counsel ALAN D. MATTIONI PA #64259 Senior Aviation Counsel 8 Alan.Mattioni@usdoj.gov Torts Branch, Civil Division 9 U.S. Department of Justice 10 Post Office Box 14271 11 Washington, DC 20044-4271 Phone: (202) 616-4025 12 Fax: (202) 616-4002 13 Attorneys for United States of America 14 15 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES 16 17 VANESSA BRYANT, Individually, Case No.: 20STCV07492 and as Successor in Interest to KOBE (LEAD Case Related to Cases: 18 20STCV14963, 20STCV14973, BRYANT, Deceased; VANESSA 19 BRYANT, as Successor in Interest to 20STCV17897) GB, a minor, deceased; NB, a minor, by) 20 her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad NOTICE OF FILING NOTICE OF 21 Litem, VANESSA BRYANT; BB, a **REMOVAL IN FEDERAL** 22 minor, by her Natural Mother and **DISTRICT COURT** Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA 23 BRYANT; and CB, a minor, by her 24 Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem,) VANESSA BRYANT; 25 26 Plaintiffs, 27 VS. 28

US' Notice of filing Notice of Removal

Document purchased by Ehline Law Firm Personal Injury Attorneys, APLC for research and public awareness

1 ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; 2 ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation; and DOE 1, as Personal representative of 4 and/or Successor in Interest to ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN, a California 6 resident, 7 Defendants. 8 9 ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, 10 INC., a California Corporation; and 11 ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation, 12 13 Cross-Complainants, 14 VS. 15 KYLE LARSEN, Individually; 16 MATTHEW CONLEY, individually; 17 and ROES 1 through 50, 18 Cross-Defendants. 19 20 21

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA'S NOTICE OF FILING OF A NOTICE OF REMOVAL IN FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1442(a)(1), 2679(d)(2), and 1446, the United States of America has filed a Notice of Removal in the United States District Court for the Central District of California. 28 U.S.C. § 1446(d) states: "Promptly after the filing of such notice of removal of a civil action the defendant or defendants shall give written notice thereof to all adverse parties and shall file a copy of the notice

US' Notice of filing Notice of Removal

22

23

24

25

26

27

	l
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	١

with the clerk of such State court, which shall effect the removal and the State court shall proceed no further unless and until the case is remanded." In accordance with said provision, a copy of the United States' Notice of Removal is attached hereto as Exhibit "A."

Dated: October 1, 2020

Respectfully submitted,

JEFFREY BOSSERT CLARK Acting Assistant Attorney General Civil Division

NICOLA T. HANNA United States Attorney

/s/ Debra D. Fowler
DEBRA D. FOWLER
Senior Aviation Counsel
Debra.Fowler@usdoj.gov
ALAN D. MATTIONI
Senior Aviation Counsel
Alan.Mattioni@usdoj.gov
Torts Branch, Civil Division
U.S. Department of Justice
Post Office Box 14271
Washington, DC 20044-4271
Tel: (202) 616-4025
Fax: (202) 616-4002

Attorneys for United States

2

3 4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

22 23

24

26

27

28

25

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Debra D. Fowler, hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing Notice of Filing Notice of Removal was served upon each of the following by electronic mail in accordance with Rule 5(b)(2)(E) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure on October 1, 2020:

> Brad D. Brian, Esquire Luis Li, Esquire MUNGER TOLLES & OLSEN LLP 350 South Grand Avenue, 50th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90071-3426 (213) 683-9100 brad.brian@mto.com luis.li@mto.com

Gary C. Robb, Esquire Anita Porte Robb, Esquire **ROBB & ROBB LLC** One Kansas City Place, Suite 3900 1200 Main Street Kansas City, MO 64105 (816) 474-8080 gcr@robbrobb.com apr@robbrobb.com Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Vanessa Bryant, et al.

and

Ross Cunningham, Esquire Don Swaim, Esquire D. Todd Parrish, Esquire CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP 4015 Main Street, Suite 200 Dallas, Texas 75226 (214) 646-1495 rcunningham@cunninghamswaim.com

27

28

dswaim@cunninghamswaim.com tparrish@cunninghamswaim.com

Michael J. Terhar, Esquire CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP 2 North Lake Avenue, Suite 550 Pasadena, California 91101 (626) 765-3000 mterhar@cunninghamswaim.com

Todd Worthe, Esquire WORTH HANSON & WORTHE 1851 E. First Street, 9th Floor Santa Ana, CA 92705 (714) 285-9600

tworthe@whwlawcorp.com

Attorneys for Defendants/Third-Party Plaintiffs Island Express Helicopters, Inc. and Island Express Holding Corp.

and

Arthur I. Willner, Esquire
LEADER BERKON COLAO & SILVERSTEIN LLP
660 South Figueroa Street, Suite 1150
Los Angeles, CA 90017
(213) 234-1750
awillner@leaderberkon.com

Raymond L. Mariani, Esquire
LEADER BERKON COLAO & SILVERSTEIN LLP
630 Third Avenue, Floor 17
New York, NY 10017
(212) 486-2400
rmariani@leaderberkon.com

Attorneys for Defendant Berge Zobayan as Successor in Interest for Ara George Zobayan

/s/ Debra D. Fowler
Attorney for United States of America

EXHIBIT A

```
1
   JEFFREY BOSSERT CLARK
    Acting Assistant Attorney General
2
   Civil Division
3
   NICOLA T. HANNA
   United States Attorney
4
   DEBRA D. FOWLER VSB #30574
   Debra.Fowler@usdoj.gov
   Senior Aviation Counsel
   Alan D. Mattioni PA #64259
7
    Senior Aviation Counsel
8
    Alan.Mattioni@usdoj.gov
   Torts Branch, Civil Division
9
   U.S. Department of Justice
10
   Post Office Box 14271
11
   Washington, DC 20044-4271
   Phone: (202) 616-4025
12
    Fax: (202) 616-4002
13
    Attorneys for United States of America
14
15
                       UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
                      CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
16
17
    VANESSA BRYANT, Individually,
                                           Case No.:
   and as Successor in Interest to KOBE
                                        )
18
    BRYANT, Deceased; VANESSA
                                           NOTICE OF REMOVAL
19
   BRYANT, as Successor in Interest to
    GB, a minor, deceased; NB, a minor, by)
20
   her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad
21
    Litem, VANESSA BRYANT; BB, a
22
   minor, by her Natural Mother and
   Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA
23
    BRYANT; and CB, a minor, by her
24
    Natural Mother and Guardian Ad
    Litem, VANESSA BRYANT;
25
26
                 Plaintiffs,
27
    VS.
28
```

United States' Notice of Removal

1 ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; 2 ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation; and DOE 1, as Personal representative of 4 and/or Successor in Interest to ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN, a California 6 resident, 7 Defendants. 8 9 ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, 10 INC., a California Corporation; and 11 ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation, 12 13 Cross-Complainants, VS. 14 15 KYLE LARSEN, Individually; MATTHEW CONLEY, individually; 16 and ROES 1 through 50, 17 18 Cross-Defendants. 19

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1442, 1446 and 2679(d)(2), the United States of America hereby removes this action to this Honorable Court and substitutes itself as the Third-Party Defendant in place of two individually-named Cross-Defendants who were federal employees acting within the scope of their employment at the time of their alleged negligence. Grounds for removal are as follows:

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

4

3

5

7

9

10 11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

25

2627

28

This action was originally filed in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Los Angeles, and assigned case number 20STCV07492 (LEAD Case Related to Cases: 20STCV14963, 20SCTV14973, and 20STCV17897). Defendants Island Express Helicopters Inc. and Island Express Holding Corp. (collectively referred to as IEX) subsequently initiated Cross-Complaints against two federal employees in their individual capacities. Copies of the process and pleadings served upon Matthew Conley are attached as: Exhibit Ex. A, Summons, Ex. B, IEX Cross-Complaint, Ex. C, Plaintiffs' First Amended Complaint, Ex. D, IEX Answer to First Amended Complaint and Ex. E, ADR package. Copies of the process and pleadings served upon Kyle Larsen are attached as: Ex. F, Summons, Ex. G, IEX Cross-Complaint, Ex. H, Plaintiffs' First Amended Complaint, Ex. I, IEX Answer to First Amended Complaint and Ex. J, ADR package. Service was made upon Cross-Defendant Conley on September 1, 2020 and upon Cross-Defendant Larsen on September 2, 2020. See Ex. K, Conley Proof of Service and Ex. L, Larsen Proof of Service.

These cases arise out of the crash of a Sikorsky S76 helicopter, registration number N72EX, near Calabasas, California on January 26, 2020 which killed all nine persons on board. The Cross-Complaints allege that Cross-Defendants, employees of the Federal Aviation Administration, who provided air traffic control services to the pilot of the accident helicopter, were negligent in the performance

of their duties and responsibilities, and that they are liable to Cross-Complainants for indemnity and declaratory relief. Cross-Complainants admit and, in fact, allege the Cross-Defendants "were acting in the course and scope of their employment as Air Traffic Controllers for the Southern California TRACON ("SOCAL"), a Federal Aviation Administration Terminal Radar Approach Control Facility, at all times relevant to this Cross-Complaint." Cross-Complaints, Exs. B and G, ¶ 13.

Title 28 U.S.C. § 1442(a)(1) provides:

- (a) A civil action or criminal prosecution that is commenced in a State court and that is against or directed to any of the following may be removed by them to the district court of the United States for the district and division embracing the place wherein it is pending:
- (1) The United States or any agency thereof or any officer (or person acting under that officer) of the United States or of any agency thereof, in an official or individual capacity, for or relating to any act under color of such office or on account of any right title or authority claimed under any Act of Congress for the apprehension or punishment of criminals or the collection of the revenue.

Additionally, Congress has provided federal employees with statutory immunity from these state law claims in 28 U.S.C. § 2679(b). Under that provision, the exclusive remedy for the negligent or wrongful act or omission of an employee of the United States acting in the scope of his office or employment shall be an action against the United States under the Federal Tort Claims Act,

28 U.S.C. §§ 1346(b); 2671-2680 (2012) ("FTCA"). The District Courts have exclusive jurisdiction of such civil actions. 28 U.S.C. § 1346(b)(1).

Congress also provided in 28 U.S.C. § 2679(d)(2) that upon certification by the Attorney General that an employee acted within the scope of his office or employment at the time of the incident out of which the claim arose, any civil action or proceeding commenced upon that claim in a State court shall be removed without bond at any time before trial by the Attorney General to the district court of the United States for the district and division embracing the place in which the action or proceeding is pending. The civil action or proceeding shall then be deemed to be an action or proceeding against the United States under the FTCA, and the United States shall be substituted as the party defendant, in this instance, the third-party defendant. The statute further provides that "[t]his certification of the Attorney General shall conclusively establish scope of office or employment for purposes of removal." *Id*.

The Attorney General has delegated authority to certify scope of office or employment under § 2679 to the United States Attorneys and to the Directors of the Torts Branch of the Department of Justice Civil Division. *See* 28 C.F.R.

¹ Although the California Code of Civil Procedure employs the terminology "cross-claim" for the pleading a defendant may file against a person not already a party to the action, as was filed here, it defines the person who filed the cross-complaint as a "Third-party plaintiff" and the person alleged to be liable as a "Third-party defendant." Cal. Civ. Proc. Code §§ 428.10, 428.70. Under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the United States, after substitution, also is the "third-party defendant." *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 14(a).

24

22

27 28

§ 15.4(a). Following a review of the Cross-Complaints and information currently available with respect to their allegations, and pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2679(d)(2), the Attorney General of the United States has certified that the Cross-Defendants were federal employees acting within the scope of their office or employment at the time of the incident out of which Cross-Complainants' claims arose. See Ex. M, Certification of Scope of Employment for Matthew Conley and Ex. N, Certification of Scope of Employment for Kyle Larsen. Thus, the Cross-Complaints must be deemed to be an action against the United States for the purposes of the Cross-Complainants' claims. See Osborn v. Haley, 549 U.S. 225 (2007). Accordingly, the United States is, along with this Notice of Removal, filing a Notice of Substitution substituting itself for Cross-Defendants Conley and Larsen in this action for any claim for which the FTCA provides the exclusive remedy. 28 U.S.C. § 2679(b)(1), (d)(2).

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1446(d), written notice of the Notice of Removal is being provided to Cross-Complainants, and a copy is being filed with the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Los Angeles.

All defenses and affirmative defenses are reserved until such time as a responsive pleading is due from the United States in this action.

WHEREFORE, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1442, 1446 and 2679(d)(2), this action is removed from the Superior Court of the States of California, County of

1 Los Angeles, to the United States District Court for the Central District of 2 California. 3 Dated: September 30, 2020 4 5 Respectfully submitted, 6 JEFFREY BOSSERT CLARK 7 Acting Assistant Attorney General 8 Civil Division 9 NICOLA T. HANNA 10 **United States Attorney** 11 /s/ Debra D. Fowler 12 DEBRA D. FOWLER 13 Senior Aviation Counsel Debra.Fowler@usdoj.gov 14 ALAN D. MATTIONI 15 Senior Aviation Counsel Alan.Mattioni@usdoj.gov 16 Torts Branch, Civil Division 17 U.S. Department of Justice 18 Post Office Box 14271 Washington, DC 20044-4271 19 Tel: (202) 616-4025 20 Fax: (202) 616-4002 21 Attorneys for United States 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Debra D. Fowler, hereby certify that a copy of the foregoing Notice of Removal was served upon each of the following by electronic mail in accordance with Rule 5(b)(2)(E) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure on September 30, 2020:

Brad D. Brian, Esquire
Luis Li, Esquire
MUNGER TOLLES & OLSEN LLP
350 South Grand Avenue, 50th Floor
Los Angeles, CA 90071-3426
(213) 683-9100
brad.brian@mto.com
luis.li@mto.com

Gary C. Robb, Esquire
Anita Porte Robb, Esquire
ROBB & ROBB LLC
One Kansas City Place, Suite 3900
1200 Main Street
Kansas City, MO 64105
(816) 474-8080
gcr@robbrobb.com
apr@robbrobb.com
Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Vanessa Bryant, et al.

and

Ross Cunningham, Esquire
Don Swaim, Esquire
D. Todd Parrish, Esquire
CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP
4015 Main Street, Suite 200
Dallas, Texas 75226
(214) 646-1495
rcunningham@cunninghamswaim.com

28

dswaim@cunninghamswaim.com tparrish@cunninghamswaim.com

Michael J. Terhar, Esquire CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP 2 North Lake Avenue, Suite 550 Pasadena, California 91101 (626) 765-3000 mterhar@cunninghamswaim.com

Todd Worthe, Esquire WORTH HANSON & WORTHE 1851 E. First Street, 9th Floor Santa Ana, CA 92705 (714) 285-9600

tworthe@whwlawcorp.com

Attorneys for Defendants/Third-Party Plaintiffs
Island Express Helicopters, Inc. and Island Express Holding Corp.

and

Arthur I. Willner, Esquire
LEADER BERKON COLAO & SILVERSTEIN LLP
660 South Figueroa Street, Suite 1150
Los Angeles, CA 90017
(213) 234-1750
awillner@leaderberkon.com

Raymond L. Mariani, Esquire LEADER BERKON COLAO & SILVERSTEIN LLP 630 Third Avenue, Floor 17 New York, NY 10017 (212) 486-2400

rmariani@leaderberkon.com

Attorneys for Defendant Berge Zobayan as Successor in Interest for Ara George Zobayan

/s/ Debra D. Fowler
Attorney for United States of America

)

EXHIBIT A

Electronically FILED by Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles on 08/14/2020 04:25 PM Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk of Court, by S. Romero, Deputy Clerk

SUMMONS Cross-Complaint (CITACION JUDICIAL—CONTRADEMANDA)

NOTICE TO CROSS-DEFENDANT: (AVISO AL CONTRA-DEMANDADO):

KYLE LARSEN, Individually; MATTHEW CONLEY, Individually; and ROES 1 through 50,

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY CROSS-COMPLAINANT: (LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL CONTRADEMANDANTE):

ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation,

SUM-110

FOR COURT USE ONLY
(SOLO PARA USO DE LA CORTE)

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association. NOTE: The court has a statutory lien for waived fees and costs on any settlement or arbitration award of \$10,000 or more in a civil case. The court's lien must be paid before the court will dismiss the case.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.sucorte.ca.gov), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales. AVISO: Por ley, la corte tiene derecho a reclamar las cuotas y los costos exentos por imponer un gravamen sobre cualquier recuperación de \$10,000 ó más de valor recibida mediante un acuerdo o una concesión de arbitraje en un caso de derecho civil. Tiene que pagar el gravamen de la corte antes de que la corte pueda desechar el caso.

The name and address of the court is:
(El nombre y dirección de la corte es):
Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles
6230 Sylmar Ave. Van Nuys, California 91401

SUM-110 [Rev. July 1, 2009]

SHORT NAME OF CASE (from Complaint) (Nombre de Caso)

Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. Island Express, et al.

CASE NUMBER: (Número del Caso):

20STCV07492

The name, address, and telephone number of cross-complainant's attorney, or cross-complainant without an attorney, is: (El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del contrademandante, o del contrademandante que no tiene abogado, es):

DATE:		Clerk, by	, Deputy			
(Fecha)		(Secretario)	(Adjunto)			
(For proof of service of this su	ımmons,	use Proof of Service of Summons (form POS-010).)				
(Para prueba de entrega de e	sta citati	ón use el formulario Proof of Service of Summons (for	m POS-010).)			
	NOT	ICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are served				
[SEAL]	1. [as an individual cross-defendant.				
	2. [2. as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify):				
	3. [on behalf of (specify):				
	ι .	under: CCP 416.10 (corporation)	CCP 416.60 (minor)			
		CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation)	CCP 416.70 (conservatee)			
	}	CCP 416.40 (association or partnership)	CCP 416.90 (authorized person)			
		other (specify):				
	4. 🖺	by personal delivery on <i>(date)</i> :	Page 1 of 1			
Form Adopted for Mandatory Use		SUMMONS—CROSS-COMPLAINT	Code of Civil Procedure, §§ 412 20, 428.60, 465			

PROOF OF SERVICE 1 Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. Island Express Helicopters, Inc., et al. Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles 2 Case No.: 20STCV07492 3 STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES: 4 I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. My business address is 2 North Lake Avenue, Suite 550, 5 Pasadena, California 91101. 6 On August 14, 2020, I caused to be served the within document(s) described as: 7 SUMMONS CROSS-COMPLAINT 8 on the interested parties in this action as stated below: 9 SEE ATTACHED SERVICE LIST 10 X BY E-MAIL: By transmitting a true copy of the foregoing document(s) to the e-mail addresses set forth on the attached mailing list. 11 BY MAIL: I am "readily familiar" with the firm's practice of collection and processing 12 correspondence for mailing. Under that practice, it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day, with postage thereon fully prepaid at Pasadena, California, in the 13 ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after 14 date of deposit for mailing in affidavit. 15 BY OVERNIGHT COURIER: I caused such envelope to be placed for collection and delivery on this date in accordance with standard Federal Express delivery procedures. 16 BY PERSONAL SERVICE: I caused such envelope to be delivered by hand to the offices 17 of the addressees. 18 BY FAX: I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document(s) this date via telecopier to the facsimile numbers shown on the attached mailing list. 19 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the 20 foregoing is true and correct. 21 Executed on August 14, 2020, at Pasadena, California. 22 Cynthia Vivanco /s/Cynthia Vivanco 23 (Type or print name) (Signature) 24 25 26 27 28 PROOF OF SERVICE 512,0045 Document purchased by Ehline Law Firm Personal Injury Attorneys, APLC for research and public awareness.

SERVICE LIST 1 Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. Island Express Helicopters, Inc., et al. Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles 2 Case No.: 20STCV07492 3 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Brad D. Brian, Esq. 4 VANESSA BRYANT, et al. Luis Li, Esq. 5 MUNGER, TOLLES & OLSON LLP 350 South Grand Avenue, 50th Floor 6 Los Angeles, CA 90071-3426 Tel.: (213) 683-9100 7 Fax: (213) 687-3702 Email: brad.brian@mto.com 8 Email: luis.li@mto.com Cc: Craig.Lavoie@mto.com; 9 Mari.Saigal@mto.com 10 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Gary C. Robb (PHV) VANESSA BRYANT, et al. Anita Porte Robb (PHV) 11 **ROBB & ROBB LLC** 12 One Kansas City Place Suite 3900, 1200 Main Street 13 Kansas City, Missouri 64105 Phone: 816-474-8080 14 Fax: 816-474-8081 15 Email: gcr@robbrobb.com Email: apr@robbrobb.com 16 Cc: janello@robbrobb.com; acr@robbrobb.com; bsr@robbrobb.com; 17 Attorneys for Defendants, Ross Cunningham, Esq. (PHV) 18 ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., Don Swaim, Esq. (PHV) a California Corporation; and ISLAND 19 D. Todd Parrish, Esq. CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California 20 Corporation 7557 Rambler Road, Suite 400 Dallas, Texas 75231 21 Tel: (214) 646-1495 Email: 22 rcunningham@cunninghamswaim.com Email: dswaim@cunninghamswaim.com 23 Email: tparrish@cunninghamswaim.com Cc: jjesser@cunninghamswaim.com 24 ctijerina@cunninghamswaim.com dscarborough@cunninghamswaim.com 25 26 27 28 PROOF OF SERVICE

SERVICE LIST 1 Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. Island Express Helicopters, Inc., et al. Superior Court of California, Los Angeles 2 Case No.: 20STCV07492 3 Attorneys for Defendant, 4 Arthur I. Willner, Esq. BERGE ZOBAYAN as Successor in Interest LEADER BERKON COLAO & for ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN 5 SILVERSTEIN LLP 660 South Figueroa Street, Suite 1150 6 Los Angeles, CA 90017 Telephone: (213) 234-1750 7 Fax: (213) 234-1747 8 Email: awillner@leaderberkon.com Cc: rmariani@leaderberkon.com; 9 opena@leaderberkon.com; salvarenga@leaderberkon.com 10 Attorneys for Defendant, Raymond L. Mariani, (PHV) 11 BERGE ZOBAYAN as Successor in Interest LEADER BERKON COLAO & for ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN 12 SILVERSTEIN LLP 630 Third Avenue, Floor 17 13 New York, NY 10017 Telephone: (212) 486-2400 14 Facsimile (212) 486-3099 15 Email: rmariani@leaderberkon.com 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 PROOF OF SERVICE

EXHIBIT B

Electronically FILED by Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles on 08/14/2020 04:25 PM Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk of Court, by S. Romero, Deputy Clerk

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Michael J. Terhar [State Bar No. 89491] Ross Cunningham [Pro Hac Vice] Don Swaim [Pro Hac Vice] D. Todd Parrish [State Bar No. 173392] CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP 2 North Lake Avenue, Suite 550 Pasadena, California 91101 Telephone: (626) 765-3000 Facsimile: (626) 765-3030 Email: mterhar@cunninghamswaim.com rcunningham@cunninghamswaim.com dswaim@cunninghamswaim.com tparrish@cunninghamswaim.com Attorneys for Defendants and Cross-Complaint ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and ISLAND EXPRES HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation	SS				
10						
11	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELI	ES, CIVIL UNLIMITED				
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	VANESSA BRYANT; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT; Plaintiffs, vs. ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation; and DOE 1, as Personal representative of and/or Successor in Interest to ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN, a California resident,	Case No. 20STCV07492 (LEAD Case Related to Cases: 20STCV14963, 20STCV14973, 20STCV17897) Assigned to: Judge: Hon. Virginia Keeny Dept: NW-W CROSS-COMPLAINT FOR INDEMNITY AND DECLARATORY RELIEF; DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL First Complaint Filed: April 15, 2020 Trial Date: None Set				
25 26 27 28	Defendants. ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation,					
	CROSS-COMPLAINT; DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL					

Document purchased by Ehline Law Firm Personal Injury Attorneys, APLC for research and public awareness.

Cross-Complainants, 1 vs. 2 KYLE LARSEN, Individually; MATTHEW 3 CONLEY, Individually; and ROES 1 through 50, 4 Cross-Defendants. 5 6 7 COMES NOW, Defendants and Cross-Complainants, Defendants, ISLAND 8 EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and ISLAND EXPRESS 9 HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation (herein "Cross-Complainants"), and against 10 Cross-Defendants, KYLE LARSEN; MATTHEW CONLEY; and ROES 1 through 50, 11 (collectively, "Cross-Defendants"), and alleges, on the information and belief: 12 1. Cross-Complainant Island Express Helicopters, Inc., a California Corporation 13 is a California corporation located in Long Beach, California. 14 2. Cross-Complainant Island Express Holding Corp., a California Corporation is 15 a California corporation located in Fillmore, California. 16 3. Cross-Defendant Kyle Larson ("Larson") is an individual residing in 17 California. 18 4. Cross-Defendant Matthew Conley ("Conley") is an individual residing in 19 California. 20 5. The true names and capacities, whether individual corporate, associate or 21 otherwise of cross-defendants, Roes 1 through 50 are unknown to Cross-Complainants 22 who, therefore, name said cross-defendant by such fictitious names and Cross-23 Complainants will ask leave of court to amend the cross-complaint to show the true names 24 and capacities of such fictitiously named cross-defendants when the same have been 25 ascertained. Cross-Complainants are informed and believe, and based upon such 26

information and belief allege that each cross-defendant designated as a ROE is responsible

under law in some manner for the events and happenings referred to herein.

27

- 6. At all times herein mentioned, each Cross-Defendant was acting as an agent, servant, employee, special employee, alter ego, successor in interest, partner, joint venturer, lessee and licensee of each of the other cross-defendants, within the course and scope of said relationship. In addition, each Cross-Defendant authorized, ratified and approved the acts of each of the other Cross-Defendants.
- 7. Relief is sought against each Cross-Defendant as well as his agents, assistances, successors, employees, attorneys, and all persons acting in concert or cooperation with them or at their direction or under their control.
- 8. Although Cross-Complainants do not concede the veracity of the First Amended Complaint's allegations or the Plaintiff's claims, solely for purposes of its indemnity claims set forth below, it incorporates them by this reference.
- 9. The claims asserted by Plaintiffs, and Cross-Complainants' claims, arise out of the crash of a 1991 Sikorsky S76B helicopter, N72EX ("Aircraft" or "N72EX") on January 26, 2020, at approximately 9:45 a.m. PST. At the time of the crash, the Aircraft was being piloted by Ara George Zobayan ("Zobayan" or "Pilot"). In addition to Zobayan, the Aircraft was occupied by eight passengers.
- 10. Prior to the crash, Zobayan had taken off from John Wayne Airport, Santa Ana, California, and was heading toward Camarillo Airport, in Camarillo, California. Zobayan was familiar with the route and had often flown this precise route for Kobe Bryant on previous occasions.
- 11. When Zobayan entered the Los Angeles basin, visibility decreased. He had been following Highway 101, a major landmark and typically easy for helicopter pilots to follow. Between Las Virgenes and Lost Hills road, the Aircraft was 1,500' AGL and began to climb and enter a left turn. Eight seconds later, at approximately 2,300' AGL, the Aircraft began a rapid descent while continuing with the left turn. At approximately 9:45 a.m. PST, the Aircraft impacted hilly terrain near Calabasas, California. A post-impact fire ensued and resulted in a brush fire. Zobayan and the eight passengers were fatally injured, and the Aircraft was destroyed.

6

- 12. As a result of the accident, four lawsuits have been filed against Cross-Complainants, including this one.
- 13. The accident was caused by a series of erroneous acts and/or omissions committed by Cross-Defendants Larsen and Conley, both of whom were acting in the course and scope of their employment as Air Traffic Controllers for the Southern California TRACON ("SOCAL"), a Federal Aviation Administration Terminal Radar Approach Control Facility, at all times relevant to this Cross Complaint.
- 14. After transitioning from the Burbank Air Traffic Control Tower to SOCAL, the Pilot contacted SOCAL and remained on that frequency until the time of the accident. The Pilot had contact with two SOCAL controllers prior to the accident. The first was Cross-Defendant Larson. The Pilot requested flight following, but Larsen denied the request, stating "I'm going to lose radar and comms probably pretty shortly so you can just squawk V-FR- and when you get closer go to Camarillo tower." This denial was improper because radar contact had not been lost and services were being denied based on the possibility that they might be lost at some point in the future. The fact that N72EX was able to contact SOCAL four minutes later, and its transponder was still observed by the controller, proves that the prediction of lost contact was not accurate and services could and should have been provided continuously.
- 15. Air Traffic Control Order: JO 7110.65Y (Air Traffic Control Handbook) paragraph 2-1-1 c. states: "the provision of additional services is not optional on the part of the controller but rather required when work situation permits." Radar advisories to VFR aircraft are considered an additional service. The SOCAL controller was not too busy to provide service. NTSB Interview Summaries of both controllers from SOCAL confirmed that they both described traffic as "normal," and a "2" on a scale of 1 to 5.
- 16. Three minutes after Zobayan's initial call to SOCAL, Larsen was relieved by SOCAL controller Cross-Defendant Conley. Less than two minutes after Conley assumed the position, he was called by the Pilot, who said "and SOCAL for helicopter two echo x-ray we gonna go ahead and start our climb to go above the uh layers and uh we can stay

- 17. Among other things, the accident was caused by Larsen's failure to properly terminate radar services. Because Larsen never actually terminated radar services with N72EX, the Pilot would have assumed he was still being surveilled and being provided flight following. The instruction "You can just squawk VFR" was no more than an instruction to the Pilot to change his transponder setting. It is apparent that Larsen incorrectly thought he had terminated radar service for N72EX because he failed to brief Conley, his replacement, about the existence of N72EX. Conley was totally unaware of N72EX once assuming the seat, which critically delayed N72EX's "re-identification" and provision of services to the Pilot. In his interview, Conley admitted that "[h]e remembered the Pilot [N72EX] just talking to him like he had already been in contact and was receiving services, but he had no record of him."
- 18. Air Traffic Control Order: JO 7110.65Y (Air Traffic Control Handbook), paragraph 5-1-13 Radar Service Termination states: "Inform aircraft when radar service is being terminated. Phraseology Radar service terminated." This is the only method prescribed for controllers to inform an aircraft that they are not, or will no longer be, receiving radar services. This is a mandatory requirement that was not followed. And this omission clearly led the Pilot of N72EX to believe that he was continuing to receive radar services.
- 19. The pilot/controller glossary contained in the Aeronautical Information Manual tells both pilots and controllers that the definition of Radar Service Terminated is "Used by ATC to inform a pilot that he/she will no longer be provided any of the services that could be received while in radar contact." In the absence of this phrase being used, the Pilot would have properly assumed that he was still in radar contact and receiving all of the services, like terrain callouts, provided during radar flight following.

- 20. Evidence that the Pilot thought he was receiving radar services is clear from his transmission to SCT when he stated he was going to "climb above the layers and stay with you." Such language is the opposite of a Pilot making an initial call to request services. Rather, it is consistent with continued communications with a facility from whom a pilot is receiving services.
- 21. Zobayan thought he was still receiving radar services at the time of the accident. And because the Aeronautical Information Manual defines radar monitoring as "the use of radar for the purpose of providing aircraft with information and advice relative to significant deviations from nominal flight path," the Pilot would have operated the aircraft under the assumption that ATC was monitoring his flight and would have warned him of unsafe proximity to terrain.
- 22. The accident was also caused by the failure of Larson and Conley to properly execute position relief briefing. When one controller relieves another, the use of a position relief checklist is mandated to assure that a full briefing is given to the new controller and that no pertinent items are overlooked. This requirement is listed in paragraph 2-1-24 Transfer of Position Responsibility, 7110.65Y. This requirement is further defined in the SOCAL Standard Operating Procedure Order 7110.65B paragraph 3-1-8 which states: "The relief briefing must involve the use of a tailored checklist. . . ."
- 23. During his NTSB interview, Larsen (the departing controller) admitted that he does not normally use a checklist when conducting a position relief briefing. Yet Conley (the replacement controller) claims that a relief briefing was conducted and that the briefings were recorded, and a checklist was utilized.
- 24. SOCAL Standard Operating Procedures require that the departing controller remain on position with the new controller for 2 minutes after position responsibility is transferred. This requirement is contained in 7110.65B para. 3-I-8 b. During his NTSB interview, Larsen was asked if he followed that requirement to remain on position and "plugged in" to the console so he could still monitor radio transmissions. He replied that he did. It does not appear that Larsen actually stayed "plugged in" after the relief briefing

because N72EX called SOCAL (Conley) 95 seconds after the position relief briefing and Larsen did not assist Conley in identifying the aircraft. It took Conley a full 9 seconds to respond to N72EX, a critical delay which would never have happened had Larsen followed procedure and stayed "plugged in" for a full two minutes after the relief handoff.

- 25. The accident was also caused by Conley's lack of awareness as to critical weather information needed to perform Air Traffic Controller duties. Conley stated that he "noticed it was foggy and there were low ceilings when I came into work that morning." He further recalled that "the weather around the time of the accident was IFR with low ceilings and instrument approaches were being conducted." Paragraph 2-1-2-c. in Order 7110.65Y states "Controllers are responsible to become familiar with and stay aware of current weather information needed to perform ATC duties." It is clear that Conley was also ignoring this mandatory procedure when he cleared Southwest Flight 451 for a visual approach. Fortunately, the Southwest pilot declined the instruction and notified Conley that it was IFR conditions.
- 26. Another cause of the accident was the simultaneous loss of radar contact and radio communications as a result of Conley's and Larson's negligent acts and/or omissions. Paragraph 10-2-5 of 7110.65Y states "Consider that an aircraft emergency exists and inform the RCC or ARTCC when any of the following exist ... There is an unexplained loss of radar contact and radio communication with any IFR or VFR aircraft." Larsen admitted that he would have notified the "sup" had he lost radar and radio on N72EX when he was coming over from VNY. But Conley admitted that he did not report this occurrence [the fact that he was unaware of N72EX] because he [N72EX] had not been tagged up yet, and therefore had not yet begun receiving flight following." Conley also admitted that he did not consider him radar identified because he did not advise the Pilot he was "radar contact."
- 27. The fact that Conley was unaware of N72EX and did not consider him radar contacted was solely caused by Larsen's failure to properly terminate radar service for N72EX, which was compounded by his improper and incomplete position relief briefing. These critical errors by Larsen caused Conley to inherit an aircraft that he did not know

22 23

existed, which was operating in marginal weather conditions believing that it was receiving flight following services. Once startled by N72EX's call to climb above the layers, Conley took 9 seconds to respond to N72EX, and then proceeded to make four radio contacts, including one instruction (Ident) and question (where say intentions) during the most critical 33-second segment of the accident flight.

- 28. As a result of Larson's and Conley's negligent acts and/or omissions, the Pilot assumed he was flying in RADAR contact based on ATC verbiage, or lack thereof, prior to the crash. When in RADAR contact a pilot assumes several important items: (1) traffic separation; (2) limited assistance with terrain and obstacle clearance; (3) that communication with the controlling agency is readily available; and (4) ATC is aware of his presence. At 09:45, the pilot of N72EX was abruptly and unexpectedly made aware that he was not in RADAR contact. Calculated data indicates an initial, relatively stable, climb of ± 1460FPM beginning at approximately 09:44:35 with the Aircraft in a controlled left bank that was slowly being corrected via a controlled right bank until 09:45:03. At approximately 09:45:03, the Aircraft entered an aggressive left bank that continued until the final moments of the flight.
- 29. The pilot's workload and stress level in deteriorating weather conditions were unnecessarily overloaded by Larsen's multiple errors, including the: (1) failure to properly communicate termination of radar flight following, (2) incomplete position relief briefing, and (3) lack of knowledge of current weather conditions. These errors were compounded by Conley monopolizing the Pilot's attention during the critical phase of the flight by making multiple radio calls, requiring transponder ident, and requesting the Pilot to state where he was and what his intentions were. The combination of increased stress, workload, and distraction significantly impacted the Pilot's ability to fly the aircraft. The introduction of a simple task such as tuning a radio, or a transponder, can induce an illusion that can lead to loss of control.
- 30. Had Larsen and Conley not engaged in the numerous negligent acts and/or omissions stated herein, then the Pilot would not have been forced to respond to multiple

ATC requests and commands during the most critical phase of the flight. There is no indication from calculated data or radio traffic that the accident pilot was panicking or beyond his piloting capabilities and was within a few hundred feet of clearing the clouds at the time ATC required him to "ident," which likely caused the pilot to experience a "Coriolis Effect," which is an illusion that is created when a pilot has been in a turn long enough for the fluid in the ear canal to move at the same speed as the canal. A movement of the head in a different plane, such as looking at something in a different part of the flight deck, sets the fluid moving, creating the illusion of turning or accelerating on an entirely different axis. This action causes the pilot to think the aircraft is performing a maneuver it is not. The disoriented pilot may maneuver the aircraft into a dangerous attitude in an attempt to correct the aircraft 's perceived attitude.

31. Cross-Defendants Larsen's and Conley's actions are the proximate cause of the Accident, and the damages Plaintiffs seek to recover from Cross-Complainants.

32. CAUSES OF ACTION

33. As to each cause of action below, Cross-Complainants hereby incorporate by reference the allegations contained in the paragraphs above as though they were fully set forth in that cause of action.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Total Equitable Indemnity As To All Cross-Defendants)

- 34. If Cross-Complainants are found liable upon any or all of the allegations contained in the First Amended Complaint, said liability would be based solely on the active, affirmative, and primary negligence, strict liability, and acts or omissions of the Cross-Defendants, and each of them. Any fault of Cross-Complainants, which fault it specifically denies, would be secondary and passive only.
- 35. Cross-Defendants, and each of them, are thus obligated to defend, indemnify and hold harmless Cross-Complainants against any and all liability that Cross-Complainants may incur in this action, and Cross-Complainants are entitled to reimbursement from Cross-Defendants for any and all expenditures or liabilities that Cross-

3

4

5

6

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

39.

to the alleged liabilities.

Complainants may incur in payment for any settlement or judgment, or in defense of this action, including costs of suit. **SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION** (Equitable Indemnity As To All Cross-Defendants) 36. Under principles of equity, comparative fault and contribution, Cross-Complainants are entitled to reimbursement from the Cross-Defendants for any liability that Cross-Complainants sustain in this action by way of settlement, verdict or judgment, to that extent that such liability that exceeds the percentage of fault, if any, attributable to Cross-Complainants. THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (Equitable Apportionment Of Fault As To All Cross-Defendants) 37. Cross-Complainants request this Court to determine the extent to which each Cross-Defendant or other party in this action proximately caused or contributed to the Plaintiffs' alleged losses, damages or injuries, if any, and to assess each such party with liability equal to that proportion of fault. FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Contribution As To All Cross-Defendants) 38. Cross-Complainants are in no way legally responsible for the loss, damage or injury alleged in Plaintiffs' First Amended Complaint. However, if Cross-Complainants are held liable for any such claims, Cross-Complainants request that each Cross-Defendant be held liable and be ordered to reimburse Cross-Complainants to the extent of the liability fairly attributable to that Cross-Defendant. FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Declaratory Relief As To All Cross-Defendants)

10

Cross-Defendants are obligated to defend and indemnify Cross-Complainants with respect

Cross-Complainants are entitled to a judicial declaration to the effect that

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

- 1. For a declaration that Cross-Defendants, and each of them, are liable to Cross-Complainants for any damages that Cross-Complainants may be caused to pay to Plaintiffs by reason of any judgment, settlement, or otherwise, in satisfaction of the Plaintiffs' claim arising out of the allegations contained in Plaintiffs' First Amended Complaint on file herein;
- 2. For a declaration that the Cross-Defendants are liable to defend and indemnify Cross-Complainants with respect to all claims against Cross-Complainants in this action;
- 3. For Judgment against Cross-Defendants, and each of them, in an amount equal to the amount of any judgment obtained by Plaintiffs and any other cross-complainant in this action against these Cross-Complainants, or such portion thereof for which Cross-Defendants are liable;
- 4. For costs of defense incurred by Cross-Complainants in defending the allegations of this First Amended Complaint and Cross-Complaints, including costs of suit incurred herein, court costs, reasonable attorney's fees where provided by contract or statute, and other expenses of preparation and investigation; and
 - 5. For such further and other relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

Dated: August 14, 2020 CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP

By: /s/ Michael J. Terhar
Michael J. Terhar
Ross Cunningham - Pro Hac Vice
Don Swaim - Pro Hac Vice
D. Todd Parrish
Attorneys for Defendants,
ISLAND EXPRESS
HELICOPTERS, INC.,
a California Corporation; and
ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING

CORP. a California Corporation

CROSS-COMPLAINT; DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL 1 2 Defendants and Cross-Complainants ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California 3 Corporation hereby demand a trial by jury in the above matter. 4 Dated: August 14, 2020 CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP 5 6 7 By: /s/ Michael J. Terhar Michael J. Terhar 8 Ross Cunningham - Pro Hac Vice Don Swaim - Pro Hac Vice 9 D. Todd Parrish Attorneys for Defendants, ISLAND 10 EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and ISLAND 11 EXPRESS HOLDING CORP. a California Corporation 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 CROSS-COMPLAINT; DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

PROOF OF SERVICE 1 Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. Island Express Helicopters, Inc., et al. Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles 2 Case No.: 20STCV07492 3 STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES: 4 I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. My business address is 2 North Lake Avenue, Suite 550, 5 Pasadena, California 91101. 6 On August 14, 2020, I caused to be served the within document(s) described as: 7 CROSS-COMPLAINT FOR INDEMNITY AND DECLARATORY RELIEF; DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL 8 on the interested parties in this action as stated below: 9 SEE ATTACHED SERVICE LIST 10 X BY E-MAIL: By transmitting a true copy of the foregoing document(s) to the e-mail 11 addresses set forth on the attached mailing list. 12 BY MAIL: I am "readily familiar" with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice, it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal 13 Service on that same day, with postage thereon fully prepaid at Pasadena, California, in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is 14 presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit. 15 BY OVERNIGHT COURIER: I caused such envelope to be placed for collection and 16 delivery on this date in accordance with standard Federal Express delivery procedures. 17 BY PERSONAL SERVICE: I caused such envelope to be delivered by hand to the offices of the addressees. 18 BY FAX: I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document(s) this date via telecopier to the 19 facsimile numbers shown on the attached mailing list. 20 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct. 21 Executed on August 14, 2020, at Pasadena, California. 22 23 Cynthia Vivanco /s/Cvnthia Vivanco (Type or print name) (Signature) 24 25 26 27 28 PROOF OF SERVICE 512,0045

Document purchased by Ehline Law Firm Personal Injury Attorneys, APLC for research and public awareness.

SERVICE LIST 1 Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. Island Express Helicopters, Inc., et al. Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles 2 Case No.: 20STCV07492 3 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Brad D. Brian, Esq. 4 VANESSA BRYANT, et al. Luis Li, Esq. 5 MUNGER, TOLLES & OLSON LLP 350 South Grand Avenue, 50th Floor 6 Los Angeles, CA 90071-3426 Tel.: (213) 683-9100 7 Fax: (213) 687-3702 Email: brad.brian@mto.com 8 Email: luis.li@mto.com Cc: Craig.Lavoie@mto.com; 9 Mari.Saigal@mto.com 10 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Gary C. Robb (PHV) VANESSA BRYANT, et al. 11 Anita Porte Robb (PHV) ROBB & ROBB LLC 12 One Kansas City Place Suite 3900, 1200 Main Street 13 Kansas City, Missouri 64105 Phone: 816-474-8080 14 Fax: 816-474-8081 15 Email: gcr@robbrobb.com Email: apr@robbrobb.com 16 Cc: janello@robbrobb.com; acr@robbrobb.com; bsr@robbrobb.com; 17 Attorneys for Defendants, Ross Cunningham, Esq. (PHV) 18 ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., Don Swaim, Esq. (PHV) a California Corporation; and ISLAND 19 D. Todd Parrish, Esq. EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP 20 Corporation 7557 Rambler Road, Suite 400 Dallas, Texas 75231 21 Tel: (214) 646-1495 Email: 22 rcunningham@cunninghamswaim.com Email: dswaim@cunninghamswaim.com 23 Email: tparrish@cunninghamswaim.com Cc: jjesser@cunninghamswaim.com 24 ctijerina@cunninghamswaim.com dscarborough@cunninghamswaim.com 25 26 27 28 PROOF OF SERVICE

SERVICE LIST 1 Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. Island Express Helicopters, Inc., et al. Superior Court of California, Los Angeles 2 Case No.: 20STCV07492 3 Attorneys for Defendant, 4 Arthur I. Willner, Esq. BERGE ZOBAYAN as Successor in Interest LEADER BERKON COLAO & for ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN 5 SILVERSTEIN LLP 660 South Figueroa Street, Suite 1150 6 Los Angeles, CA 90017 Telephone: (213) 234-1750 7 Fax: (213) 234-1747 8 Email: awillner@leaderberkon.com Cc: rmariani@leaderberkon.com; 9 opena@leaderberkon.com; salvarenga@leaderberkon.com 10 Attorneys for Defendant, 11 Raymond L. Mariani, (PHV) BERGE ZOBAYAN as Successor in Interest LEADER BERKON COLAO & for ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN 12 SILVERSTEIN LLP 630 Third Avenue, Floor 17 13 New York, NY 10017 Telephone: (212) 486-2400 14 Facsimile (212) 486-3099 15 Email: rmariani@leaderberkon.com 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 PROOF OF SERVICE

EXHIBIT C

Electronically FILED by Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles on 04/15/2020 05:13 PM Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk of Court, by L. Marquez, Deputy Clerk

BRAD D. BRIAN (State Bar No. 79001) brad.brian@mto.com LUIS LI (State Bar No. 156081) luis.li@mto.com MUNGER, TOLLES & OLSON LLP 350 South Grand Avenue, Fiftieth Floor Los Angeles, California 90071-3426 Telephone: (213) 683-9100 Facsimile: (213) 687-3702 5 GARY C. ROBB* gcr@robbrobb.com **ANITA PORTE ROBB*** apr@robbrobb.com ANDREW C. ROBB* 8 acr@robbrobb.com **BRITTANY SANDERS ROBB*** bsr@robbrobb.com ROBB & ROBB LLC One Kansas City Place Suite 3900, 1200 Main Street 11 Kansas City, Missouri 64105 Telephone: (816) 474-8080 12 Facsimile: (816) 474-8081 *Forthcoming Pro Hac Vice 13 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 14 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 15 COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES 16 VANESSA BRYANT, individually and as Case No. Successor in Interest to KOBE BRYANT, 17 Deceased; VANESSA BRYANT as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; 18 FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and **FOR DAMAGES** 19 Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT; (WRONGFUL DEATH/SURVIVAL BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and ACTION/NEGLIGENCE/HELICOPTER Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT; 20 CRASH) and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT, 21 **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** Plaintiffs, 22 vs. 23 ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation; and BERGE ZOBAYAN as Personal Representative of and/or Successor in Interest 26 to ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN, a California Resident. 27 Defendants.

INTRODUCTION PERTAINING TO ALL COUNTS INDEX

PAGE 3 PRELIMINARY STATEMENT 6 5 PLAINTIFFS 6 PLAINTIFFS' DECEASED _____ 7 DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC. 8 DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP. 9 **DEFENDANT** BERGE ZOBAYAN AS **PERSONAL** 10 REPRESENTATIVE OF AND/OR SUCCESSOR IN INTEREST TO ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN 9 11 IDENTIFICATION OF AIRCRAFT 12 13 JURISDICTION 14 VENUE_____ 15 DATES AND ACTS OF CONDUCT COMPLAINED OF 16 **INDEX TO COUNTS** 17 **PAGE** 18 **COUNT I** NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND 19 EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' VICARIOUS LIABILITY 20 FOR ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN'S FAILURE TO USE ORDINARY CARE IN PILOTING THE SUBJECT 21 AIRCRAFT - - (KOBE BRYANT) 12 22 **COUNT II** NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND 23 EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO USE 24 ORDINARY CARE IN PROVIDING PROPER AND SAFE AIRCRAFT SERVICES - - (KOBE BRYANT) 15 25 26 27 28

i		
1	COUNT III	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
2		SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' CAUSING OR
3		AUTHORIZING THE OPERATION OF AIRCRAFT IN
4		A NEGLIGENT, CARELESS OR RECKLESS MANNER (KOBE BRYANT)
5	COUNT IV	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
6		SURVIVAL ACTION] FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS TO SUPERVISE
7		AND TRAIN ITS EMPLOYEES AND/OR AGENTS INCLUDING ITS PILOTS (KOBE BRYANT)
8	COUNT V	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
9	COUNTY	SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND
10		EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT PROPER AND REASONABLE FLIGHT
11		SAFETY RULES AND POLICIES (KOBE BRYANT)
12		
13	COUNT VI	COMMON CARRIER LIABILITY [WRONGFUL
		DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS TO
14		PROVIDE HIGHEST DEGREE OF CARE IN SUPPLYING SAFE AND AIRWORTHY HELICOPTER
15		(KOBE BRYANT)
16	COUNT VII	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
17	,	SURVIVAL ACTION]] DEFENDANT ISLAND
18		EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO EQUIP HELICOPTER WITH SAFETY EQUIPMENT
19		(KOBE BRYANT)
20	COUNT VIII	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
21		SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDINGS' FAILURE TO USE ORDINARY
22		CARE IN PROVIDING PROPER AND SAFE
23		AIRCRAFT SERVICES (KOBE BRYANT)
l	COUNT IX	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
24		SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING'S CAUSING OR AUTHORIZING
25		THE OPERATION OF AIRCRAFT IN A NEGLIGENT, CARELESS OR RECKLESS MANNER (KOBE
26		BRYANT)
27		
28		

1	COUNT X	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
2		SURVIVAL ACTION] FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING TO SUPERVISE AND
3		TRAIN ITS EMPLOYEES AND/OR AGENTS INCLUDING ITS PILOTS (KOBE BRYANT)
4	COUNT XI	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
5		SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING'S FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT
6		PROPER AND REASONABLE FLIGHT SAFETY
7		RULES AND POLICIES (KOBE BRYANT) 35
8	COUNT XII	COMMON CARRIER LIABILITY [WRONGFUL
9		DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING TO
10		PROVIDE HIGHEST DEGREE OF CARE IN SUPPLYING SAFE AND AIRWORTHY HELICOPTER
11		(KOBE BRYANT) 38
12	COUNT XIII	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
13		SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDINGS' FAILURE TO EQUIP
14		HELICOPTER WITH SAFETY EQUIPMENT
15		(KOBE BRYANT) 40
16	COUNT XIV	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ESTATE OF
17		ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN'S FAILURE TO USE
		ORDINARY CARE IN PILOTING THE SUBJECT AIRCRAFT (KOBE BRYANT) 42
18	COUNT XV	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
19	COUNTRY	SURVIVAL ACTION DEFENDANT ISLAND
20		EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' VICARIOUS LIABILITY FOR ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN'S FAILURE TO USE
21		ORDINARY CARE IN PILOTING THE SUBJECT AIRCRAFT (GB, MINOR) 45
22		
23	COUNT XVI	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND
24		EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO USE
25		ORDINARY CARE IN PROVIDING PROPER AND SAFE AIRCRAFT SERVICES (GB, MINOR) 48
26		
27		
28		

	li	
1	COUNT XVII	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
2		SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' CAUSING OR
3		AUTHORIZING THE OPERATION OF AIRCRAFT IN A NEGLIGENT, CARELESS OR RECKLESS MANNER
4		(GB, MINOR)
5	COUNT XVIII	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
6		SURVIVAL ACTION] FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS TO SUPERVISE
7		AND TRAIN ITS EMPLOYEES AND/OR AGENTS INCLUDING ITS PILOTS (GB, MINOR)
8		
9	COUNT XIX	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND
10		EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT PROPER AND REASONABLE FLIGHT
11		SAFETY RULES AND POLICIES (GB, MINOR)
12	COUNT XX	COMMON CARRIER LIABILITY [WRONGFUL
13		DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS TO
14		PROVIDE HIGHEST DEGREE OF CARE IN
15		SUPPLYING SAFE AND AIRWORTHY HELICOPTER (GB, MINOR)
16	COUNT XXI	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
17		SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO EQUIP
18		HELICOPTER WITH SAFETY EQUIPMENT (GB, MINOR)
19	COUNT VVII	
20	COUNT XXII	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND
21		EXPRESS HOLDINGS' FAILURE TO USE ORDINARY CARE IN PROVIDING PROPER AND SAFE
22		AIRCRAFT SERVICES (GB, MINOR)
23	COUNT XXIII	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
24		SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDINGS' CAUSING OR AUTHORIZING
25		THE OPERATION OF AIRCRAFT IN A NEGLIGENT, CARELESS OR RECKLESS MANNER (GB, MINOR)
26		(05), (11)
27		
28		
20		

1	COUNT XXIV	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] FAILURE OF DEFENDANT	
3		ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDINGS TO SUPERVISE AND TRAIN ITS EMPLOYEES AND/OR AGENTS INCLUDING ITS PILOTS (GB, MINOR)	65
4	COUNT XXV	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND	
5		SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDINGS' FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT	
6		PROPER AND REASONABLE FLIGHT SAFETY	67
7		RULES AND POLICIES (GB, MINOR)	67
8	COUNT XXVI	DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] FAILURE OF	
9		DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDINGS TO PROVIDE HIGHEST DEGREE OF CARE IN	
10		SUPPLYING SAFE AND AIRWORTHY HELICOPTER (GB, MINOR)	69
11	COUNT XXVII	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND	
13		SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDINGS' FAILURE TO EQUIP	
14		HELICOPTER WITH SAFETY EQUIPMENT (GB,	
15		MINOR)	71
16	COUNT XXVIII	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ZOBAYAN'S	
17		FAILURE TO USE ORDINARY CARE IN PILOTING THE SUBJECT AIRCRAFT (GB, MINOR)	73
18		PRELIMINARY STATEMENT	
19	1. This is	a negligence action seeking compensatory and punitive damages	stemming
20	from a helicopter crash in Calabasas, California on or about January 26, 2020, which resulted in		
21	the deaths of Kobe Bryant and GB, minor.		
22		<u>PLAINTIFFS</u>	
23	2. Plainti	ff Vanessa Bryant brings this action individually and in her capac	ity as
24	Widow of and Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant and as Natural Mother of, Next of Kin of, and		
25	Successor in Interest to GB, a minor.		
26 27	3. Plaintiff NB, a minor, brings this action by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad		
28	Litem, Vanessa Bryant. Application to appoint Vanessa Bryant as Guardian Ad Litem for NB,		
	minor, is forthcoming		
		-6-	

- 14. At all times material hereto, Defendant Island Express Helicopters operated and maintained the subject Sikorsky S-76B helicopter by and through its various employees and agents.
- 15. At all times material hereto, Defendant Island Express Helicopters was acting by and through its agents, servants and/or employees, each of whom was acting within the course and scope of his, her, or its employment or agency with Defendant Island Express Helicopters, including the pilot-in-command of the helicopter, Ara George Zobayan.

DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP.

- 16. Defendant Island Express Holding Corp. (hereinafter referred to as "Defendant Island Express Holding") is a California corporation located at 67 D Street, Fillmore, California. Defendant Island Express Holding may be served through its Registered Agent, Phillip G. DiFiore at 67 D Street, Fillmore, California 93105.
- 17. At all times pertinent hereto, Defendant Island Express Holding conducted regular business activities in Long Beach, Los Angeles County, California.
- 18. At all times pertinent hereto, Defendant Island Express Holding was and currently is the Registered Owner of the subject Sirkosky S-76B helicopter.
- 19. On information and belief, at all times pertinent hereto, Defendant Island Express Holding was and currently is engaged in the business of providing helicopter transportation to paying customers.
- 20. On information and belief, at all times material hereto, Defendant Island Express Holding owned, operated and maintained the subject Sikorsky S-76B helicopter by and through its various employees and agents.
- 21. At all times material hereto, Defendant Island Express Holding was acting by and through its agents, servants and/or employees, each of whom was acting within the course and scope of his, her, or its employment or agency with Defendant Island Express Holding, including Defendant Island Express Helicopters.

26

27

28

<u>DEFENDANT BERGE ZOBAYAN AS PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE OF AND/OR SUCCESSOR IN INTEREST TO ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN</u>

- 22. Ara George Zobayan (hereinafter referred to as "Defendant Zobayan") was the pilot-in-command of the Sikorsky S-76B helicopter, registration no. N72EX, and was at all times the pilot-in command of that aircraft prior to and during the crash flight.
- 23. Defendant Zobayan was killed in the helicopter crash that is the subject of this action. Prior to his death, Defendant Zobayan resided at 16972 Pacific Coast Highway, Unit 104 in Huntington Beach, California.
- 24. At the time of the crash, Defendant Zobayan was employed by Defendant Island Express Helicopters and was acting within the course and scope of his employment with Defendant Island Express Helicopters as the pilot-in-command of the subject aircraft.
- 25. Berge Zobayan is the Personal Representative of and/or Successor in Interest to Ara George Zobayan.

IDENTIFICATION OF AIRCRAFT

- 26. The aircrash that is the basis of this action involves a 1991 Sikorsky S-76B helicopter, serial number 760379, registration (tail) number N72EX.
- 27. At all times pertinent hereto, the subject helicopter was owned by Defendant Island Express Holding, operated by Defendant Island Express Helicopters, and piloted by Defendant Zobayan.

JURISDICTION

- 28. Both Plaintiffs and Defendants are residents of California
- 29. The subject helicopter crashed on January 26, 2020, in Calabasas, California.

VENUE

30. Venue in the Superior Court of Los Angeles County is proper in that the cause of action giving rise to this lawsuit occurred in Los Angeles County, California.

DATES AND ACTS OF CONDUCT COMPLAINED OF

31. On or about January 26, 2020, Kobe Bryant, age 41, and his daughter GB, age 13, were passengers aboard the 1991 Sikorski S-76B helicopter, registration (tail) number N72EX

4

56

8

7

10 11

12

13 14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

23

24

2526

2728

which was being flown from the John Wayne-Orange County Airport in Santa Ana, California to the Camarillo Airport in Camarillo, California.

- 32. The subject helicopter departed John Wayne-Orange County Airport at approximately 9:06 a.m.
- 33. On the morning of January 26, 2020, heavy fog and low clouds were reported in the Los Angeles area and, on information and belief, law enforcement agencies and tour companies had grounded their helicopters.
- 34. According to the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB), the flight sequence of events after departure were as follows:

ATC communications and radar data indicate the flight departed KSNA about 0906 PST. N72EX proceeded to the north-northwest at an altitude of about 700 to 800 feet mean sea level (msl) under visual flight rules (VFR). At 0920, as the aircraft neared the Burbank class C airspace, the pilot requested to transition the area along Highway 101. The current Burbank weather observation reported instrument flight rules (IFR) conditions. In response to the pilot's request, the air traffic controller advised that cloud tops were reported at 2,400 feet msl and queried the pilot's intentions; the pilot then requested a special VFR clearance (an ATC authorization to proceed in controlled airspace at less than VFR weather minima). The air traffic controller advised that the pilot would need to hold for a short time due to IFR traffic, which the pilot acknowledged. At 0932, ATC cleared the pilot of N72EX to transition the class C surface area following the I-5 freeway, maintaining special VFR conditions at or below 2,500 feet. The pilot acknowledged with a correct readback and climbed to approximately 1,400 feet msl (600 feet agl). In response to query, the pilot replied to the Burbank ATC that he would follow Highway 118 and "loop around VNY [Van Nuys Airport]" to follow Highway 101. ATC acknowledged and coordinated.

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22 23

24

25 26

27 28 At 0939, as N72EX was passing west of Van Nuys at 1,500 feet msl, the VNY controller asked the pilot if he was in VFR conditions. The pilot replied "VFR conditions, one thousand five hundred," and the VNY controller advised him to contact Southern California Terminal Radar Approach Control (SCT) for radar advisory services.

The pilot reported to SCT that the flight was going to Camarillo at 1,500 feet. The SCT controller advised that he would not be able to maintain radar contact at that altitude and terminated services. The SCT controller was subsequently relieved by a different controller. At 0945, the pilot of N72EX again contacted SCT and advised he was climbing above cloud layers and requested advisory services. The second controller was not aware of the aircraft, as services had previously been terminated, so asked the pilot to identify the flight. The SCT controller then asked the pilot his intentions, to which he replied he was climbing to 4,000 feet. There were no further transmissions.

Radar/ADS-B data indicate the aircraft was climbing along a course aligned with Highway 101 just east of the Las Virgenes exit. Between Las Virgenes and Lost Hills Road, the aircraft reached 2,300 feet msl (approximately 1,500 feet above the highway, which lies below the surrounding terrain) and began a left turn. Eight seconds later, the aircraft began descending and the left turn continued. The descent rate increased to over 4,000 feet per minute (fpm), ground speed reached 160 knots. The last ADS-B target was received at 1,200 feet msl approximately 400 feet southwest of the accident site.

35. On information and belief, Island Express Helicopters' Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) operating certificate limited its pilots to flying only under visual flight rules (VFR). The subject helicopter was not licensed or certified to be flown into instrument conditions.

- 36. On information and belief, the pilot-in command, Ara George Zobayan was required to fly only in conditions that he could navigate visually.
- 37. Ara George Zobayan attempted to maneuver the helicopter up and forward to clear the clouds, then entered a turn sending the helicopter into the steep terrain at approximately 180 mph.
- 38. Witnesses on the ground reported seeing the helicopter flying through a layer of clouds and fog before the helicopter crashed.
 - 39. Plaintiffs' deceased, Kobe Bryant and GB, a minor, were killed in the crash.
- 40. On information and belief, prior to this crash, in May 2015, the pilot-in command Ara George Zobayan admitted to and was cited by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) for violating the visual flight rules (VFR) minimums by flying into an airspace of reduced visibility from weather conditions.

COUNT I

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' VICARIOUS LIABILITY FOR ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN'S FAILURE TO USE ORDINARY CARE IN PILOTING THE SUBJECT AIRCRAFT - - KOBE BRYANT)

- 41. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 40 inclusive of this Complaint.
- 42. Defendant Island Express Helicopters, by and through its agents and employees, including Ara George Zobayan, had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent company would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 43. Pilot Ara George Zobayan had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent pilot would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 44. Defendant Island Express Helicopters is vicariously liable for any and all actions of Ara George Zobayan, including his negligent and careless piloting and operation of the subject helicopter, by reason of its principal and agent relationship with Ara George Zobayan.
- 45. On information and belief, Ara George Zobayan was negligent in the following respects:

1		a.	Defendant Zobayan failed to properly monitor and assess the weather prior		
2	to takeoff;				
3		b.	Defendant Zobayan failed to obtain proper weather data prior to the subject		
4	flight;				
5		c.	Defendant Zobayan failed to abort the flight when he knew of the cloudy		
6	conditions;				
7		d.	Defendant Zobayan improperly flew the helicopter into instrument flight		
8	rules (IFR) conditions;				
9		e.	Defendant Zobayan failed to maintain proper control of the helicopter in-		
10	flight;				
11		f.	Defendant Zobayan failed to properly avoid natural obstacles in the flight		
12	path;				
13		g.	Defendant Zobayan failed to keep a safe distance between the helicopter		
14	and natural obstacles; and				
15		h.	Defendant Zobayan failed to properly and safely operate the helicopter		
16	resulting in a	erash.			
17	46.	Defend	dant Island Express Helicopters knew or should have known that its		
18	employee, Ara George Zobayan, had previously been cited by the Federal Aviation Administration				
19	(FAA) for violating the visual flight rules (VFR) minimums by flying into an airspace of reduced				
20	visibility from weather conditions.				
21	47.	Defend	lant Island Express Helicopters' breach of its duty and negligence caused the		
22	injuries and da	ımages	complained of herein and Plaintiffs' deceased, Kobe Bryant, was killed as a		
23	direct result of the negligent conduct of Zobayan for which Defendant Island Express Helicopters				
24	is vicariously liable in all respects.				
25	48.	By virt	ue of Kobe Bryant's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such		
26	damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the				
27	pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the				
28	reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction,				

 guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.

- 49. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.
- 50. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

(A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations

4

10

11 12

13

14 15

16

17 18

19 20

21 22

24

23

25 26

28

- d. Defendant Island Express Helicopters authorized, directed and/or permitted a flight with full knowledge that the subject helicopter was flying into unsafe weather conditions.
- 54. Defendant Island Express Helicopters' breach of duty and negligence caused the injuries and damages complained of herein.
- 55. By virtue of Kobe Bryant's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 56. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and deprayed conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.
- 57. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent Kobe Bryant;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT III

(NEGLIGENCE | WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION | - - DEFENDANT | ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' CAUSING OR AUTHORIZING THE OPERATION OF AIRCRAFT IN A NEGLIGENT, CARELESS OR RECKLESS MANNER | - - KOBE BRYANT)

- 58. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 57 inclusive of this Complaint
- 59. Defendant Island Express Helicopters, by and through its agents and employees, including Ara George Zobayan had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent company would use under the same or similar circumstances.

- 60. The subject helicopter was at all times operated with Defendant Island Express Helicopters' express or implied knowledge and consent.
- 61. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters operated the aircraft in a negligent, careless or reckless manner, to wit, in that:
- a. Defendant Island Express Helicopters knew or should have known that they were prohibited from operating the subject helicopter under Instrument Flight Rules (IFR);
- b. Defendant Island Express Helicopters failed to have in place an adequate safety policy for cancellation of flights into unsafe weather conditions;
- c. Defendant Island Express Helicopters promoted and engaged in unnecessary and needlessly risky means of transport under the circumstances then and there presenting; and
- d. Defendant Island Express Helicopters authorized, directed and/or permitted a flight with full knowledge that the subject helicopter was flying into unsafe weather conditions.
- 62. By operation of California law, Defendant Island Express Helicopters is responsible for damages caused by the negligence, carelessness, or recklessness of the aircraft pilot in that on the occasion in question the subject helicopter was being operated and used with its knowledge and consent.
- 63. Plaintiffs' decedent, Kobe Bryant was killed as a direct and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Helicopters causing or authorizing the operation of the helicopter in a negligent, careless or reckless manner as further set out above.
- 64. By virtue of Kobe Bryant's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.

- 65. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.
- 66. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

(A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;

supervision to ensure the negligent action did not re-occur.

27

- 72. By virtue of Kobe Bryant's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 73. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.
- 74. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a

minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent Kobe Bryant;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT V

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT PROPER AND REASONABLE FLIGHT SAFETY RULES AND POLICIES - - KOBE BRYANT)

- 75. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 74 inclusive of this Complaint
- 76. Defendant Island Express Helicopters held itself out as an entity which could carefully and competently provide and maintain safe helicopter transport services which were utilized in the course of its operations.
- 77. That Defendant Island Express Helicopters had a duty to use that degree of care that ordinarily careful and prudent operators of a helicopter transport business would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 78. On information and belief Defendant Island Express Helicopters failed adequately to implement proper and reasonable flight safety rules and policies in that it directed and allowed

4

10 11

12 13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20 21

22

23

24

25

26 27 28

its pilots to fly in unsafe weather conditions and in areas where the pilot would encounter instrument meteorological conditions.

- 79. Defendant Island Express Helicopters' failure adequately to implement proper and reasonable procedures caused the helicopter to enter instrument conditions, therefore causing the helicopter to crash and burn, resulting in the death of Kobe Bryant.
- 80. That as a direct result of the aforesaid negligence and carelessness on the part of Defendant Island Express Helicopters, Kobe Bryant was killed.
- 81. By virtue of Kobe Bryant's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between 82. the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.
- 83. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness

of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent Kobe Bryant;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT VI

(COMMON CARRIER LIABILITY | WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION -- FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS TO PROVIDE HIGHEST DEGREE OF CARE IN SUPPLYING SAFE AND AIRWORTHY HELICOPTER -- KOBE BRYANT)

84. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 83 inclusive of this Complaint.

- 85. Plaintiffs deceased, Kobe Bryant, was a passenger for hire of a helicopter transportation service controlled, operated, dispatched, and supervised by Defendant Island Express Helicopters.
- 86. Defendant Island Express Helicopters held itself out as an entity which could safely and competently transport persons purchasing helicopter transportation services.
- 87. At all times material hereto, Defendant Island Express Helicopters was and is an on-demand passenger transportation service carrying passengers who have purchased helicopter transportation services and doing so for hire and for profit as a common carrier.
- 88. Defendant Island Express Helicopters had a duty to Plaintiffs' deceased to exercise the highest degree of care and diligence in the operation, management, and service of its helicopter transportation services to be provided to persons within the general public such as Kobe Bryant and, specifically, the highest degree of care and diligence to provide a safe and airworthy aircraft.
- 89. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters failed to provide a reasonably safe aircraft for the use and transport of Plaintiffs' deceased thereby breaching its duty to exercise the highest degree of care.
- 90. Plaintiffs' deceased was killed as a direct result and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' failure to exercise the highest degree of care in providing a safe helicopter for their use and transport.
- 91. Plaintiffs' decedent, Kobe Bryant was killed as a direct and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Helicopters causing or authorizing the operation of the helicopter in a negligent, careless or reckless manner as further set out above.
- 92. By virtue of Kobe Bryant's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.

- 93. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.
- 94. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

(A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;

- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent Kobe Bryant;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT VII

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] -- DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO EQUIP HELICOPTER WITH SAFETY EQUIPMENT - - KOBE BRYANT)

- 95. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 94 inclusive of this Complaint.
- 96. Defendant Island Express Helicopters held itself out as an entity which could carefully and competently provide safety equipment on its helicopters which were utilized in the course of its operations.
- 97. Defendant Island Express Helicopters had a duty to use that degree of care that ordinarily careful and prudent operators of a helicopter transport business would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 98. Defendant Island Express Helicopters had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent company would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 99. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters was negligent in its duties as it failed to purchase and equip its helicopters with a Terrain Avoidance and Warning System (TAWS) which provides a detailed image of surrounding terrain and triggers an auditory and visual warning.
- 100. That as a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid negligence and carelessness on the part of Defendant Island Express Helicopters Kobe Bryant was killed.

- damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.
- 103. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a

26

27

28

minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent Kobe Bryant;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT VIII

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING'S FAILURE TO USE ORDINARY CARE IN PROVIDING PROPER AND SAFE AIRCRAFT SERVICES - - KOBE BRYANT)

- 104. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 103 inclusive of this Complaint
- 105. Defendant Island Express Holding had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent company would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 106. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Holdings was negligent in its duties as follows:
- a. Defendant Island Express Holding knew or should have known that the helicopter was prohibited from being operated under Instrument Flight Rules (IFR);
- b. Defendant Island Express Holding failed to ensure that there was in place an adequate safety policy for cancellation of flights into unsafe weather conditions;

- c. Defendant Island Express Holding promoted and engaged in unnecessary and needlessly risky means of transport under the circumstances then and there presenting; and
- d. Defendant Island Express Holding authorized, directed and/or permitted a flight with full knowledge that the subject helicopter was flying into unsafe weather conditions.
- 107. Defendant Island Express Holding's breach of duty and negligence caused the injuries and damages complained of herein.
- damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.
- 110. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa

27

28

Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Holding as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent Kobe Bryant;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT IX

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING'S CAUSING OR AUTHORIZING THE OPERATION OF AIRCRAFT IN A NEGLIGENT, CARELESS OR RECKLESS MANNER - - KOBE BRYANT)

- 111. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 110 inclusive of this Complaint
- 112. Defendant Island Express Holding, by and through its agents and employees had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent company would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 113. The subject helicopter was at all times operated with Defendant Island Express Holding's express or implied knowledge and consent.
- 114. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Holding allowed the aircraft to be operated in a negligent, careless or reckless manner, to wit, in that:

- a. Defendant Island Express Holding knew or should have known that the helicopter was prohibited from being operated under Instrument Flight Rules (IFR);
- b. Defendant Island Express Holding failed to ensure that there was in place an adequate safety policy for cancellation of flights into unsafe weather conditions;
- c. Defendant Island Express Holding promoted and engaged in unnecessary and needlessly risky means of transport under the circumstances then and there presenting; and
- d. Defendant Island Express Holding authorized, directed and/or permitted a flight with full knowledge that the subject helicopter was flying into unsafe weather conditions.
- 115. By operation of California law, Defendant Island Express Holding is responsible for damages caused by the negligence, carelessness, or recklessness of the aircraft pilot in that on the occasion in question the subject helicopter was being operated and used with its knowledge and consent.
- 116. Plaintiffs' decedent, Kobe Bryant was killed as a direct and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Helicopters causing or authorizing the operation of the helicopter in a negligent, careless or reckless manner as further set out above.
- damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 118. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and deprayed conduct of

defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.

119. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Holding as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent Kobe Bryant;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT X

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING TO SUPERVISE AND TRAIN ITS EMPLOYEES AND/OR AGENTS INCLUDING ITS PILOTS - - KOBE BRYANT)

- 120. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 119 inclusive of this Complaint
- 121. Defendant Island Express Holding owed Plaintiffs a duty to exercise reasonable care in the supervision and training of its pilots and its employees and/or agents.
- 122. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Holding breached its aforementioned duty to Plaintiffs by failing to exercise reasonable care in the supervision and training of its pilots and employees and/or agents, including the subject pilot, specifically, but not limited to, failing to ensure that pilots were properly trained and supervised on flights in unsafe weather conditions.
- damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 124. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete

26

27

28

indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.

125. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Holding as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent Kobe Bryant;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XI

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING'S FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT PROPER AND REASONABLE FLIGHT SAFETY RULES AND POLICIES - - KOBE BRYANT)

126. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 125 inclusive of this Complaint

- 127. Defendant Island Express Holding held itself out as an entity which could carefully and competently provide and maintain safe helicopter transport services which were utilized in the course of its operations.
- 128. Defendant Island Express Holding had a duty to use that degree of care that ordinarily careful and prudent operators of a helicopter transport business would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 129. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Holding failed adequately to ensure that proper and reasonable flight safety rules and policies were implemented in that it directed and allowed its pilots to fly in unsafe weather conditions and in areas where the pilot would encounter instrument meteorological conditions.
- 130. Defendant Island Express Holding's failure adequately to implement proper and reasonable procedures caused the helicopter to enter instrument conditions, therefore causing the helicopter to crash and burn, resulting in the death of Kobe Bryant.
- 131. That as a direct result of the aforesaid negligence and carelessness on the part of Defendant Island Express Holding, Kobe Bryant was killed.
- damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 133. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and deprayed conduct of

defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.

134. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Holding as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent Kobe Bryant;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XII

(COMMON CARRIER LIABILITY [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING TO PROVIDE HIGHEST DEGREE OF CARE IN SUPPLYING SAFE AND AIRWORTHY HELICOPTER - KOBE BRYANT)

- 135. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 134 inclusive of this Complaint.
- 136. Plaintiffs deceased, Kobe Bryant, was a passenger for hire of a helicopter transportation service controlled, operated, dispatched, and supervised by Defendant Island Express Holdings.
- 137. Defendant Island Express Holdings held itself out as an entity which could safely and competently transport persons purchasing helicopter transportation services.
- 138. At all times material hereto, Defendant Island Express Holdings was and is an ondemand passenger transportation service carrying passengers who have purchased helicopter transportation services and doing so for hire and for profit as a common carrier.
- 139. Defendant Island Express Holdings had a duty to Plaintiffs' deceased to exercise the highest degree of care and diligence in the operation, management, and service of its helicopter transportation services to be provided to persons within the general public such as Kobe Bryant and, specifically, the highest degree of care and diligence to provide a safe and airworthy aircraft.
- 140. On information and belief. Defendant Island Express Holdings failed to provide a reasonably safe aircraft for the use and transport of Plaintiffs' deceased thereby breaching its duty to exercise the highest degree of care.
- 141. Plaintiffs' deceased was killed as a direct result and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Holdings' failure to exercise the highest degree of care in providing a safe helicopter for their use and transport.
- 142. Plaintiffs' decedent, Kobe Bryant was killed as a direct and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Holdings causing or authorizing the operation of the helicopter in a negligent, careless or reckless manner as further set out above.

- 143. By virtue of Kobe Bryant's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.
- 145. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Holdings as follows:

(A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations

- damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.
- 154. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Holdings as follows:

(A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations

wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.

163. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Berge Zobayan as Personal Representative of and/or Successor in Interest to Ara George Zobayan, as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent Kobe Bryant;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XV 2 (NEGLIGENCE | WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION | - - DEFENDA ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' VICARIOUS LIABILITY FOR ARA 3 ZOBAYAN'S FAILURE TO USE ORDINARY CARE IN PILOTING THE SUBJEC AIRCRAFT - - GB, MINOR) 4 164. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, 5 paragraphs 1 through 163 inclusive of this Complaint. 165. Defendant Island Express Helicopters, by and through its agents and employees, 7 including Ara George Zobayan, had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent company would use under the same or similar circumstances. 9 166. Pilot Ara George Zobayan had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily 10 careful and prudent pilot would use under the same or similar circumstances. 11 167. Defendant Island Express Helicopters is vicariously liable for any and all actions of 12 Ara George Zobayan, including his negligent and careless piloting and operation of the subject 13 helicopter, by reason of its principal and agent relationship with Ara George Zobayan. 14 On information and belief, Ara George Zobayan was negligent in the following 15 respects: 16 Defendant Zobayan failed to properly monitor and assess the weather prior a. 17 to takeoff; 18 Defendant Zobayan failed to obtain proper weather data prior to the subject b. 19 flight; 20 Defendant Zobayan failed to abort the flight when he knew of the cloudy c. 21 conditions; 22 d. Defendant Zobayan improperly flew the helicopter into instrument flight 23 rules (IFR) conditions; 24 Defendant Zobayan failed to maintain proper control of the helicopter ine. 25 flight; 26 f. Defendant Zobayan failed to properly avoid natural obstacles in the flight 27 path; 28

8 9

11

12 13

15 16

14

17 18

19 20

21 22

23

25 26 27

- Defendant Zobayan failed to keep a safe distance between the helicopter g. and natural obstacles; and
- h. Defendant Zobayan failed to properly and safely operate the helicopter resulting in a crash.
- Defendant Island Express Helicopters' knew or should have known that its 169. employee, Ara George Zobayan had previously been cited by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) for violating the visual flight rules (VFR) minimums by flying into an airspace of reduced visibility from weather conditions.
- Defendant Island Express Helicopters' breach of its duty and negligence caused the 170. injuries and damages complained of herein and Plaintiffs' deceased, GB, a minor, was killed as a direct result of the negligent conduct of Zobayan for which Defendant Island Express Helicopters is vicariously liable in all respects.
- By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 172. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and deprayed conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete

indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.

173. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

2

45

6 7

8

10

11 12

13 14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

2223

24

25

26

27

28

COUNT XVI

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO USE ORDINARY CARE IN PROVIDING PROPER AND SAFE AIRCRAFT SERVICES - - GB, MINOR)

- 174. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 173 inclusive of this Complaint
- 175. Defendant Island Express Helicopters had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent company would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 176. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters was negligent in its duties as follows:
- a. Defendant Island Express Helicopters knew or should have known that they were prohibited from operating the subject helicopter under Instrument Flight Rules (IFR);
- b. Defendant Island Express Helicopters failed to have in place an adequate safety policy for cancellation of flights into known unsafe weather conditions;
- c. Defendant Island Express Helicopters promoted and engaged in unnecessary and needlessly risky means of transport under the circumstances then and there presenting; and
- d. Defendant Island Express Helicopters authorized, directed and/or permitted a flight with full knowledge that the subject helicopter was flying into unsafe weather conditions.
- 177. Defendant Island Express Helicopters' breach of duty and negligence caused the injuries and damages complained of herein.
- as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.

 the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.

180. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;

10 11

12

13

14 15

16

17 18

19 20

21 22

23 24

25 26

27 28 pilot in that on the occasion in question the subject helicopter was being operated and used with its knowledge and consent.

- Plaintiffs' decedent, GB, a minor, was killed as a direct and proximate result of 186. Defendant Island Express Helicopters causing or authorizing the operation of the helicopter in a negligent, careless or reckless manner as further set out above.
- 187. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.
- Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with

conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XVIII

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] -- FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS TO SUPERVISE AND TRAIN ITS EMPLOYEES AND/OR AGENTS INCLUDING ITS PILOTS -- GB, MINOR)

- 190. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 189 inclusive of this Complaint
- 191. At all times material to this action, the pilot of the subject helicopter served as an employee and/or agent of Defendant Island Express Helicopters.
- 192. Defendant Island Express Helicopters owed Plaintiffs a duty to exercise reasonable care in the supervision and training of its employees and/or agents, including its pilots.
- 193. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters breached its aforementioned duty to Plaintiffs by failing to exercise reasonable care in the supervision and

training of its employees and/or agents, including the subject pilot, specifically, but not limited to, failing adequately to properly train and supervise pilots on flights in unsafe weather conditions.

- 194. Defendant Island Express Helicopters knew or should have known that its employee, Ara George Zobayan had previously been cited by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) for violating the visual flight rules (VFR) minimums by flying into an airspace of reduced visibility from weather conditions and this defendant failed to provide adequate training and/or supervision to ensure the negligent action did not re-occur.
- as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.
- 197. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness

of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XIX

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT PROPER AND REASONABLE FLIGHT SAFETY RULES AND POLICIES - - GB, MINOR)

- 198. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 197 inclusive of this Complaint
- 199. Defendant Island Express Helicopters held itself out as an entity which could carefully and competently provide and maintain safe helicopter transport services which were utilized in the course of its operations.

- 200. That Defendant Island Express Helicopters had a duty to use that degree of care that ordinarily careful and prudent operators of a helicopter transport business would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 201. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters failed adequately to implement proper and reasonable flight safety rules and policies in that it directed and allowed its pilots to fly in unsafe weather conditions and in areas where the pilot would encounter instrument meteorological conditions.
- 202. Defendant Island Express Helicopters' failure adequately to implement proper and reasonable procedures caused the helicopter to enter instrument conditions, therefore causing the helicopter to crash and burn, resulting in the death of GB, a minor.
- 203. That as a direct result of the aforesaid negligence and carelessness on the part of Defendant Island Express Helicopters, GB, a minor, was killed.
- 204. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 205. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete

indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.

206. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XX

(COMMON CARRIER LIABILITY [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] -- FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS TO PROVIDE HIGHEST DEGREE OF CARE IN SUPPLYING SAFE AND AIRWORTHY HELICOPTER -- GB, MINOR)

- 207. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 206 inclusive of this Complaint.
- 208. Plaintiffs deceased, GB, a minor, was a passenger for hire of a helicopter transportation service controlled, operated, dispatched, and supervised by Defendant Island Express Helicopters.
- 209. Defendant Island Express Helicopters held itself out as an entity which could safely and competently transport persons purchasing helicopter transportation services.
- 210. At all times material hereto, Defendant Island Express Helicopters was and is an on-demand passenger transportation service carrying passengers who have purchased helicopter transportation services and doing so for hire and for profit as a common carrier.
- 211. Defendant Island Express Helicopters had a duty to Plaintiffs' deceased to exercise the highest degree of care and diligence in the operation, management, and service of its helicopter transportation services to be provided to persons within the general public such as GB, a minor, and, specifically, the highest degree of care and diligence to provide a safe and airworthy aircraft.
- 212. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters failed to provide a reasonably safe aircraft for the use and transport of Plaintiffs' deceased thereby breaching its duty to exercise the highest degree of care.
- 213. Plaintiffs' deceased was killed as a direct result and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' failure to exercise the highest degree of care in providing a safe helicopter for their use and transport.
- 214. Plaintiffs' decedent, GB, a minor, was killed as a direct and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Helicopters causing or authorizing the operation of the helicopter in a negligent, careless or reckless manner as further set out above.

- 215. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 216. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.
- 217. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

2.7

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XXI

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO EQUIP HELICOPTER WITH SAFETY EQUIPMENT - - GB, MINOR)

- 218. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 217 inclusive of this Complaint.
- 219. Defendant Island Express Helicopters held itself out as an entity which could carefully and competently provide safety equipment on its helicopters which were utilized in the course of its operations.
- 220. Defendant Island Express Helicopters had a duty to use that degree of care that ordinarily careful and prudent operators of a helicopter transport business would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 221. Defendant Island Express Helicopters had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent company would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 222. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters was negligent in its duties as it failed to purchase and equip its helicopters with a Terrain Avoidance and Warning System (TAWS) which provides a detailed image of surrounding terrain and triggers an auditory and visual warning.

223. That as a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid negligence and carelessness on the part of Defendant Island Express Helicopters GB, a minor, was killed.

- 224. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.
- 226. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

safety policy for cancellation of flights into known unsafe weather conditions;

27

- c. Defendant Island Express Holdings promoted and engaged in unnecessary and needlessly risky means of transport under the circumstances then and there presenting; and
- d. Defendant Island Express Holdings authorized, directed and/or permitted a flight with full knowledge that the subject helicopter was flying into unsafe weather conditions.
- 230. Defendant Island Express Holdings' breach of duty and negligence caused the injuries and damages complained of herein.
- 231. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 232. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.
- 233. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

26

27

28

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Holdings as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XXIII

(NEGLIGENCE | WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION | - - DEFENDANT | ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDINGS' CAUSING OR AUTHORIZING THE OPERATION OF AIRCRAFT IN A NEGLIGENT, CARELESS OR RECKLESS MANNER - - GB, MINOR)

- 234. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 233 inclusive of this Complaint
- 235. Defendant Island Express Holdings, by and through its agents and employees had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent company would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 236. The subject helicopter was at all times operated with Defendant Island Express Holdings' express or implied knowledge and consent.
- 237. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Holdings operated the aircraft in a negligent, careless or reckless manner, to wit, in that:
- a. Defendant Island Express Holdings knew or should have known that they were prohibited from operating the subject helicopter under Instrument Flight Rules (IFR);

- b. Defendant Island Express Holdings failed to have in place an adequate safety policy for cancellation of flights into known unsafe weather conditions;
- c. Defendant Island Express Holdings promoted and engaged in unnecessary and needlessly risky means of transport under the circumstances then and there presenting; and
- d. Defendant Island Express Holdings authorized, directed and/or permitted a flight with full knowledge that the subject helicopter was flying into unsafe weather conditions.
- 238. By operation of California law, Defendant Island Express Holdings is responsible for damages caused by the negligence, carelessness, or recklessness of the aircraft pilot in that on the occasion in question the subject helicopter was being operated and used with its knowledge and consent.
- 239. Plaintiffs' decedent, GB, a minor, was killed as a direct and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Helicopters causing or authorizing the operation of the helicopter in a negligent, careless or reckless manner as further set out above.
- 240. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 241. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete

aforementioned duty to Plaintiffs by failing to exercise reasonable care in the supervision and

training of its pilots and its employees and/or agents, including the subject pilot, specifically, but not limited to, failing adequately to ensure that pilots were properly trained and supervised on flights in unsafe weather conditions.

- 246. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 247. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.
- 248. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Holdings as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XXV

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDINGS' FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT PROPER AND REASONABLE FLIGHT SAFETY RULES AND POLICIES - - GB, MINOR)

- 249. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 248 inclusive of this Complaint
- 250. Defendant Island Express Holdings held itself out as an entity which could carefully and competently provide and maintain safe helicopter transport services which were utilized in the course of its operations.
- 251. That Defendant Island Express Holdings had a duty to use that degree of care that ordinarily careful and prudent operators of a helicopter transport business would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 252. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Holdings failed adequately to implement proper and reasonable flight safety rules and policies in that it directed and allowed its pilots to fly in unsafe weather conditions and in areas where the pilot would encounter instrument meteorological conditions.

- 253. Defendant Island Express Holdings' failure adequately to implement proper and reasonable procedures caused the helicopter to enter instrument conditions, therefore causing the helicopter to crash and burn, resulting in the death of GB, a minor.
- 254. That as a direct result of the aforesaid negligence and carelessness on the part of Defendant Island Express Holdings, GB, a minor, was killed.
- 255. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 256. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.
- 257. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Holdings as follows:

27

28

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XXVI

(COMMON CARRIER LIABILITY [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] -- FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDINGS TO PROVIDE HIGHEST DEGREE OF CARE IN SUPPLYING SAFE AND AIRWORTHY HELICOPTER -- GB, MINOR)

- 258. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 257 inclusive of this Complaint.
- 259. Plaintiffs deceased, GB, a minor, was a passenger for hire of a helicopter transportation service controlled, operated, dispatched, and supervised by Defendant Island Express Holdings.
- 260. Defendant Island Express Holdings held itself out as an entity which could safely and competently transport persons purchasing helicopter transportation services.
- 261. At all times material hereto, Defendant Island Express Holdings was and is an ondemand passenger transportation service carrying passengers who have purchased helicopter transportation services and doing so for hire and for profit as a common carrier.
- 262. Defendant Island Express Holdings had a duty to Plaintiffs' deceased to exercise the highest degree of care and diligence in the operation, management, and service of its helicopter

transportation services to be provided to persons within the general public such as GB, a minor, and, specifically, the highest degree of care and diligence to provide a safe and airworthy aircraft.

- 263. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Holdings failed to provide a reasonably safe aircraft for the use and transport of Plaintiffs' deceased thereby breaching its duty to exercise the highest degree of care.
- 264. Plaintiffs' deceased was killed as a direct result and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Holdings' failure to exercise the highest degree of care in providing a safe helicopter for their use and transport.
- 265. Plaintiffs' decedent, GB, a minor, was killed as a direct and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Holdings causing or authorizing the operation of the helicopter in a negligent, careless or reckless manner as further set out above.
- 266. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 267. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.

268. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Holdings as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

<u>COUNT XXVII</u>

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDINGS' FAILURE TO EQUIP HELICOPTER WITH SAFETY EQUIPMENT - - GB, MINOR)

- 269. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 268 inclusive of this Complaint.
- 270. Defendant Island Express Holdings held itself out as an entity which could carefully and competently provide safety equipment on its helicopters which were utilized in the course of its operations.
- 271. That Defendant Island Express Holdings had a duty to use that degree of care that ordinarily careful and prudent operators of a helicopter transport business would use under the same or similar circumstances.

- 272. Defendant Island Express Holdings had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent company would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 273. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Holdings was negligent in its duties as it failed to purchase and equip its helicopter with a traffic avoidance and warning system (TAWS).
- 274. That as a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid negligence and carelessness on the part of Defendant Island Express Holdings GB, a minor, was killed.
- 275. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 276. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.
- 277. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Holdings as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XXVIII

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ZOBAYAN'S FAILURE TO USE ORDINARY CARE IN PILOTING THE SUBJECT AIRCRAFT - - GB, MINOR)

- 278. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 277 inclusive of this Complaint.
- 279. On January 26, 2020, Ara George Zobayan was a licensed pilot employed by Defendant Island Express Helicopters.
- 280. Ara George Zobayan held himself out as a person who could carefully and competently pilot or otherwise provide safe helicopter transportation services.
- 281. Ara George Zobayan had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent helicopter pilot would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 282. On information and belief, Ara George Zobayan breached that duty and was negligent by:

disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.

286. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Berge Zobayan as Personal Representative of and/or Successor in Interest to Ara George Zobayan, as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

1	DATED: April 2, 2020	MUNGER,	TOLLES & OLSON LLP	
2				
3		Ву:	/s/ Brad D. Brian	
4			BRAD D. BRIAN	
5		ROBB & RO	OBB LLC	
6		Gary C	C. Robb	
7		Anita Porte Robb Andrew C. Robb		
8			y Sanders Robb	
9		Attorneys for Plaintiffs		
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				
25				
26 27				
28				
20				
	-76-			

1	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL		
2	Plaintiffs hereby demand a jury trial on all matters triable to a jury.		
3	DATED: April 2, 2020 MUNGER, TOLLES & OLSON LLP		
4	DATED: April 2, 2020	WONGER, TOLLES &	OLSON ELI
5		_	
6			<i>Brad D. Brian</i> RAD D. BRIAN
7		ROBB & ROBB LLC	
8		Gary C. Robb	
9		Anita Porte Robb	
10		Andrew C. Robb Brittany SandersR	obb
11	Attorneys for Plaintiffs		
13			
14			
15			
16			
17			
18			
19			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
26			
27			
28			
		-77-	

EXHIBIT D

Electronically FILED by Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles on 05/11/2020 09:21 AM Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk of Court, by L. Marquez, Deputy Clerk

Michael J. Terhar, Esq. – SBN 89491 Ross Cunningham, Esq. – Pro Hac Vice Pending Don Swaim, Esq. - Pro Hac Vice Pending D. Todd Parrish, Esq. – SBN 173392 CUNNINGHAM SWAIM L.L.P. 2 North Lake Avenue, Suite 550 Pasadena, CA, 91101 Tel: 626-765-3000 Fax: 626-765-3030 mterhar@cunninghamswaim.com rcunningham@cunninghamswaim.com dswaim@cunninghamswaim.com tparrish@cunninghamswaim.com 8 ATTORNEYS FOR Defendants ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation. 11 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 12 FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES 13 14 VANESSA BRYANT, Individually, and as Case No.: 20STCV07492 15 Successor in Interest to KOBE BRYANT, Deceased; VANESSA BRYANT, as Successor Assigned for all purposes to: 16 in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; Hon. Judge Virginia Keeny NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Dept.: NW-W Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT; 18 BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT; a California Corporation; and 19 and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT; a California Corporation's 20 ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS' Plaintiffs. FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT 21 vs. FOR DAMAGES. 22 ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL 23 California Corporation; ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation; and DOE 1, as Personal representative of First Amended Complaint Filed: April 15, 2020 25 and/or Successor in Interest to ARA GEORGE Trial Date: None Set ZOBAYAN, a California resident. 26 Defendants. 27 28

- 1 -

COME NOW defendants ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California

1 2 Corporation; and ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation (collectively 3 referred to herein as "Defendants"), and in accordance with Section 431.30 of the California Code of Civil Procedure, hereby generally deny each and every, all and singular, the allegations therein 4 contained, and in this connection, Defendants deny that Plaintiffs VANESSA BRYANT, 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

13

14

15

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

Individually, and as Successor in Interest to KOBE BRYANT, Deceased; VANESSA BRYANT, as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT (collectively referred to herein as "Plaintiffs") have been injured or damaged in any of the sums mentioned in the FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT, or in any sum what so ever at all, as a result of any action or omission by Defendants.

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A FURTHER, SEPARATE, AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, all or some of Plaintiffs' claims are barred due to Plaintiffs' failure to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action against Defendants.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A SECOND, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, decedents Kobe Bryant and GB had actual knowledge of all of the circumstances, particular dangers, and an appreciation of the risks involved and the magnitude thereof, and proceeded to encounter a known risk, and voluntarily assume the risk of the accident, injury, and damages in the alleged FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT, thereby barring or reducing Plaintiffs' claim for damages.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A THIRD, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that the damages sought in the FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT were proximately caused by one or more unforeseeable, independent, intervening, and/or superseding events beyond the control of and unrelated to any actions or conduct of Defendants.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A FOURTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that the damages sought in the FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT were proximately caused by the acts or omissions of other parties for whom answering Defendants are not legally responsible, which intervened and/or superseded the acts and/or omission of answering Defendants, if any, and Plaintiffs' alleged damages. In the alternative, any amounts which Plaintiffs might be entitled to recover against answering Defendants must be reduced to the extent any such damages are attributable to the intervening and/or supervening acts and/or omissions of persons other than answering Defendants.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A FIFTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that the sole proximate cause of Plaintiffs' damages was the acts and/or omissions of others.

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A SIXTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that the damages sought in the FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT were proximately caused in whole or in part by a new and independent cause not reasonably foreseeable by answering Defendants. Such new and independent cause became the direct and proximate cause of the accident.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A SEVENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that the damages sought in the FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT were the result of an unavoidable accident and not proximately caused by any alleged act or omission on the part of answering Defendants.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS AN EIGHTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that Plaintiffs have failed to join

all necessary and indispensable parties.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A NINTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants claim that they are not responsible for Plaintiffs' damages due to an act of God.

TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A TENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, all or some of Plaintiffs' claims are barred due to Plaintiffs' failure to mitigate damages.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A ELEVENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, the damages, if any, suffered by Plaintiffs were caused in whole or in part by the acts or omissions of persons or entities other than these answering Defendants. Answering Defendants expressly reserve their right to pursue any and all actions for contribution and indemnity of any kind whatsoever against such persons or entities.

TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A TWELFTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, all or some of Plaintiffs' claims for relief against Defendants are barred due to the doctrines of waiver and/or estoppel.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A THIRTEENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, all or some of Plaintiffs' claims for relief against Defendants are barred due to comparative and/or contributory negligence. In the alternative, in the event there is a finding of damages for Plaintiffs, such damages must be reduced to the extent of such comparative and/or contributory negligence.

FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A FOURTEENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, all or some of Plaintiffs' damages must be reduced

and/or offset by any benefits received by Plaintiffs under applicable law.

FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A FIFTEENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Plaintiffs' claims for punitive damages against Defendants are barred, in whole or in part, because they violate state and federal constitution rights, including but not limited to due process, equal protection, void-for-vagueness and ex post facto provisions; the Fourth, Fifth Sixth, Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments, and the right not to be subjected to excessive awards and multiple punishments. In addition, any claim for punitive damages is limited by state and federal law, including but not limited to the United States Supreme Court decision in *State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Company v. Campbell*, 123 S. Ct. 1513 (2003), and all other applicable federal and state decisions.

SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A SIXTEENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that the allegations in Plaintiffs' FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT fail to state facts sufficient to support an award of exemplary or punitive damages or other statutory fines or penalties against answering Defendants. No alleged act or omission of answering Defendants was oppressive, fraudulent, or malicious under California Civil Code section 3294, and therefore, any award of punitive damages is barred.

SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A SEVENTEENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that Plaintiffs' FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT, and each cause of action thereof, is barred by reason of acts, omissions, representation, and courses of conduct by Plaintiffs, which Defendants were led to rely upon to their detriment, thereby barring each and every cause of action under the doctrine of equitable estoppel.

EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS AN EIGHTEENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN. Defendants allege that if they are determined to be liable to Plaintiffs, such liability is based on conduct which is passive and secondary to the active and

primary wrongful conduct of other defendants in this action, if any. Defendants are therefore entitled to total, equitable indemnity from such other defendants.

NINETEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A NINETEENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that in the event the parties were not reasonably and adequately warned of potential dangers concerning the inherently dangerous nature of flying in a helicopter, the duty to provide the warnings was that of a third party, and not of Defendants.

TWENTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A TWENTIETH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that there are other persons, parties, entities, and/or defendants who are at fault and proximately caused Plaintiffs' injuries, if any. If Defendants are responsible to Plaintiffs, of which Defendants expressly deny such responsibility, these answering Defendants are only liable for their proportionate share of non-economic damages, if any, as set forth in the Civil Code section 1431.2.

TWENTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A TWENTY-FIRST, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that Plaintiffs' FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT, and each cause of action thereof, is barred by the doctrines of unclean hands and/or laches.

TWENTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A TWENTY-SECOND, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that they are entitled to a set-off for all amounts paid to the Plaintiffs by other Defendants through settlements, if any.

TWENTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A TWENTY-THIRD, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that the services of Defendants fully complied with all applicable governmental laws and regulations at the time the services were

rendered.

TWENTY-FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A TWENTY-FOURTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that plaintiffs were advised, informed and warned of any potential hazards and/or dangers, and they failed to follow such warnings.

TWENTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A TWENTY-FIFTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, answering Defendants allege that they presently have insufficient knowledge or information on which to form a belief as to whether they may have additional defenses available. Defendants expressly reserve their right to assert any additional affirmative defenses that become known as a result of discovery, investigation, analysis and/or proceedings in this case.

TWENTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A TWENTY-SIXTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, answering Defendants allege that the FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT and each purported Cause of Action therein, are barred under the Doctrine of Federal Preemption, in that the laws of the United States of America, including, but not limited to, the Federal Aviation Act, the Federal Aviation Regulations, rules and regulations of the Federal Aviation Administration and its predecessors, the Civil Air Regulations, as well as other federal statutes, rules and laws, have shown intent by the Federal Government to completely and exclusively occupy the field of the operation of civilian aviation.

TWENTY-SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A TWENTY-SEVENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, answering Defendants allege that the federal government has preempted the field of law applicable to aviation safety through the Federal Aviation Act and Federal Aviation Regulations. To the extent that Plaintiffs seek recovery based upon a standard of care not mandated by federal law, such recovery is barred by the Supremacy Clause, Article VI, clause 2, of the United States Constitution.

1 TWENTY-EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE 2 AS A TWENTY-EIGHTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST 3 AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, answering Defendants allege that defendants were not acting as a common carrier, but rather a private carrier, at all relevant times. 4 5 WHEREFORE, Defendants pray that Plaintiffs take nothing against Defendants by 6 Plaintiffs' FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT, that Defendants have judgment for its costs of suit 7 herein incurred, and together with such other and further relief both at law and in equity that 8 Defendants may show themselves entitled to. 9 10 Dated: May 11, 2020 CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP 11 12 By: /s/ Michael J. Terhar Michael J. Terhar 13 Ross Cunningham Pro Hac Vice Pending 14 Don Swaim Pro Hac Vice Pending 15 D. Todd Parrish Attorneys for Defendants, 16 ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and 17 ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP. a California Corporation. 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

1 **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** 2 Defendants, ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., and ISLAND EXPRESS 3 HOLDING CORP. hereby demand a trial by jury. 4 5 Dated: May 11, 2020 **CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP** 6 7 By: /s/ Michael J. Terhar 8 Michael J. Terhar Ross Cunningham 9 Pro Hac Vice Pending Don Swaim 10 Pro Hac Vice Pending D. Todd Parrish Attorneys for Defendants 11 ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and 12 ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP. a California Corporation. 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

PROOF OF SERVICE 1 Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. Island Express Helicopters, Inc., et al. Superior Court of California, Los Angeles 2 Case No.: 20STCV07492 3 STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES: 4 I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. My business address is 2 North Lake Avenue, Suite 550, 5 Pasadena, California 91101. 6 On May 11, 2020, I caused to be served the within document(s) described as: 7 ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and 8 ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation's ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS' FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES. 9 DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL 10 on the interested parties in this action as stated below: 11 SEE ATTACHED SERVICE LIST 12 X BY E-MAIL: By transmitting a true copy of the foregoing document(s) to the e-mail addresses set forth on the attached mailing list. 13 BY MAIL: I am "readily familiar" with the firm's practice of collection and processing 14 correspondence for mailing. Under that practice, it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day, with postage thereon fully prepaid at Pasadena, California, in the 15 ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after 16 date of deposit for mailing in affidavit. 17 BY OVERNIGHT COURIER: I caused such envelope to be placed for collection and delivery on this date in accordance with standard Federal Express delivery procedures. 18 BY PERSONAL SERVICE: I caused such envelope to be delivered by hand to the offices 19 of the addressees. 20 BY FAX: I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document(s) this date via telecopier to the facsimile numbers shown on the attached mailing list. 21 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the 22 foregoing is true and correct. 23 Executed on May 11, 2020, at Pasadena, California. 24 Cynthia Vivanco /s/Cynthia Vivanco 25 (Type or print name) (Signature) 26 27 28 PROOF OF SERVICE 512,0045 Document purchased by Ehline Law Firm Personal Injury Attorneys, APLC for research and public awareness.

SERVICE LIST 1 Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. Island Express Helicopters, Inc., et al. Superior Court of California, Los Angeles 2 Case No.: 20STCV07492 3 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Brad D. Brian, Esq. 4 VANESSA BRYANT, et al. Luis Li, Esq. MUNGER, TOLLES & OLSON LLP 5 350 South Grand Avenue, 50th Floor 6 Los Angeles, CA 90071-3426 Tel.: (213) 683-9100 7 Fax: (213) 687-3702 Email: brad.brian@mto.com 8 Email: <u>luis.li@mto.com</u> 9 Gary C. Robb (PHV Pending) Attorneys for Plaintiffs, VANESSA BRYANT, et al. Anita Porte Robb (PHV Pending) 10 **ROBB & ROBB LLC** 11 One Kansas City Place Suite 3900, 1200 Main Street 12 Kansas City. Missouri 64105 Phone: 816-474-8080 13 Fax: 816-474-8081 Email: gcr@robbrobb.com 14 Email: apr@robbrobb.com 15 Attorneys for Defendant, Arthur I. Willner, Esq. 16 LEADER BERKON COLAO & BERGE ZOBAYAN as Successor in Interest for ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN SILVERSTEIN LLP 17 660 South Figueroa Street, Suite 1150 18 Los Angeles, CA 90017 Telephone: (213) 234-1750 19 Fax: (213) 234-1747 Email: awillner@leaderberkon.com 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 PROOF OF SERVICE

512.0045

EXHIBIT E



Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles

ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (ADR) INFORMATION PACKAGE

THE PLAINTIFF MUST SERVE THIS ADR INFORMATION PACKAGE ON EACH PARTY WITH THE COMPLAINT.

CROSS-COMPLAINANTS must serve this ADR Information Package on any new parties named to the action with the cross-complaint.

What is ADR?

ADR helps people find solutions to their legal disputes without going to trial. The main types of ADR are negotiation, mediation, arbitration, and settlement conferences. When ADR is done by phone, videoconference or computer, it may be called Online Dispute Resolution (ODR). These alternatives to litigation and trial are described below.

Advantages of ADR

- Saves Time: ADR is faster than going to trial.
- Saves Money: Parties can save on court costs, attorney's fees, and witness fees.
- Keeps Control (with the parties): Parties choose their ADR process and provider for voluntary ADR.
- Reduces Stress/Protects Privacy: ADR is done outside the courtroom, in private offices, by phone or online.

Disadvantages of ADR

- Costs: If the parties do not resolve their dispute, they may have to pay for ADR and litigation and trial.
- No Public Trial: ADR does not provide a public trial or a decision by a judge or jury.

Main Types of ADR:

- 1. **Negotiation**: Parties often talk with each other in person, or by phone or online about resolving their case with a settlement agreement instead of a trial. If the parties have lawyers, they will negotiate for their clients.
- 2. **Mediation**: In mediation, a neutral mediator listens to each person's concerns, helps them evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of their case, and works with them to try to create a settlement agreement that is acceptable to all. Mediators do not decide the outcome. Parties may go to trial if they decide not to settle.

Mediation may be appropriate when the parties

- want to work out a solution but need help from a neutral person.
- have communication problems or strong emotions that interfere with resolution.

Mediation may not be appropriate when the parties

- want a public trial and want a judge or jury to decide the outcome.
- lack equal bargaining power or have a history of physical/emotional abuse.

LASC CIV 271 Rev. 01/20 For Mandatory Use

How to arrange mediation in Los Angeles County

Mediation for civil cases is voluntary and parties may select any mediator they wish. Options include:

- a. The Civil Mediation Vendor Resource List

 If all parties agree to mediation, they may contact these organizations to request a "Resource List Mediation" for mediation at reduced cost or no cost (for selected cases):
 - ADR Services, Inc. Case Manager patricia@adrservices.com (310) 201-0010 (Ext. 261)
 - JAMS, Inc. Senior Case Manager mbinder@jamsadr.com (310) 309-6204
 - Mediation Center of Los Angeles (MCLA) Program Manager info@mediationLA.org (833) 476-9145
 - o Only MCLA provides mediation in person, by phone and by videoconference.

These organizations cannot accept every case and they may decline cases at their discretion.

Visit <u>www.lacourt.org/ADR.Res.List</u> for important information and FAQs <u>before</u> contacting them. NOTE: This program does not accept <u>family law, probate, or small claims cases.</u>

b. Los Angeles County Dispute Resolution Programs

https://wdacs.lacounty.gov/programs/drp/

- Small claims, unlawful detainers (evictions) and, at the Spring Street Courthouse, limited civil:
 - o Free, day- of- trial mediations at the courthouse. No appointment needed.
 - Free or low-cost mediations <u>before</u> the day of trial.
 - For free or low-cost Online Dispute Resolution (ODR) by phone or computer <u>before</u> the day of trial visit http://www.lacourt.org/division/smallclaims/pdf/OnlineDisputeResolutionFlyer-EngSpan.pdf
- c. Mediators and ADR and Bar organizations that provide mediation may be found on the internet.
- 3. **Arbitration**: Arbitration is less formal than trial, but like trial, the parties present evidence and arguments to the person who decides the outcome. In "binding" arbitration, the arbitrator's decision is final; there is no right to trial. In "nonbinding" arbitration, any party can request a trial after the arbitrator's decision. For more information about arbitration, visit http://www.courts.ca.gov/programs-adr.htm
- 4. Mandatory Settlement Conferences (MSC): MSCs are ordered by the Court and are often held close to the trial date or on the day of trial. The parties and their attorneys meet with a judge or settlement officer who does not make a decision but assists the parties in evaluating the strengths and weaknesses of the case and in negotiating a settlement. For information about the Court's MSC programs for civil cases, visit http://www.lacourt.org/division/civil/Cl0047.aspx

Los Angeles Superior Court ADR website: http://www.lacourt.org/division/civil/Cl0109.aspx For general information and videos about ADR, visit http://www.courts.ca.gov/programs-adr.htm

LASC CIV 271 Rev. 01/20 For Mandatory Use

EXHIBIT F

Electronically FILED by Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles on 08/14/2020 04:25 PM Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk of Court, by S. Romero, Deputy Clerk

SUMMONS Cross-Complaint (CITACION JUDICIAL—CONTRADEMANDA)

NOTICE TO CROSS-DEFENDANT: (AVISO AL CONTRA-DEMANDADO):

SUM-110 [Rev. July 1, 2009]

KYLE LARSEN, Individually; MATTHEW CONLEY, Individually; and ROES 1 through 50,

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY CROSS-COMPLAINANT: (LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL CONTRADEMANDANTE):

ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation,

	SUM-110
FOR COURT USE O	NLY
(SOLO PARA USO DE LA	CORTE)
İ	
	į
1	

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association. NOTE: The court has a statutory lien for waived fees and costs on any settlement or arbitration award of \$10,000 or more in a civil case. The court's lien must be paid before the court will dismiss the case.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales para presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una llamada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que usted pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularios de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.sucorte.ca.gov), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtener servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitio web de California Legal Services, (www.lawhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.sucorte.ca.gov) o poniéndose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales. AVISO: Por ley, la corte tiene derecho a reclamar las cuotas y los costos exentos por imponer un gravamen sobre cualquier recuperación de \$10,000 ó más de valor recibida mediante un acuerdo o una concesión de arbitraje en un caso de derecho civil. Tiene que pagar el gravamen de la corte antes de que la corte pueda desechar el caso.

The name and address of the court is:

(El nombre y dirección de la corte es):

Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles
6230 Sylmar Ave. Van Nuys, California 91401

The name, address, and telephone number of cross-complainant's attorney, or cross-complainant without an attorney, is: (El nombre, la

The name, address, and telephone number of cross-complainant's attorney, or cross-complainant without an attorney, is: (El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado del contrademandante, o del contrademandante que no tiene abogado, es):

DATE:	Clerk, by	, Deputy
(Fecha)	(Secretario)	(Adjunto)
(For proof of service of this st	immons, use Proof of Service of Summons (form POS-010).)	
(Para prueba de entrega de e	sta citatión use el formulario Proof of Service of Summons (for	m POS-010).)
	NOTICE TO THE PERSON SERVED: You are served	
[SEAL]	1. as an individual cross-defendant.	
	2. as the person sued under the fictitious name of (s	specify):
	3. on behalf of (specify):	
	under: CCP 416.10 (corporation)	CCP 416.60 (minor)
	CCP 416.20 (defunct corporation)	CCP 416.70 (conservatee)
	CCP 416.40 (association or partnership)	CCP 416.90 (authorized person)
	other (specify):	
	4. by personal delivery on (date):	Page 1 of 1
Form Adopted for Mandatory Use	SUMMONS—CROSS-COMPLAINT	Code of Civil Procedure, §§ 412 20, 428.60, 465

PROOF OF SERVICE 1 Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. Island Express Helicopters, Inc., et al. Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles 2 Case No.: 20STCV07492 3 STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES: 4 I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. My business address is 2 North Lake Avenue, Suite 550, 5 Pasadena, California 91101. 6 On August 14, 2020, I caused to be served the within document(s) described as: 7 SUMMONS CROSS-COMPLAINT 8 on the interested parties in this action as stated below: 9 SEE ATTACHED SERVICE LIST 10 X BY E-MAIL: By transmitting a true copy of the foregoing document(s) to the e-mail addresses set forth on the attached mailing list. 11 BY MAIL: I am "readily familiar" with the firm's practice of collection and processing 12 correspondence for mailing. Under that practice, it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day, with postage thereon fully prepaid at Pasadena, California, in the 13 ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after 14 date of deposit for mailing in affidavit. 15 BY OVERNIGHT COURIER: I caused such envelope to be placed for collection and delivery on this date in accordance with standard Federal Express delivery procedures. 16 BY PERSONAL SERVICE: I caused such envelope to be delivered by hand to the offices 17 of the addressees. 18 BY FAX: I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document(s) this date via telecopier to the facsimile numbers shown on the attached mailing list. 19 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the 20 foregoing is true and correct. 21 Executed on August 14, 2020, at Pasadena, California. 22 Cynthia Vivanco /s/Cynthia Vivanco 23 (Type or print name) (Signature) 24 25 26 27 28 PROOF OF SERVICE Document purchased by Ehline Law Firm Personal Injury Attorneys, APLC for research and public awareness.

1 2	SERVIO Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. Island Superior Court of Californ Case No.: 20	Express Helicopters, Inc., et al. nia, County of Los Angeles
3	D 100: 5	Attornova for Plaintiffe
4	Brad D. Brian, Esq. Luis Li, Esq.	Attorneys for Plaintiffs, VANESSA BRYANT, et al.
5	MUNGER, TOLLES & OLSON LLP 350 South Grand Avenue, 50th Floor	
6	Los Angeles, CA 90071-3426	
7	Tel.: (213) 683-9100 Fax: (213) 687-3702	
8	Email: brad.brian@mto.com Email: <u>luis.li@mto.com</u>	
9	Cc: <u>Craig.Lavoie@mto.com;</u> Mari.Saigal@mto.com	
10	Gary C. Robb (PHV)	Attorneys for Plaintiffs,
11	Anita Porte Robb (PHV)	VANESSA BRYANT, et al.
12	ROBB & ROBB LLC One Kansas City Place	
13	Suite 3900, 1200 Main Street Kansas City, Missouri 64105	
14	Phone: 816-474-8080	
15	Fax: 816-474-8081 Email: gcr@robbrobb.com	
16	Email: apr@robbrobb.com	
17	Cc: janello@robbrobb.com; acr@robbrobb.com; bsr@robbrobb.com;	
18	Ross Cunningham, Esq. (PHV)	Attorneys for Defendants,
	Don Swaim, Esq. (PHV)	ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC.,
19	D. Todd Parrish, Esq. CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP	a California Corporation; and ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California
20	7557 Rambler Road, Suite 400	Corporation
21	Dallas, Texas 75231 Tel: (214) 646-1495	
22	Email: rcunningham@cunninghamswaim.com	
23	Email: dswaim@cunninghamswaim.com Email: tparrish@cunninghamswaim.com	
24	Cc: jjesser@cunninghamswaim.com ctijerina@cunninghamswaim.com	
25	dscarborough@cunninghamswaim.com	
26		
27		
28		
	PROOF OF	SERVICE

SERVICE LIST 1 Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. Island Express Helicopters, Inc., et al. Superior Court of California, Los Angeles 2 Case No.: 20STCV07492 3 Attorneys for Defendant, 4 Arthur I. Willner, Esq. BERGE ZOBAYAN as Successor in Interest LEADER BERKON COLAO & for ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN 5 SILVERSTEIN LLP 660 South Figueroa Street, Suite 1150 6 Los Angeles, CA 90017 Telephone: (213) 234-1750 7 Fax: (213) 234-1747 8 Email: awillner@leaderberkon.com Cc: rmariani@leaderberkon.com; 9 opena@leaderberkon.com; salvarenga@leaderberkon.com 10 Attorneys for Defendant, 11 Raymond L. Mariani, (PHV) BERGE ZOBAYAN as Successor in Interest LEADER BERKON COLAO & for ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN 12 SILVERSTEIN LLP 630 Third Avenue, Floor 17 13 New York, NY 10017 Telephone: (212) 486-2400 14 Facsimile (212) 486-3099 15 Email: rmariani@leaderberkon.com 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 PROOF OF SERVICE

EXHIBIT G

Electronically FILED by Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles on 08/14/2020 04:25 PM Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk of Court, by S. Romero, Deputy Clerk

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Michael J. Terhar [State Bar No. 89491] Ross Cunningham [Pro Hac Vice] Don Swaim [Pro Hac Vice] D. Todd Parrish [State Bar No. 173392] CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP 2 North Lake Avenue, Suite 550 Pasadena, California 91101 Telephone: (626) 765-3000 Facsimile: (626) 765-3030 Email: mterhar@cunninghamswaim.com rcunningham@cunninghamswaim.com dswaim@cunninghamswaim.com dswaim@cunninghamswaim.com Attorneys for Defendants and Cross-Complaina ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and ISLAND EXPRES HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation	SS	
11	COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, CIVIL UNLIMITED		
12			
13	VANESSA BRYANT, Individually, and as Successor in Interest to KOBE BRYANT, Deceased; VANESSA BRYANT, as) Case No. 20STCV07492) (LEAD Case Related to Cases:) 20STCV14963, 20STCV14973,	
14	Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural) 20STCV17897)	
15	Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT; BB, a minor, by her	Assigned to: Judge: Hon. Virginia Keeny	
16 17	Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad) Dept: NW-W) CROSS-COMPLAINT FOR	
18	Litem, VANESSA BRYANT;) INDEMNITY AND DECLARATORY) RELIEF; DEMAND FOR JURY	
19	Plaintiffs,) TRIAL	
20	VS.))	
21	ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC.,) a))	
22	California Corporation; ISLAND EXPRESS) HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation;)))) First Complaint Filed: April 15, 2020	
23	and DOE 1, as Personal representative of and/or Successor in Interest to ARA (GEORGE ZOBAYAN, a California resident,)	First Complaint Filed: April 15, 2020 Trial Date: None Set	
24	Defendants.		
25			
26	ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and		
27	ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a) California Corporation,		
28)		
	CROSS-COMPLAINT; DEMA	AND FOR JURY TRIAL	

Document purchased by Ehline Law Firm Personal Injury Attorneys, APLC for research and public awareness.

Cross-Complainants,
vs.

KYLE LARSEN, Individually; MATTHEW
CONLEY, Individually; and ROES 1 through
50,

Cross-Defendants.

COMES NOW, Defendants and Cr

COMES NOW, Defendants and Cross-Complainants, Defendants, ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation (herein "Cross-Complainants"), and against Cross-Defendants, KYLE LARSEN; MATTHEW CONLEY; and ROES 1 through 50, (collectively, "Cross-Defendants"), and alleges, on the information and belief:

- 1. Cross-Complainant Island Express Helicopters, Inc., a California Corporation is a California corporation located in Long Beach, California.
- 2. Cross-Complainant Island Express Holding Corp., a California Corporation is a California corporation located in Fillmore, California.
- 3. Cross-Defendant Kyle Larson ("Larson") is an individual residing in California.
- 4. Cross-Defendant Matthew Conley ("Conley") is an individual residing in California.
- 5. The true names and capacities, whether individual corporate, associate or otherwise of cross-defendants, Roes 1 through 50 are unknown to Cross-Complainants who, therefore, name said cross-defendant by such fictitious names and Cross-Complainants will ask leave of court to amend the cross-complaint to show the true names and capacities of such fictitiously named cross-defendants when the same have been ascertained. Cross-Complainants are informed and believe, and based upon such information and belief allege that each cross-defendant designated as a ROE is responsible under law in some manner for the events and happenings referred to herein.

- 6. At all times herein mentioned, each Cross-Defendant was acting as an agent, servant, employee, special employee, alter ego, successor in interest, partner, joint venturer, lessee and licensee of each of the other cross-defendants, within the course and scope of said relationship. In addition, each Cross-Defendant authorized, ratified and approved the acts of each of the other Cross-Defendants.
- 7. Relief is sought against each Cross-Defendant as well as his agents, assistances, successors, employees, attorneys, and all persons acting in concert or cooperation with them or at their direction or under their control.
- 8. Although Cross-Complainants do not concede the veracity of the First Amended Complaint's allegations or the Plaintiff's claims, solely for purposes of its indemnity claims set forth below, it incorporates them by this reference.
- 9. The claims asserted by Plaintiffs, and Cross-Complainants' claims, arise out of the crash of a 1991 Sikorsky S76B helicopter, N72EX ("Aircraft" or "N72EX") on January 26, 2020, at approximately 9:45 a.m. PST. At the time of the crash, the Aircraft was being piloted by Ara George Zobayan ("Zobayan" or "Pilot"). In addition to Zobayan, the Aircraft was occupied by eight passengers.
- 10. Prior to the crash, Zobayan had taken off from John Wayne Airport, Santa Ana, California, and was heading toward Camarillo Airport, in Camarillo, California. Zobayan was familiar with the route and had often flown this precise route for Kobe Bryant on previous occasions.
- 11. When Zobayan entered the Los Angeles basin, visibility decreased. He had been following Highway 101, a major landmark and typically easy for helicopter pilots to follow. Between Las Virgenes and Lost Hills road, the Aircraft was 1,500' AGL and began to climb and enter a left turn. Eight seconds later, at approximately 2,300' AGL, the Aircraft began a rapid descent while continuing with the left turn. At approximately 9:45 a.m. PST, the Aircraft impacted hilly terrain near Calabasas, California. A post-impact fire ensued and resulted in a brush fire. Zobayan and the eight passengers were fatally injured, and the Aircraft was destroyed.

- 13. The accident was caused by a series of erroneous acts and/or omissions committed by Cross-Defendants Larsen and Conley, both of whom were acting in the course and scope of their employment as Air Traffic Controllers for the Southern California TRACON ("SOCAL"), a Federal Aviation Administration Terminal Radar Approach Control Facility, at all times relevant to this Cross Complaint.
- 14. After transitioning from the Burbank Air Traffic Control Tower to SOCAL, the Pilot contacted SOCAL and remained on that frequency until the time of the accident. The Pilot had contact with two SOCAL controllers prior to the accident. The first was Cross-Defendant Larson. The Pilot requested flight following, but Larsen denied the request, stating "I'm going to lose radar and comms probably pretty shortly so you can just squawk V-FR- and when you get closer go to Camarillo tower." This denial was improper because radar contact had not been lost and services were being denied based on the possibility that they might be lost at some point in the future. The fact that N72EX was able to contact SOCAL four minutes later, and its transponder was still observed by the controller, proves that the prediction of lost contact was not accurate and services could and should have been provided continuously.
- 15. Air Traffic Control Order: JO 7110.65Y (Air Traffic Control Handbook) paragraph 2-1-1 c. states: "the provision of additional services is not optional on the part of the controller but rather required when work situation permits." Radar advisories to VFR aircraft are considered an additional service. The SOCAL controller was not too busy to provide service. NTSB Interview Summaries of both controllers from SOCAL confirmed that they both described traffic as "normal," and a "2" on a scale of 1 to 5.
- 16. Three minutes after Zobayan's initial call to SOCAL, Larsen was relieved by SOCAL controller Cross-Defendant Conley. Less than two minutes after Conley assumed the position, he was called by the Pilot, who said "and SOCAL for helicopter two echo x-ray we gonna go ahead and start our climb to go above the uh layers and uh we can stay

- 17. Among other things, the accident was caused by Larsen's failure to properly terminate radar services. Because Larsen never actually terminated radar services with N72EX, the Pilot would have assumed he was still being surveilled and being provided flight following. The instruction "You can just squawk VFR" was no more than an instruction to the Pilot to change his transponder setting. It is apparent that Larsen incorrectly thought he had terminated radar service for N72EX because he failed to brief Conley, his replacement, about the existence of N72EX. Conley was totally unaware of N72EX once assuming the seat, which critically delayed N72EX's "re-identification" and provision of services to the Pilot. In his interview, Conley admitted that "[h]e remembered the Pilot [N72EX] just talking to him like he had already been in contact and was receiving services, but he had no record of him."
- 18. Air Traffic Control Order: JO 7110.65Y (Air Traffic Control Handbook), paragraph 5-1-13 Radar Service Termination states: "Inform aircraft when radar service is being terminated. Phraseology Radar service terminated." This is the only method prescribed for controllers to inform an aircraft that they are not, or will no longer be, receiving radar services. This is a mandatory requirement that was not followed. And this omission clearly led the Pilot of N72EX to believe that he was continuing to receive radar services.
- 19. The pilot/controller glossary contained in the Aeronautical Information Manual tells both pilots and controllers that the definition of Radar Service Terminated is "Used by ATC to inform a pilot that he/she will no longer be provided any of the services that could be received while in radar contact." In the absence of this phrase being used, the Pilot would have properly assumed that he was still in radar contact and receiving all of the services, like terrain callouts, provided during radar flight following.

- 21. Zobayan thought he was still receiving radar services at the time of the accident. And because the Aeronautical Information Manual defines radar monitoring as "the use of radar for the purpose of providing aircraft with information and advice relative to significant deviations from nominal flight path," the Pilot would have operated the aircraft under the assumption that ATC was monitoring his flight and would have warned him of unsafe proximity to terrain.
- 22. The accident was also caused by the failure of Larson and Conley to properly execute position relief briefing. When one controller relieves another, the use of a position relief checklist is mandated to assure that a full briefing is given to the new controller and that no pertinent items are overlooked. This requirement is listed in paragraph 2-1-24 Transfer of Position Responsibility, 7110.65Y. This requirement is further defined in the SOCAL Standard Operating Procedure Order 7110.65B paragraph 3-1-8 which states: "The relief briefing must involve the use of a tailored checklist."
- 23. During his NTSB interview, Larsen (the departing controller) admitted that he does not normally use a checklist when conducting a position relief briefing. Yet Conley (the replacement controller) claims that a relief briefing was conducted and that the briefings were recorded, and a checklist was utilized.
- 24. SOCAL Standard Operating Procedures require that the departing controller remain on position with the new controller for 2 minutes after position responsibility is transferred. This requirement is contained in 7110.65B para. 3-I-8 b. During his NTSB interview, Larsen was asked if he followed that requirement to remain on position and "plugged in" to the console so he could still monitor radio transmissions. He replied that he did. It does not appear that Larsen actually stayed "plugged in" after the relief briefing

- 25. The accident was also caused by Conley's lack of awareness as to critical weather information needed to perform Air Traffic Controller duties. Conley stated that he "noticed it was foggy and there were low ceilings when I came into work that morning." He further recalled that "the weather around the time of the accident was IFR with low ceilings and instrument approaches were being conducted." Paragraph 2-1-2-c. in Order 7110.65Y states "Controllers are responsible to become familiar with and stay aware of current weather information needed to perform ATC duties." It is clear that Conley was also ignoring this mandatory procedure when he cleared Southwest Flight 451 for a visual approach. Fortunately, the Southwest pilot declined the instruction and notified Conley that it was IFR conditions.
- 26. Another cause of the accident was the simultaneous loss of radar contact and radio communications as a result of Conley's and Larson's negligent acts and/or omissions. Paragraph 10-2-5 of 7110.65Y states "Consider that an aircraft emergency exists and inform the RCC or ARTCC when any of the following exist ... There is an unexplained loss of radar contact and radio communication with any IFR or VFR aircraft." Larsen admitted that he would have notified the "sup" had he lost radar and radio on N72EX when he was coming over from VNY. But Conley admitted that he did not report this occurrence [the fact that he was unaware of N72EX] because he [N72EX] had not been tagged up yet, and therefore had not yet begun receiving flight following." Conley also admitted that he did not consider him radar identified because he did not advise the Pilot he was "radar contact."
- 27. The fact that Conley was unaware of N72EX and did not consider him radar contacted was solely caused by Larsen's failure to properly terminate radar service for N72EX, which was compounded by his improper and incomplete position relief briefing. These critical errors by Larsen caused Conley to inherit an aircraft that he did not know

- 28. As a result of Larson's and Conley's negligent acts and/or omissions, the Pilot assumed he was flying in RADAR contact based on ATC verbiage, or lack thereof, prior to the crash. When in RADAR contact a pilot assumes several important items: (1) traffic separation; (2) limited assistance with terrain and obstacle clearance; (3) that communication with the controlling agency is readily available; and (4) ATC is aware of his presence. At 09:45, the pilot of N72EX was abruptly and unexpectedly made aware that he was not in RADAR contact. Calculated data indicates an initial, relatively stable, climb of ± 1460FPM beginning at approximately 09:44:35 with the Aircraft in a controlled left bank that was slowly being corrected via a controlled right bank until 09:45:03. At approximately 09:45:03, the Aircraft entered an aggressive left bank that continued until the final moments of the flight.
- 29. The pilot's workload and stress level in deteriorating weather conditions were unnecessarily overloaded by Larsen's multiple errors, including the: (1) failure to properly communicate termination of radar flight following, (2) incomplete position relief briefing, and (3) lack of knowledge of current weather conditions. These errors were compounded by Conley monopolizing the Pilot's attention during the critical phase of the flight by making multiple radio calls, requiring transponder ident, and requesting the Pilot to state where he was and what his intentions were. The combination of increased stress, workload, and distraction significantly impacted the Pilot's ability to fly the aircraft. The introduction of a simple task such as tuning a radio, or a transponder, can induce an illusion that can lead to loss of control.
- 30. Had Larsen and Conley not engaged in the numerous negligent acts and/or omissions stated herein, then the Pilot would not have been forced to respond to multiple

1 ATC requests and commands during the most critical phase of the flight. There is no 2 | indication from calculated data or radio traffic that the accident pilot was panicking or beyond his piloting capabilities and was within a few hundred feet of clearing the clouds at the time ATC required him to "ident," which likely caused the pilot to experience a "Coriolis Effect," which is an illusion that is created when a pilot has been in a turn long enough for the fluid in the ear canal to move at the same speed as the canal. A movement of the head in a different plane, such as looking at something in a different part of the flight deck, sets the fluid moving, creating the illusion of turning or accelerating on an entirely different axis. This action causes the pilot to think the aircraft is performing a maneuver it is not. The disoriented pilot may maneuver the aircraft into a dangerous attitude in an attempt to correct the aircraft 's perceived attitude.

31. Cross-Defendants Larsen's and Conley's actions are the proximate cause of the Accident, and the damages Plaintiffs seek to recover from Cross-Complainants.

32. **CAUSES OF ACTION**

3

4

5

8

10

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

33. As to each cause of action below, Cross-Complainants hereby incorporate by reference the allegations contained in the paragraphs above as though they were fully set forth in that cause of action.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Total Equitable Indemnity As To All Cross-Defendants)

- 34. If Cross-Complainants are found liable upon any or all of the allegations contained in the First Amended Complaint, said liability would be based solely on the active, affirmative, and primary negligence, strict liability, and acts or omissions of the Cross-Defendants, and each of them. Any fault of Cross-Complainants, which fault it specifically denies, would be secondary and passive only.
- 35. Cross-Defendants, and each of them, are thus obligated to defend, indemnify and hold harmless Cross-Complainants against any and all liability that Cross-Complainants may incur in this action, and Cross-Complainants are entitled to reimbursement from Cross-Defendants for any and all expenditures or liabilities that Cross-

Complainants may incur in payment for any settlement or judgment, or in defense of this 1 2 action, including costs of suit. 3 SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION 4 (Equitable Indemnity As To All Cross-Defendants) 5 36. Under principles of equity, comparative fault and contribution, Cross-Complainants are entitled to reimbursement from the Cross-Defendants for any liability that 7 Cross-Complainants sustain in this action by way of settlement, verdict or judgment, to that 8 extent that such liability that exceeds the percentage of fault, if any, attributable to Cross-Complainants. 10 THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION (Equitable Apportionment Of Fault As To All Cross-Defendants) 12 37. Cross-Complainants request this Court to determine the extent to which each Cross-Defendant or other party in this action proximately caused or contributed to the Plaintiffs' alleged losses, damages or injuries, if any, and to assess each such party with liability equal to that proportion of fault. **FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION** (Contribution As To All Cross-Defendants) 38. Cross-Complainants are in no way legally responsible for the loss, damage or injury alleged in Plaintiffs' First Amended Complaint. However, if Cross-Complainants are held liable for any such claims, Cross-Complainants request that each Cross-Defendant be held liable and be ordered to reimburse Cross-Complainants to the extent of the liability fairly attributable to that Cross-Defendant. FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Declaratory Relief As To All Cross-Defendants) 39. Cross-Complainants are entitled to a judicial declaration to the effect that Cross-Defendants are obligated to defend and indemnify Cross-Complainants with respect to the alleged liabilities.

11

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

- 1. For a declaration that Cross-Defendants, and each of them, are liable to Cross-Complainants for any damages that Cross-Complainants may be caused to pay to Plaintiffs by reason of any judgment, settlement, or otherwise, in satisfaction of the Plaintiffs' claim arising out of the allegations contained in Plaintiffs' First Amended Complaint on file herein;
- 2. For a declaration that the Cross-Defendants are liable to defend and indemnify Cross-Complainants with respect to all claims against Cross-Complainants in this action;
- 3. For Judgment against Cross-Defendants, and each of them, in an amount equal to the amount of any judgment obtained by Plaintiffs and any other cross-complainant in this action against these Cross-Complainants, or such portion thereof for which Cross-Defendants are liable;
- 4. For costs of defense incurred by Cross-Complainants in defending the allegations of this First Amended Complaint and Cross-Complaints, including costs of suit incurred herein, court costs, reasonable attorney's fees where provided by contract or statute, and other expenses of preparation and investigation; and
 - 5. For such further and other relief as the Court may deem just and proper.

Dated: August 14, 2020 CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP

By: /s/ Michael J. Terhar
Michael J. Terhar
Ross Cunningham - Pro Hac Vice
Don Swaim - Pro Hac Vice
D. Todd Parrish
Attorneys for Defendants,
ISLAND EXPRESS
HELICOPTERS, INC.,
a California Corporation; and
ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING

CORP. a California Corporation

CROSS-COMPLAINT; DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL 1 Defendants and Cross-Complainants ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a 2 California Corporation; and ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California 3 Corporation hereby demand a trial by jury in the above matter. 4 5 Dated: August 14, 2020 CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP 6 7 By: /s/ Michael J. Terhar Michael J. Terhar 8 Ross Cunningham - Pro Hac Vice Don Swaim - Pro Hac Vice 9 D. Todd Parrish Attorneys for Defendants, ISLAND 10 EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and ISLAND 11 EXPRESS HOLDING CORP. a California Corporation 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 CROSS-COMPLAINT; DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

PROOF OF SERVICE 1 Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. Island Express Helicopters, Inc., et al. Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles 2 Case No.: 20STCV07492 3 STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES: 4 I am employed in the County of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. My business address is 2 North Lake Avenue, Suite 550, 5 Pasadena, California 91101. 6 On August 14, 2020, I caused to be served the within document(s) described as: 7 CROSS-COMPLAINT FOR INDEMNITY AND DECLARATORY RELIEF; DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL 8 on the interested parties in this action as stated below: 9 SEE ATTACHED SERVICE LIST 10 X BY E-MAIL: By transmitting a true copy of the foregoing document(s) to the e-mail 11 addresses set forth on the attached mailing list. 12 BY MAIL: I am "readily familiar" with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for mailing. Under that practice, it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal 13 Service on that same day, with postage thereon fully prepaid at Pasadena, California, in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is 14 presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit. 15 BY OVERNIGHT COURIER: I caused such envelope to be placed for collection and 16 delivery on this date in accordance with standard Federal Express delivery procedures. 17 BY PERSONAL SERVICE: I caused such envelope to be delivered by hand to the offices of the addressees. 18 BY FAX: I transmitted a copy of the foregoing document(s) this date via telecopier to the 19 facsimile numbers shown on the attached mailing list. 20 I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct. 21 Executed on August 14, 2020, at Pasadena, California. 22 23 Cynthia Vivanco /s/Cynthia Vivanco (Type or print name) (Signature) 24 25 26 27 28 PROOF OF SERVICE 512.0045 Document purchased by Ehline Law Firm Personal Injury Attorneys, APLC for research and public awareness.

1	920	ICE LIST d Express Helicopters, Inc., et al.
2	Superior Court of Califo	rnia, County of Los Angeles 20STCV07492
3	Cuse No 2	2001 (7074)2
4	Brad D. Brian, Esq. Luis Li, Esq.	Attorneys for Plaintiffs, VANESSA BRYANT, et al.
5	MUNGER, TOLLES & OLSON LLP	
6	350 South Grand Avenue, 50th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90071-3426	
7	Tel.: (213) 683-9100 Fax: (213) 687-3702	
8	Email: brad.brian@mto.com	
9	Email: luis.li@mto.com Cc: Craig.Lavoie@mto.com; Mari.Saigal@mto.com	
10		Attorneys for Plaintiffs,
11	Gary C. Robb (PHV) Anita Porte Robb (PHV)	VANESSA BRYANT, et al.
12	ROBB & ROBB LLC One Kansas City Place	
13	Suite 3900, 1200 Main Street	
14	Kansas City, Missouri 64105 Phone: 816-474-8080	
	Fax: 816-474-8081	
15	Email: <u>gcr@robbrobb.com</u> Email: <u>apr@robbrobb.com</u>	
16	Cc: janello@robbrobb.com; acr@robbrobb.com; bsr@robbrobb.com;	
17	,	
18	Ross Cunningham, Esq. (PHV) Don Swaim, Esq. (PHV)	Attorneys for Defendants, ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC.,
19	D. Todd Parrish, Esq.	a California Corporation; and ISLAND
20	CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP 7557 Rambler Road, Suite 400	EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation
21	Dallas, Texas 75231 Tel: (214) 646-1495	
22	Email:	
23	rcunningham@cunninghamswaim.com Email: dswaim@cunninghamswaim.com	
24	Email: tparrish@cunninghamswaim.com Cc: jjesser@cunninghamswaim.com	
25	ctijerina@cunninghamswaim.com dscarborough@cunninghamswaim.com	
26	and the state of t	
27		
28		
40		2
į	PROOF C	OF SERVICE

SERVICE LIST 1 Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. Island Express Helicopters, Inc., et al. Superior Court of California, Los Angeles 2 Case No.: 20STCV07492 3 Attorneys for Defendant, 4 Arthur I. Willner, Esq. BERGE ZOBAYAN as Successor in Interest LEADER BERKON COLAO & 5 for ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN SILVERSTEIN LLP 660 South Figueroa Street, Suite 1150 6 Los Angeles, CA 90017 Telephone: (213) 234-1750 7 Fax: (213) 234-1747 8 Email: awillner@leaderberkon.com Cc: rmariani@leaderberkon.com; 9 opena@leaderberkon.com; salvarenga@leaderberkon.com 10 Attorneys for Defendant, Raymond L. Mariani, (PHV) 11 BERGE ZOBAYAN as Successor in Interest LEADER BERKON COLAO & for ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN 12 SILVERSTEIN LLP 630 Third Avenue, Floor 17 13 New York, NY 10017 Telephone: (212) 486-2400 14 Facsimile (212) 486-3099 15 Email: rmariani@leaderberkon.com 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 PROOF OF SERVICE

EXHIBIT H

BRAD D. BRIAN (State Bar No. 79001) brad.brian@mto.com 2 LUIS LI (State Bar No. 156081) luis.li@mto.com MUNĞER, TOLLES & OLSON LLP 350 South Grand Avenue, Fiftieth Floor Los Angeles, California 90071-3426 Telephone: (213) 683-9100 Facsimile: (213) 687-3702 5 GARY C. ROBB* gcr@robbrobb.com **ANÎTA PORTE ROBB*** apr@robbrobb.com ANDREW C. ROBB* acr@robbrobb.com **BRITTANY SANDERS ROBB*** bsr@robbrobb.com **ROBB & ROBB LLC** 10 One Kansas City Place Suite 3900, 1200 Main Street 11 Kansas City, Missouri 64105 Telephone: (816) 474-8080 12 Facsimile: (816) 474-8081 *Forthcoming Pro Hac Vice 13 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 14 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 15 **COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES** 16 VANESSA BRYANT, individually and as Case No. 17 Successor in Interest to KOBE BRYANT. Deceased; VANESSA BRYANT as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT 18 NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and FOR DAMAGES Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT: (WRONGFUL DEATH/SURVIVAL BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and ACTION/NEGLIGENCE/HELICOPTER Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT; CRASH) 20 and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT, 21 **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL** Plaintiffs, 22 23 VS. ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation; and BERGE ZOBAYAN as Personal Representative of and/or Successor in Interest 26 to ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN, a California Resident, 27 Defendants. 28

INTRODUCTION PERTAINING TO ALL COUNTS **INDEX PAGE** 3 PRELIMINARY STATEMENT PLAINTIFFS 5 6 PLAINTIFFS' DECEASED _____ 7 7 DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC. 7 8 DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP. 9 **DEFENDANT** BERGE ZOBAYAN AS **PERSONAL** 10 REPRESENTATIVE OF AND/OR SUCCESSOR IN INTEREST TO ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN 9 11 IDENTIFICATION OF AIRCRAFT 12 13 JURISDICTION _____ 14 VENUE____ 15 DATES AND ACTS OF CONDUCT COMPLAINED OF 9 16 **INDEX TO COUNTS** 17 **PAGE** 18 **COUNT I** NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH SURVIVAL ACTION| - - DEFENDANT ISLAND 19 EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' VICARIOUS LIABILITY 20 FOR ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN'S FAILURE TO USE ORDINARY CARE IN PILOTING THE SUBJECT 21 AIRCRAFT - - (KOBE BRYANT) 12 22 **COUNT II** NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH SURVIVAL ACTION -- DEFENDANT ISLAND 23 EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO USE 24 ORDINARY CARE IN PROVIDING PROPER AND SAFE AIRCRAFT SERVICES - - (KOBE BRYANT) 15 25 26 27 28

1	COUNT III	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
2		SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' CAUSING OR
3		AUTHORIZING THE OPERATION OF AIRCRAFT IN
		A NEGLIGENT, CARELESS OR RECKLESS MANNER (KOBE BRYANT) 1
4		(NODE BRIANI)
5	COUNT IV	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
6		SURVIVAL ACTION] FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS TO SUPERVISE
7		AND TRAIN ITS EMPLOYEES AND/OR AGENTS
8		INCLUDING ITS PILOTS (KOBE BRYANT) 2
9	COUNT V	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
		SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO
10		IMPLEMENT PROPER AND REASONABLE FLIGHT
11		SAFETY RULES AND POLICIES (KOBE BRYANT) 2
12		
13	COUNT VI	COMMON CARRIER LIABILITY [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] FAILURE OF
		DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS TO
14		PROVIDE HIGHEST DEGREE OF CARE IN
15		SUPPLYING SAFE AND AIRWORTHY HELICOPTER (KOBE BRYANT)
16	COLINITALIA	
17	COUNT VII	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION]] DEFENDANT ISLAND
18		EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO EQUIP
19		HELICOPTER WITH SAFETY EQUIPMENT (KOBE BRYANT) 2'
20	COUNT VIII	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND
21		EXPRESS HOLDINGS, FAILURE TO USE ORDINARY
22		CARE IN PROVIDING PROPER AND SAFE AIRCRAFT SERVICES (KOBE BRYANT) 29
23		
24	COUNT IX	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND
25		EXPRESS HOLDING'S CAUSING OR AUTHORIZING
		THE OPERATION OF AIRCRAFT IN A NEGLIGENT, CARELESS OR RECKLESS MANNER (KOBE
26		BRYANT) 3:
27		
28		
	I	

1	COUNT X	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] FAILURE OF DEFENDANT
2		ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING TO SUPERVISE AND
3		TRAIN ITS EMPLOYEES AND/OR AGENTS INCLUDING ITS PILOTS (KOBE BRYANT) 34
4	COUNT XI	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
5		SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND
6		EXPRESS HOLDING'S FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT PROPER AND REASONABLE FLIGHT SAFETY
7		RULES AND POLICIES (KOBE BRYANT) 35
8	COUNT XII	COMMON CARRIER LIABILITY [WRONGFUL
9		DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING TO
10		PROVIDE HIGHEST DEGREE OF CARE IN SUPPLYING SAFE AND AIRWORTHY HELICOPTER
11		(KOBE BRYANT) 38
12	COUNT XIII	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
13		SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDINGS' FAILURE TO EQUIP
14		HELICOPTER WITH SAFETY EQUIPMENT (KOBE BRYANT) 40
15	COUNT XIV	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
16		SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ESTATE OF ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN'S FAILURE TO USE
17		ORDINARY CARE IN PILOTING THE SUBJECT
18		AIRCRAFT (KOBE BRYANT) 42
19	COUNT XV	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND
20		EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' VICARIOUS LIABILITY
21		FOR ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN'S FAILURE TO USE ORDINARY CARE IN PILOTING THE SUBJECT
22		AIRCRAFT (GB, MINOR) 45
23	COUNT XVI	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
24		SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO USE
25		ORDINARY CARE IN PROVIDING PROPER AND SAFE AIRCRAFT SERVICES (GB, MINOR) 48
26		(02)
27		
28		

1	COUNT XVII	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND
2		EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' CAUSING OR
3	1	AUTHORIZING THE OPERATION OF AIRCRAFT IN A NEGLIGENT, CARELESS OR RECKLESS MANNER
4		(GB, MINOR)5
5	COUNT XVIII	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
6		SURVIVAL ACTION] FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS TO SUPERVISE
7		AND TRAIN ITS EMPLOYEES AND/OR AGENTS INCLUDING ITS PILOTS (GB, MINOR)5
8	COUNT XIX	NEGLIGENCE (WRONGFUL DEATH AND
9	COUNTAIA	SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND
10		EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT PROPER AND REASONABLE FLIGHT
11		SAFETY RULES AND POLICIES (GB, MINOR) 50
12	COUNT XX	COMMON CARRIER LIABILITY [WRONGFUL
13		DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS TO
14		PROVIDE HIGHEST DEGREE OF CARE IN
15		SUPPLYING SAFE AND AIRWORTHY HELICOPTER (GB, MINOR) 5'
16	COUNT XXI	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
17		SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO EQUIP
18		HELICOPTER WITH SAFETY EQUIPMENT (GB, MINOR)
19	COLINIT VIVI	
20	COUNT XXII	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND
21		EXPRESS HOLDINGS' FAILURE TO USE ORDINARY CARE IN PROVIDING PROPER AND SAFE
22		AIRCRAFT SERVICES (GB, MINOR) 61
23	COUNT XXIII	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND
24		SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDINGS' CAUSING OR AUTHORIZING
25		THE OPERATION OF AIRCRAFT IN A NEGLIGENT,
		CARELESS OR RECKLESS MANNER (GB, MINOR)
26		
27		
28		

1	COUNT XXIV	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND	
2		SURVIVAL ACTION] FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDINGS TO SUPERVISE AND	
3		TRAIN ITS EMPLOYEES AND/OR AGENTS INCLUDING ITS PILOTS (GB, MINOR)	65
4	COUNT XXV	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND	
5	COUNT AAV	SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND	
6		EXPRESS HOLDINGS' FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT PROPER AND REASONABLE FLIGHT SAFETY	
7		RULES AND POLICIES (GB, MINOR)	67
8	COUNT XXVI	COMMON CARRIER LIABILITY [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] FAILURE OF	
9		DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDINGS TO	
10		PROVIDE HIGHEST DEGREE OF CARE IN SUPPLYING SAFE AND AIRWORTHY HELICOPTER	
11		(GB, MINOR)	69
12	COUNT XXVII	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ISLAND	
13		EXPRESS HOLDINGS' FAILURE TO EQUIP	
14		HELICOPTER WITH SAFETY EQUIPMENT (GB, MINOR)	71
15	COUNT XXVIII	NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND	
16		SURVIVAL ACTION] DEFENDANT ZOBAYAN'S FAILURE TO USE ORDINARY CARE IN PILOTING	
17		THE SUBJECT AIRCRAFT (GB, MINOR)	73
18		PRELIMINARY STATEMENT	
19	1. This is	a negligence action seeking compensatory and punitive damages	stemming
20	from a helicopter crash in Calabasas, California on or about January 26, 2020, which resulted in		
21	the deaths of Kobe Bryant and GB, minor.		
22		<u>PLAINTIFFS</u>	
23	2. Plainti	ff Vanessa Bryant brings this action individually and in her capac	ity as
24	Widow of and Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant and as Natural Mother of, Next of Kin of, and		
25	Successor in Interest to GB, a minor.		
26	3. Plaintiff NB, a minor, brings this action by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad		rdian Ad
27	Litem, Vanessa Bryant. Application to appoint Vanessa Bryant as Guardian Ad Litem for NB,		for NB,
28	minor, is forthcoming		
		-6-	

- 4. Plaintiff BB, a minor, brings this action by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant. Application to appoint Vanessa Bryant as Guardian Ad Litem for BB, minor, is forthcoming.
- 5. Plaintiff CB, a minor, brings this action by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant. Application to appoint Vanessa Bryant as Guardian Ad Litem for CB, minor, is forthcoming.
- 6. Plaintiff Vanessa Bryant became Co-Trustee of the Estate of Kobe Bryant upon his

PLAINTIFFS' DECEASED

- 7. Plaintiffs' deceased, Kobe Bryant, age 41, died from injuries he sustained in the referenced helicopter crash of January 26, 2020.
- 8. Plaintiffs' deceased, Kobe Bryant, was the husband of Plaintiff Vanessa Bryant and the father of Plaintiffs NB, BB and CB, minors.
- 9. Plaintiffs' deceased, GB, age 13, died from injuries she sustained in the referenced helicopter crash of January 26, 2020.
- 10. Plaintiffs' deceased, GB, was the minor child of deceased Kobe Bryant and Plaintiff Vanessa Bryant.

DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC.

- 11. Defendant Island Express Helicopters, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as "Defendant Island Express Helicopters") is a California corporation located at 1175 Queens Highway, Long Beach, California. Defendant Island Express Helicopters may be served through its Registered Agent, Phillip G. DiFiore, 1175 Queens Highway, Long Beach, California 90802.
- 12. At all times material hereto, Defendant Island Express Helicopters conducted regular business activities in Long Beach, Los Angeles County, California.
- 13. At all times pertinent hereto, Defendant Island Express Helicopters was and currently is engaged in the business of providing helicopter transportation to paying customers.

- 14. At all times material hereto, Defendant Island Express Helicopters operated and maintained the subject Sikorsky S-76B helicopter by and through its various employees and agents.
- 15. At all times material hereto, Defendant Island Express Helicopters was acting by and through its agents, servants and/or employees, each of whom was acting within the course and scope of his, her, or its employment or agency with Defendant Island Express Helicopters, including the pilot-in-command of the helicopter, Ara George Zobayan.

DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP.

- 16. Defendant Island Express Holding Corp. (hereinafter referred to as "Defendant Island Express Holding") is a California corporation located at 67 D Street, Fillmore, California. Defendant Island Express Holding may be served through its Registered Agent, Phillip G. DiFiore at 67 D Street, Fillmore, California 93105.
- 17. At all times pertinent hereto, Defendant Island Express Holding conducted regular business activities in Long Beach, Los Angeles County, California.
- 18. At all times pertinent hereto, Defendant Island Express Holding was and currently is the Registered Owner of the subject Sirkosky S-76B helicopter.
- 19. On information and belief, at all times pertinent hereto, Defendant Island Express Holding was and currently is engaged in the business of providing helicopter transportation to paying customers.
- 20. On information and belief, at all times material hereto, Defendant Island Express Holding owned, operated and maintained the subject Sikorsky S-76B helicopter by and through its various employees and agents.
- 21. At all times material hereto, Defendant Island Express Holding was acting by and through its agents, servants and/or employees, each of whom was acting within the course and scope of his, her, or its employment or agency with Defendant Island Express Holding, including Defendant Island Express Helicopters.

27

28

DEFENDANT BERGE ZOBAYAN AS PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE OF AND/OR SUCCESSOR IN INTEREST TO ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN

- 22. Ara George Zobayan (hereinafter referred to as "Defendant Zobayan") was the pilot-in-command of the Sikorsky S-76B helicopter, registration no. N72EX, and was at all times the pilot-in command of that aircraft prior to and during the crash flight.
- 23. Defendant Zobayan was killed in the helicopter crash that is the subject of this action. Prior to his death, Defendant Zobayan resided at 16972 Pacific Coast Highway, Unit 104 in Huntington Beach, California.
- 24. At the time of the crash, Defendant Zobayan was employed by Defendant Island Express Helicopters and was acting within the course and scope of his employment with Defendant Island Express Helicopters as the pilot-in-command of the subject aircraft.
- 25. Berge Zobayan is the Personal Representative of and/or Successor in Interest to Ara George Zobayan.

IDENTIFICATION OF AIRCRAFT

- 26. The aircrash that is the basis of this action involves a 1991 Sikorsky S-76B helicopter, serial number 760379, registration (tail) number N72EX.
- 27. At all times pertinent hereto, the subject helicopter was owned by Defendant Island Express Holding, operated by Defendant Island Express Helicopters, and piloted by Defendant Zobayan.

JURISDICTION

- 28. Both Plaintiffs and Defendants are residents of California
- 29. The subject helicopter crashed on January 26, 2020, in Calabasas, California.

VENUE

30. Venue in the Superior Court of Los Angeles County is proper in that the cause of action giving rise to this lawsuit occurred in Los Angeles County, California.

DATES AND ACTS OF CONDUCT COMPLAINED OF

31. On or about January 26, 2020, Kobe Bryant, age 41, and his daughter GB, age 13, were passengers aboard the 1991 Sikorski S-76B helicopter, registration (tail) number N72EX

11

12 13

14 15

16

17 18

19

20

21

2223

24

25

2627

28

which was being flown from the John Wayne-Orange County Airport in Santa Ana, California to the Camarillo Airport in Camarillo, California.

- 32. The subject helicopter departed John Wayne-Orange County Airport at approximately 9:06 a.m.
- 33. On the morning of January 26, 2020, heavy fog and low clouds were reported in the Los Angeles area and, on information and belief, law enforcement agencies and tour companies had grounded their helicopters.
- 34. According to the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB), the flight sequence of events after departure were as follows:

ATC communications and radar data indicate the flight departed KSNA about 0906 PST. N72EX proceeded to the north-northwest at an altitude of about 700 to 800 feet mean sea level (msl) under visual flight rules (VFR). At 0920, as the aircraft neared the Burbank class C airspace, the pilot requested to transition the area along Highway 101. The current Burbank weather observation reported instrument flight rules (IFR) conditions. In response to the pilot's request, the air traffic controller advised that cloud tops were reported at 2,400 feet msl and queried the pilot's intentions; the pilot then requested a special VFR clearance (an ATC authorization to proceed in controlled airspace at less than VFR weather minima). The air traffic controller advised that the pilot would need to hold for a short time due to IFR traffic, which the pilot acknowledged. At 0932, ATC cleared the pilot of N72EX to transition the class C surface area following the I-5 freeway, maintaining special VFR conditions at or below 2,500 feet. The pilot acknowledged with a correct readback and climbed to approximately 1,400 feet msl (600 feet agl). In response to query, the pilot replied to the Burbank ATC that he would follow Highway 118 and "loop around VNY [Van Nuys Airport]" to follow Highway 101. ATC acknowledged and coordinated.

At 0939, as N72EX was passing west of Van Nuys at 1,500 feet msl, the VNY controller asked the pilot if he was in VFR conditions. The pilot replied "VFR conditions, one thousand five hundred," and the VNY controller advised him to contact Southern California Terminal Radar Approach Control (SCT) for radar advisory services.

The pilot reported to SCT that the flight was going to Camarillo at 1,500 feet. The SCT controller advised that he would not be able to maintain radar contact at that altitude and terminated services. The SCT controller was subsequently relieved by a different controller. At 0945, the pilot of N72EX again contacted SCT and advised he was climbing above cloud layers and requested advisory services. The second controller was not aware of the aircraft, as services had previously been terminated, so asked the pilot to identify the flight. The SCT controller then asked the pilot his intentions, to which he replied he was climbing to 4,000 feet. There were no further transmissions.

Radar/ADS-B data indicate the aircraft was climbing along a course aligned with Highway 101 just east of the Las Virgenes exit. Between Las Virgenes and Lost Hills Road, the aircraft reached 2,300 feet msl (approximately 1,500 feet above the highway, which lies below the surrounding terrain) and began a left turn. Eight seconds later, the aircraft began descending and the left turn continued. The descent rate increased to over 4,000 feet per minute (fpm), ground speed reached 160 knots. The last ADS-B target was received at 1,200 feet msl approximately 400 feet southwest of the accident site.

35. On information and belief, Island Express Helicopters' Federal Aviation

Administration (FAA) operating certificate limited its pilots to flying only under visual flight rules

(VFR). The subject helicopter was not licensed or certified to be flown into instrument conditions.

- 36. On information and belief, the pilot-in command, Ara George Zobayan was required to fly only in conditions that he could navigate visually.
- 37. Ara George Zobayan attempted to maneuver the helicopter up and forward to clear the clouds, then entered a turn sending the helicopter into the steep terrain at approximately 180 mph.
- 38. Witnesses on the ground reported seeing the helicopter flying through a layer of clouds and fog before the helicopter crashed.
 - 39. Plaintiffs' deceased, Kobe Bryant and GB, a minor, were killed in the crash.
- 40. On information and belief, prior to this crash, in May 2015, the pilot-in command Ara George Zobayan admitted to and was cited by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) for violating the visual flight rules (VFR) minimums by flying into an airspace of reduced visibility from weather conditions.

COUNT I

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' VICARIOUS LIABILITY FOR ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN'S FAILURE TO USE ORDINARY CARE IN PILOTING THE SUBJECT AIRCRAFT - - KOBE BRYANT)

- 41. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 40 inclusive of this Complaint.
- 42. Defendant Island Express Helicopters, by and through its agents and employees, including Ara George Zobayan, had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent company would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 43. Pilot Ara George Zobayan had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent pilot would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 44. Defendant Island Express Helicopters is vicariously liable for any and all actions of Ara George Zobayan, including his negligent and careless piloting and operation of the subject helicopter, by reason of its principal and agent relationship with Ara George Zobayan.
- 45. On information and belief, Ara George Zobayan was negligent in the following respects:

1		a.	Defendant Zobayan failed to properly monitor and assess the weather prior
2	to takeoff;		
3		b.	Defendant Zobayan failed to obtain proper weather data prior to the subject
4	flight;		
5		c.	Defendant Zobayan failed to abort the flight when he knew of the cloudy
6	conditions;		
7		d.	Defendant Zobayan improperly flew the helicopter into instrument flight
8	rules (IFR) co	ndition	s;
9		e.	Defendant Zobayan failed to maintain proper control of the helicopter in-
10	flight;		
11		f.	Defendant Zobayan failed to properly avoid natural obstacles in the flight
12	path;		
13		g.	Defendant Zobayan failed to keep a safe distance between the helicopter
14	and natural obstacles; and		
15		h.	Defendant Zobayan failed to properly and safely operate the helicopter
16	resulting in a	crash.	
17	46.	Defen	dant Island Express Helicopters knew or should have known that its
18	employee, Ara	a Georg	ge Zobayan, had previously been cited by the Federal Aviation Administration
19	(FAA) for vio	lating t	he visual flight rules (VFR) minimums by flying into an airspace of reduced
20	visibility from	weath	er conditions.
21	47.	Defen	dant Island Express Helicopters' breach of its duty and negligence caused the
22	injuries and da	amages	complained of herein and Plaintiffs' deceased, Kobe Bryant, was killed as a
23	direct result of	f the ne	gligent conduct of Zobayan for which Defendant Island Express Helicopters
24	is vicariously	liable ii	1 all respects.
25	48.	By vir	tue of Kobe Bryant's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such
26	damages as ar	e fair aı	nd just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the
27	pecuniary loss	es suffe	ered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the
8	reasonable val	ue of th	ne services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction,

guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.

- 49. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.
- 50. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

(A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations

- d. Defendant Island Express Helicopters authorized, directed and/or permitted a flight with full knowledge that the subject helicopter was flying into unsafe weather conditions.
- 54. Defendant Island Express Helicopters' breach of duty and negligence caused the injuries and damages complained of herein.
- 55. By virtue of Kobe Bryant's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 56. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.
- 57. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with

conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent Kobe Bryant;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT III

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' CAUSING OR AUTHORIZING THE OPERATION OF AIRCRAFT IN A NEGLIGENT, CARELESS OR RECKLESS MANNER -- KOBE BRYANT)

- 58. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 57 inclusive of this Complaint
- 59. Defendant Island Express Helicopters, by and through its agents and employees, including Ara George Zobayan had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent company would use under the same or similar circumstances.

- 60. The subject helicopter was at all times operated with Defendant Island Express Helicopters' express or implied knowledge and consent.
- 61. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters operated the aircraft in a negligent, careless or reckless manner, to wit, in that:
- a. Defendant Island Express Helicopters knew or should have known that they were prohibited from operating the subject helicopter under Instrument Flight Rules (IFR);
- b. Defendant Island Express Helicopters failed to have in place an adequate safety policy for cancellation of flights into unsafe weather conditions;
- c. Defendant Island Express Helicopters promoted and engaged in unnecessary and needlessly risky means of transport under the circumstances then and there presenting; and
- d. Defendant Island Express Helicopters authorized, directed and/or permitted a flight with full knowledge that the subject helicopter was flying into unsafe weather conditions.
- 62. By operation of California law, Defendant Island Express Helicopters is responsible for damages caused by the negligence, carelessness, or recklessness of the aircraft pilot in that on the occasion in question the subject helicopter was being operated and used with its knowledge and consent.
- 63. Plaintiffs' decedent, Kobe Bryant was killed as a direct and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Helicopters causing or authorizing the operation of the helicopter in a negligent, careless or reckless manner as further set out above.
- 64. By virtue of Kobe Bryant's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.

- 65. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.
- 66. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

(A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;

- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent Kobe Bryant;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT IV

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS TO SUPERVISE AND TRAIN ITS EMPLOYEES AND/OR AGENTS INCLUDING ITS PILOTS - - KOBE BRYANT)

- 67. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 66 inclusive of this Complaint
- 68. At all times material to this action, the pilot of the subject helicopter served as an employee and/or agent of Defendant Island Express Helicopters.
- 69. Defendant Island Express Helicopters owed Plaintiffs a duty to exercise reasonable care in the supervision and training of its employees and/or agents, including its pilots.
- 70. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters breached its aforementioned duty to Plaintiffs by failing to exercise reasonable care in the supervision and training of its employees and/or agents, including the subject pilot, specifically, but not limited to, failing to adequately and properly train and supervise pilots on flights in unsafe weather conditions.
- 71. Defendant Island Express Helicopters knew or should have known that its employee, Ara George Zobayan, had previously been cited by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) for violating the visual flight rules (VFR) minimums by flying into an airspace of reduced visibility from weather conditions and this defendant failed to provide adequate training and/or supervision to ensure the negligent action did not re-occur.

- 72. By virtue of Kobe Bryant's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 73. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.
- 74. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a

minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent Kobe Bryant;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT V

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT PROPER AND REASONABLE FLIGHT SAFETY RULES AND POLICIES - - KOBE BRYANT)

- 75. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 74 inclusive of this Complaint
- 76. Defendant Island Express Helicopters held itself out as an entity which could carefully and competently provide and maintain safe helicopter transport services which were utilized in the course of its operations.
- 77. That Defendant Island Express Helicopters had a duty to use that degree of care that ordinarily careful and prudent operators of a helicopter transport business would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 78. On information and belief Defendant Island Express Helicopters failed adequately to implement proper and reasonable flight safety rules and policies in that it directed and allowed

 its pilots to fly in unsafe weather conditions and in areas where the pilot would encounter instrument meteorological conditions.

- 79. Defendant Island Express Helicopters' failure adequately to implement proper and reasonable procedures caused the helicopter to enter instrument conditions, therefore causing the helicopter to crash and burn, resulting in the death of Kobe Bryant.
- 80. That as a direct result of the aforesaid negligence and carelessness on the part of Defendant Island Express Helicopters, Kobe Bryant was killed.
- 81. By virtue of Kobe Bryant's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 82. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.
- 83. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness

of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent Kobe Bryant;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT VI

(COMMON CARRIER LIABILITY [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] -- FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS TO PROVIDE HIGHEST DEGREE OF CARE IN SUPPLYING SAFE AND AIRWORTHY HELICOPTER -- KOBE BRYANT)

84. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 83 inclusive of this Complaint.

- 85. Plaintiffs deceased, Kobe Bryant, was a passenger for hire of a helicopter transportation service controlled, operated, dispatched, and supervised by Defendant Island Express Helicopters.
- 86. Defendant Island Express Helicopters held itself out as an entity which could safely and competently transport persons purchasing helicopter transportation services.
- 87. At all times material hereto, Defendant Island Express Helicopters was and is an on-demand passenger transportation service carrying passengers who have purchased helicopter transportation services and doing so for hire and for profit as a common carrier.
- 88. Defendant Island Express Helicopters had a duty to Plaintiffs' deceased to exercise the highest degree of care and diligence in the operation, management, and service of its helicopter transportation services to be provided to persons within the general public such as Kobe Bryant and, specifically, the highest degree of care and diligence to provide a safe and airworthy aircraft.
- 89. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters failed to provide a reasonably safe aircraft for the use and transport of Plaintiffs' deceased thereby breaching its duty to exercise the highest degree of care.
- 90. Plaintiffs' deceased was killed as a direct result and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' failure to exercise the highest degree of care in providing a safe helicopter for their use and transport.
- 91. Plaintiffs' decedent, Kobe Bryant was killed as a direct and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Helicopters causing or authorizing the operation of the helicopter in a negligent, careless or reckless manner as further set out above.
- 92. By virtue of Kobe Bryant's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.

- 93. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.
- 94. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

(A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;

- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent Kobe Bryant;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT VII

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO EQUIP HELICOPTER WITH SAFETY EQUIPMENT - - KOBE BRYANT)

- 95. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 94 inclusive of this Complaint.
- 96. Defendant Island Express Helicopters held itself out as an entity which could carefully and competently provide safety equipment on its helicopters which were utilized in the course of its operations.
- 97. Defendant Island Express Helicopters had a duty to use that degree of care that ordinarily careful and prudent operators of a helicopter transport business would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 98. Defendant Island Express Helicopters had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent company would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 99. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters was negligent in its duties as it failed to purchase and equip its helicopters with a Terrain Avoidance and Warning System (TAWS) which provides a detailed image of surrounding terrain and triggers an auditory and visual warning.
- 100. That as a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid negligence and carelessness on the part of Defendant Island Express Helicopters Kobe Bryant was killed.

- damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.
- 103. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a

an adequate safety policy for cancellation of flights into unsafe weather conditions;

- c. Defendant Island Express Holding promoted and engaged in unnecessary and needlessly risky means of transport under the circumstances then and there presenting; and
- d. Defendant Island Express Holding authorized, directed and/or permitted a flight with full knowledge that the subject helicopter was flying into unsafe weather conditions.
- 107. Defendant Island Express Holding's breach of duty and negligence caused the injuries and damages complained of herein.
- damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.
- 110. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa

Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Holding as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent Kobe Bryant;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT IX

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING'S CAUSING OR AUTHORIZING THE OPERATION OF AIRCRAFT IN A NEGLIGENT, CARELESS OR RECKLESS MANNER - - KOBE BRYANT)

- 111. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 110 inclusive of this Complaint
- 112. Defendant Island Express Holding, by and through its agents and employees had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent company would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 113. The subject helicopter was at all times operated with Defendant Island Express Holding's express or implied knowledge and consent.
- 114. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Holding allowed the aircraft to be operated in a negligent, careless or reckless manner, to wit, in that:

- a. Defendant Island Express Holding knew or should have known that the helicopter was prohibited from being operated under Instrument Flight Rules (IFR);
- b. Defendant Island Express Holding failed to ensure that there was in place an adequate safety policy for cancellation of flights into unsafe weather conditions;
- c. Defendant Island Express Holding promoted and engaged in unnecessary and needlessly risky means of transport under the circumstances then and there presenting; and
- d. Defendant Island Express Holding authorized, directed and/or permitted a flight with full knowledge that the subject helicopter was flying into unsafe weather conditions.
- 115. By operation of California law, Defendant Island Express Holding is responsible for damages caused by the negligence, carelessness, or recklessness of the aircraft pilot in that on the occasion in question the subject helicopter was being operated and used with its knowledge and consent.
- 116. Plaintiffs' decedent, Kobe Bryant was killed as a direct and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Helicopters causing or authorizing the operation of the helicopter in a negligent, careless or reckless manner as further set out above.
- 117. By virtue of Kobe Bryant's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 118. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and deprayed conduct of

defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.

119. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Holding as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent Kobe Bryant;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT X

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING TO SUPERVISE AND TRAIN ITS EMPLOYEES AND/OR AGENTS INCLUDING ITS PILOTS - - KOBE BRYANT)

- 120. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 119 inclusive of this Complaint
- 121. Defendant Island Express Holding owed Plaintiffs a duty to exercise reasonable care in the supervision and training of its pilots and its employees and/or agents.
- 122. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Holding breached its aforementioned duty to Plaintiffs by failing to exercise reasonable care in the supervision and training of its pilots and employees and/or agents, including the subject pilot, specifically, but not limited to, failing to ensure that pilots were properly trained and supervised on flights in unsafe weather conditions.
- 123. By virtue of Kobe Bryant's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 124. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete

indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.

125. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Holding as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent Kobe Bryant;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XI

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING'S FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT PROPER AND REASONABLE FLIGHT SAFETY RULES AND POLICIES - - KOBE BRYANT)

126. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 125 inclusive of this Complaint

- 127. Defendant Island Express Holding held itself out as an entity which could carefully and competently provide and maintain safe helicopter transport services which were utilized in the course of its operations.
- 128. Defendant Island Express Holding had a duty to use that degree of care that ordinarily careful and prudent operators of a helicopter transport business would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 129. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Holding failed adequately to ensure that proper and reasonable flight safety rules and policies were implemented in that it directed and allowed its pilots to fly in unsafe weather conditions and in areas where the pilot would encounter instrument meteorological conditions.
- 130. Defendant Island Express Holding's failure adequately to implement proper and reasonable procedures caused the helicopter to enter instrument conditions, therefore causing the helicopter to crash and burn, resulting in the death of Kobe Bryant.
- 131. That as a direct result of the aforesaid negligence and carelessness on the part of Defendant Island Express Holding, Kobe Bryant was killed.
- 132. By virtue of Kobe Bryant's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 133. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and deprayed conduct of

defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.

134. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Holding as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent Kobe Bryant;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XII

(COMMON CARRIER LIABILITY [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING TO PROVIDE HIGHEST DEGREE OF CARE IN SUPPLYING SAFE AND AIRWORTHY HELICOPTER - KOBE BRYANT)

- 135. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 134 inclusive of this Complaint.
- 136. Plaintiffs deceased, Kobe Bryant, was a passenger for hire of a helicopter transportation service controlled, operated, dispatched, and supervised by Defendant Island Express Holdings.
- 137. Defendant Island Express Holdings held itself out as an entity which could safely and competently transport persons purchasing helicopter transportation services.
- 138. At all times material hereto, Defendant Island Express Holdings was and is an ondemand passenger transportation service carrying passengers who have purchased helicopter transportation services and doing so for hire and for profit as a common carrier.
- 139. Defendant Island Express Holdings had a duty to Plaintiffs' deceased to exercise the highest degree of care and diligence in the operation, management, and service of its helicopter transportation services to be provided to persons within the general public such as Kobe Bryant and, specifically, the highest degree of care and diligence to provide a safe and airworthy aircraft.
- 140. On information and belief. Defendant Island Express Holdings failed to provide a reasonably safe aircraft for the use and transport of Plaintiffs' deceased thereby breaching its duty to exercise the highest degree of care.
- 141. Plaintiffs' deceased was killed as a direct result and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Holdings' failure to exercise the highest degree of care in providing a safe helicopter for their use and transport.
- 142. Plaintiffs' decedent, Kobe Bryant was killed as a direct and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Holdings causing or authorizing the operation of the helicopter in a negligent, careless or reckless manner as further set out above.

- damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.
- 145. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Holdings as follows:

(A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations

27

28

on the part of Defendant Island Express Holdings Kobe Bryant was killed.

- 152. By virtue of Kobe Bryant's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.
- 154. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Holdings as follows:

(A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations

defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future

wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had he lived.

163. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, Vanessa Bryant, pray judgment against Defendant Berge Zobayan as Personal Representative of and/or Successor in Interest to Ara George Zobayan, as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent Kobe Bryant according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent Kobe Bryant;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XV 2 (NEGLIGENCE | WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION | - - DEFENDA ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' VICARIOUS LIABILITY FOR ARA GE 3 ZOBAYAN'S FAILURE TO USE ORDINARY CARE IN PILOTING THE SUBJECT AIRCRAFT - - GB, MINOR) 4 164. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, 5 paragraphs 1 through 163 inclusive of this Complaint. 165. Defendant Island Express Helicopters, by and through its agents and employees, 7 including Ara George Zobayan, had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and 8 prudent company would use under the same or similar circumstances. 9 166. Pilot Ara George Zobayan had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily 10 careful and prudent pilot would use under the same or similar circumstances. 11 167. Defendant Island Express Helicopters is vicariously liable for any and all actions of 12 Ara George Zobayan, including his negligent and careless piloting and operation of the subject 13 helicopter, by reason of its principal and agent relationship with Ara George Zobayan. 14 168. On information and belief, Ara George Zobayan was negligent in the following 15 respects: 16 Defendant Zobayan failed to properly monitor and assess the weather prior a. 17 to takeoff; 18 Defendant Zobayan failed to obtain proper weather data prior to the subject b. 19 flight; 20 Defendant Zobayan failed to abort the flight when he knew of the cloudy 21 c. conditions; 22 Defendant Zobayan improperly flew the helicopter into instrument flight d. 23 rules (IFR) conditions; 24 Defendant Zobayan failed to maintain proper control of the helicopter ine. 25 flight; 26 f. Defendant Zobayan failed to properly avoid natural obstacles in the flight 27 path; 28

- g. Defendant Zobayan failed to keep a safe distance between the helicopter and natural obstacles; and
- h. Defendant Zobayan failed to properly and safely operate the helicopter resulting in a crash.
- 169. Defendant Island Express Helicopters' knew or should have known that its employee, Ara George Zobayan had previously been cited by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) for violating the visual flight rules (VFR) minimums by flying into an airspace of reduced visibility from weather conditions.
- 170. Defendant Island Express Helicopters' breach of its duty and negligence caused the injuries and damages complained of herein and Plaintiffs' deceased, GB, a minor, was killed as a direct result of the negligent conduct of Zobayan for which Defendant Island Express Helicopters is vicariously liable in all respects.
- 171. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 172. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete

indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.

173. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased, pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XVI

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO USE ORDINARY CARE IN PROVIDING PROPER AND SAFE AIRCRAFT SERVICES - - GB, MINOR)

- 174. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 173 inclusive of this Complaint
- 175. Defendant Island Express Helicopters had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent company would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 176. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters was negligent in its duties as follows:
- a. Defendant Island Express Helicopters knew or should have known that they were prohibited from operating the subject helicopter under Instrument Flight Rules (IFR);
- b. Defendant Island Express Helicopters failed to have in place an adequate safety policy for cancellation of flights into known unsafe weather conditions;
- c. Defendant Island Express Helicopters promoted and engaged in unnecessary and needlessly risky means of transport under the circumstances then and there presenting; and
- d. Defendant Island Express Helicopters authorized, directed and/or permitted a flight with full knowledge that the subject helicopter was flying into unsafe weather conditions.
- 177. Defendant Island Express Helicopters' breach of duty and negligence caused the injuries and damages complained of herein.
- 178. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.

179. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.

180. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;

pilot in that on the occasion in question the subject helicopter was being operated and used with its knowledge and consent.

- 186. Plaintiffs' decedent, GB, a minor, was killed as a direct and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Helicopters causing or authorizing the operation of the helicopter in a negligent, careless or reckless manner as further set out above.
- 187. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.
- 189. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with

conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XVIII

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS TO SUPERVISE AND TRAIN ITS EMPLOYEES AND/OR AGENTS INCLUDING ITS PILOTS - - GB, MINOR)

- 190. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 189 inclusive of this Complaint
- 191. At all times material to this action, the pilot of the subject helicopter served as an employee and/or agent of Defendant Island Express Helicopters.
- 192. Defendant Island Express Helicopters owed Plaintiffs a duty to exercise reasonable care in the supervision and training of its employees and/or agents, including its pilots.
- 193. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters breached its aforementioned duty to Plaintiffs by failing to exercise reasonable care in the supervision and

training of its employees and/or agents, including the subject pilot, specifically, but not limited to, failing adequately to properly train and supervise pilots on flights in unsafe weather conditions.

- 194. Defendant Island Express Helicopters knew or should have known that its employee, Ara George Zobayan had previously been cited by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) for violating the visual flight rules (VFR) minimums by flying into an airspace of reduced visibility from weather conditions and this defendant failed to provide adequate training and/or supervision to ensure the negligent action did not re-occur.
- as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.
- 197. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness

of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XIX

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT PROPER AND REASONABLE FLIGHT SAFETY RULES AND POLICIES - - GB, MINOR)

- 198. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 197 inclusive of this Complaint
- 199. Defendant Island Express Helicopters held itself out as an entity which could carefully and competently provide and maintain safe helicopter transport services which were utilized in the course of its operations.

- 200. That Defendant Island Express Helicopters had a duty to use that degree of care that ordinarily careful and prudent operators of a helicopter transport business would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 201. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters failed adequately to implement proper and reasonable flight safety rules and policies in that it directed and allowed its pilots to fly in unsafe weather conditions and in areas where the pilot would encounter instrument meteorological conditions.
- 202. Defendant Island Express Helicopters' failure adequately to implement proper and reasonable procedures caused the helicopter to enter instrument conditions, therefore causing the helicopter to crash and burn, resulting in the death of GB, a minor.
- 203. That as a direct result of the aforesaid negligence and carelessness on the part of Defendant Island Express Helicopters, GB, a minor, was killed.
- 204. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 205. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete

indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.

206. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XX

(COMMON CARRIER LIABILITY [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] -- FAILURE OF DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS TO PROVIDE HIGHEST DEGREE OF CARE IN SUPPLYING SAFE AND AIRWORTHY HELICOPTER -- GB, MINOR)

- 207. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 206 inclusive of this Complaint.
- 208. Plaintiffs deceased, GB, a minor, was a passenger for hire of a helicopter transportation service controlled, operated, dispatched, and supervised by Defendant Island Express Helicopters.
- 209. Defendant Island Express Helicopters held itself out as an entity which could safely and competently transport persons purchasing helicopter transportation services.
- 210. At all times material hereto, Defendant Island Express Helicopters was and is an on-demand passenger transportation service carrying passengers who have purchased helicopter transportation services and doing so for hire and for profit as a common carrier.
- 211. Defendant Island Express Helicopters had a duty to Plaintiffs' deceased to exercise the highest degree of care and diligence in the operation, management, and service of its helicopter transportation services to be provided to persons within the general public such as GB, a minor, and, specifically, the highest degree of care and diligence to provide a safe and airworthy aircraft.
- 212. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters failed to provide a reasonably safe aircraft for the use and transport of Plaintiffs' deceased thereby breaching its duty to exercise the highest degree of care.
- 213. Plaintiffs' deceased was killed as a direct result and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' failure to exercise the highest degree of care in providing a safe helicopter for their use and transport.
- 214. Plaintiffs' decedent, GB, a minor, was killed as a direct and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Helicopters causing or authorizing the operation of the helicopter in a negligent, careless or reckless manner as further set out above.

- 215. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.
- 217. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XXI

(NEGLIGENCE | WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION| -- DEFENDANT | ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS' FAILURE TO EQUIP HELICOPTER WITH | SAFETY EQUIPMENT -- GB, MINOR)

- 218. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 217 inclusive of this Complaint.
- 219. Defendant Island Express Helicopters held itself out as an entity which could carefully and competently provide safety equipment on its helicopters which were utilized in the course of its operations.
- 220. Defendant Island Express Helicopters had a duty to use that degree of care that ordinarily careful and prudent operators of a helicopter transport business would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 221. Defendant Island Express Helicopters had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent company would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 222. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters was negligent in its duties as it failed to purchase and equip its helicopters with a Terrain Avoidance and Warning System (TAWS) which provides a detailed image of surrounding terrain and triggers an auditory and visual warning.

- 223. That as a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid negligence and carelessness on the part of Defendant Island Express Helicopters GB, a minor, was killed.
- 224. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 225. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.
- 226. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased. Such damages are appropriate in light of Defendant Island Express Helicopters' officers, directors, or managing agents' advance knowledge of the unfitness of Defendant Zobayan, including but not limited to knowledge of his prior violation. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Helicopters employed Defendant Zobayan with conscious disregard of the rights or safety of others and authorized or ratified his wrongful conduct, and itself engaged in conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Helicopters as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XXII

(NEGLIGENCE [WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION] - - DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDINGS' FAILURE TO USE ORDINARY CARE IN PROVIDING PROPER AND SAFE AIRCRAFT SERVICES - - GB, MINOR)

- 227. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 226 inclusive of this Complaint
- 228. Defendant Island Express Holdings had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent company would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 229. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Holdings was negligent in its duties as follows:
- a. Defendant Island Express Holdings knew or should have known that they were prohibited from operating the subject helicopter under Instrument Flight Rules (IFR);
- b. Defendant Island Express Holdings failed to have in place an adequate safety policy for cancellation of flights into known unsafe weather conditions;

- c. Defendant Island Express Holdings promoted and engaged in unnecessary and needlessly risky means of transport under the circumstances then and there presenting; and
- d. Defendant Island Express Holdings authorized, directed and/or permitted a flight with full knowledge that the subject helicopter was flying into unsafe weather conditions.
- 230. Defendant Island Express Holdings' breach of duty and negligence caused the injuries and damages complained of herein.
- 231. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.
- 233. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

were prohibited from operating the subject helicopter under Instrument Flight Rules (IFR);

- b. Defendant Island Express Holdings failed to have in place an adequate safety policy for cancellation of flights into known unsafe weather conditions;
- c. Defendant Island Express Holdings promoted and engaged in unnecessary and needlessly risky means of transport under the circumstances then and there presenting; and
- d. Defendant Island Express Holdings authorized, directed and/or permitted a flight with full knowledge that the subject helicopter was flying into unsafe weather conditions.
- 238. By operation of California law, Defendant Island Express Holdings is responsible for damages caused by the negligence, carelessness, or recklessness of the aircraft pilot in that on the occasion in question the subject helicopter was being operated and used with its knowledge and consent.
- 239. Plaintiffs' decedent, GB, a minor, was killed as a direct and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Helicopters causing or authorizing the operation of the helicopter in a negligent, careless or reckless manner as further set out above.
- 240. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 241. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete

aforementioned duty to Plaintiffs by failing to exercise reasonable care in the supervision and

27

training of its pilots and its employees and/or agents, including the subject pilot, specifically, but not limited to, failing adequately to ensure that pilots were properly trained and supervised on flights in unsafe weather conditions.

- 246. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 247. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.
- 248. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Holdings as follows:

- For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss
- For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses
 - For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant
 - For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XXV

(NEGLIGENCE | WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION) - - DEFENDANT ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDINGS' FAILURE TO IMPLEMENT PROPER AND REASONABLE FLIGHT SAFETY RULES AND POLICIES - - GB, MINOR)

- Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 248 inclusive of this Complaint
- Defendant Island Express Holdings held itself out as an entity which could carefully and competently provide and maintain safe helicopter transport services which were
- That Defendant Island Express Holdings had a duty to use that degree of care that ordinarily careful and prudent operators of a helicopter transport business would use under the
- On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Holdings failed adequately to implement proper and reasonable flight safety rules and policies in that it directed and allowed its pilots to fly in unsafe weather conditions and in areas where the pilot would encounter instrument

- 253. Defendant Island Express Holdings' failure adequately to implement proper and reasonable procedures caused the helicopter to enter instrument conditions, therefore causing the helicopter to crash and burn, resulting in the death of GB, a minor.
- 254. That as a direct result of the aforesaid negligence and carelessness on the part of Defendant Island Express Holdings, GB, a minor, was killed.
- 255. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 256. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.
- 257. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Holdings as follows:

the highest degree of care and diligence in the operation, management, and service of its helicopter

27

28

24 | 25 |

transportation services to be provided to persons within the general public such as GB, a minor, and, specifically, the highest degree of care and diligence to provide a safe and airworthy aircraft.

- 263. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Holdings failed to provide a reasonably safe aircraft for the use and transport of Plaintiffs' deceased thereby breaching its duty to exercise the highest degree of care.
- 264. Plaintiffs' deceased was killed as a direct result and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Holdings' failure to exercise the highest degree of care in providing a safe helicopter for their use and transport.
- 265. Plaintiffs' decedent, GB, a minor, was killed as a direct and proximate result of Defendant Island Express Holdings causing or authorizing the operation of the helicopter in a negligent, careless or reckless manner as further set out above.
- 266. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 267. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.

268. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Island Express Holdings as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

COUNT XXVII

(NEGLIGENCE | WRONGFUL DEATH AND SURVIVAL ACTION | - - DEFENDANT | ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDINGS' FAILURE TO EQUIP HELICOPTER WITH SAFETY | EQUIPMENT - - GB, MINOR)

- 269. Plaintiffs hereby incorporate by reference, as though fully set out herein, paragraphs 1 through 268 inclusive of this Complaint.
- 270. Defendant Island Express Holdings held itself out as an entity which could carefully and competently provide safety equipment on its helicopters which were utilized in the course of its operations.
- 271. That Defendant Island Express Holdings had a duty to use that degree of care that ordinarily careful and prudent operators of a helicopter transport business would use under the same or similar circumstances.

- 272. Defendant Island Express Holdings had a duty to use that degree of care that an ordinarily careful and prudent company would use under the same or similar circumstances.
- 273. On information and belief, Defendant Island Express Holdings was negligent in its duties as it failed to purchase and equip its helicopter with a traffic avoidance and warning system (TAWS).
- 274. That as a direct and proximate result of the aforesaid negligence and carelessness on the part of Defendant Island Express Holdings GB, a minor, was killed.
- 275. By virtue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages as are fair and just for the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the pecuniary losses suffered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the reasonable value of the services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction, guidance, counsel, training, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such death, further including, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services, and other value of benefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
- 276. Plaintiffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between the time of injury and the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have maintained an action had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.
- 277. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

1		a.	Defendant Zobayan failed to properly monitor and assess the weather prior
2	to takeoff;		
3		b.	Defendant Zobayan failed to obtain proper weather data prior to the subject
4	flight;		
5		c.	Defendant Zobayan failed to abort the flight when he knew of the cloudy
6	conditions;		
7		d.	Defendant Zobayan improperly flew the helicopter into instrument flight
8	rules (IFR) co	ondition	ns;
9		e.	Defendant Zobayan failed to maintain proper control of the helicopter in-
10	flight;		
11		f.	Defendant Zobayan failed to properly avoid natural obstacles in the flight
12	path;		
13		g.	Defendant Zobayan failed to keep a safe distance between the helicopter
14	and natural ob	stacles	and
15		h.	Defendant Zobayan failed to properly and safely operate the helicopter
16	resulting in a	crash.	
17	283.	As a d	irect and proximate result of the aforesaid negligence and carelessness on the
8	part of Defend	dant Zol	bayan, GB, a minor, was killed.
9	284.	By vir	tue of GB's untimely death, Plaintiffs are lawfully entitled to such damages
20	as are fair and	just for	the death and loss thus occasioned, including but not limited to the
21	pecuniary loss	ses suffe	ered by reason of the death, grief, sorrow, funeral expenses, and the
22	reasonable val	lue of th	ne services, consortium, companionship, comfort, society, instruction,
23	guidance, cou	nsel, tra	ining, and support of which Plaintiffs have been deprived by reason of such
24	death, further	includir	ng, loss of probable support, past and future lost income, household services,
25	and other valu	e of ber	nefits which would have been provided by the deceased.
6	285.	Plainti	ffs further claim such damages as the decedent may have suffered between
7	the time of inj	ury and	the time of death and for the recovery of which the decedent might have
8	maintained an	action	had death not ensued including, but not limited to, mental anguish, physical

disability, conscious pain and suffering, pre-impact terror, disfigurement, and further considering the aggravating circumstances attendant upon the fatal injury. Such aggravating circumstances include but are not limited to the wanton, willful callous, reckless and depraved conduct of defendant which entitles Plaintiffs to punitive damages to punish the Defendant and to deter future wrongdoing in that the acts and omissions of defendant has manifested such reckless and complete indifference to and a conscious disregard for the safety of others that the decedent would have been entitled to punitive damages had she lived.

286. Plaintiffs further claim punitive damages in that this defendant engaged in actions and conduct with malice, oppression, or fraud with a knowing disregard of the rights or safety of others, including Plaintiffs' deceased.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs Vanessa Bryant, individually and as Successor in Interest to Kobe Bryant, Deceased; and Vanessa Bryant as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; pray judgment against Defendant Berge Zobayan as Personal Representative of and/or Successor in Interest to Ara George Zobayan, as follows:

- (A) For general damages suffered by Plaintiffs for loss of love, affection, care, society, service, comfort, support, right to support, companionship, solace or moral support, expectations of future support and counseling, other benefits and assistance of Decedent GB according to proof;
- (B) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to the loss of earnings and loss of financial support from Decedent GB;
- (C) For economic damages suffered by Plaintiffs related to burial and funeral expenses according to proof;
 - (D) For prejudgment interest and post-judgment interest and costs;
- (E) For punitive damages in such sums as will serve to punish and deter Defendant from future wrongdoing; and
 - (F) For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper.

1	DATED: April 2, 2020	MUNGER, TOLLES & OLSON LLP
2		
3		By: /s/ Brad D. Brian
4		BRAD D. BRIAN
5		ROBB & ROBB LLC
6		Gary C. Robb
7		Anita Porte Robb Andrew C. Robb
8		Brittany Sanders Robb
9		Attorneys for Plaintiffs
10		
11		
12		
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21 22		
23		
24		
25		
26		
27		
28		
		74
	FIDET AMENIDE	-76-

1	<u> </u>	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL
2	Plaintiffs hereby demand a	a jury trial on all matters triable to a jury.
3	DATED: Amil 2 2020	MUNICED TOLLEG & OLGONIALD
4	DATED: April 2, 2020	MUNGER, TOLLES & OLSON LLP
5		
6		By: /s/ Brad D. Brian BRAD D. BRIAN
7		
8		ROBB & ROBB LLC
9		Gary C. Robb Anita Porte Robb
10		Andrew C. Robb
11		Brittany SandersRobb
12		Attorneys for Plaintiffs
13		
14		
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		
26		
27		
28		
		-77-
	Document purchased by Ehline I	JURY DEMAND Law Firm Personal Injury Attorneys, APLC for research and public awareness.

EXHIBIT I

Electronically FILED by Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles on 05/11/2020 09:21 AM Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk of Court, by L. Marquez, Deputy Clerk Michael J. Terhar, Esq. – SBN 89491 Ross Cunningham, Esq. - Pro Hac Vice Pending Don Swaim, Esq. – Pro Hac Vice Pending D. Todd Parrish, Esq. – SBN 173392 CUNNINGHAM SWAIM L.L.P. 2 North Lake Avenue, Suite 550 Pasadena, CA, 91101 Tel: 626-765-3000 Fax: 626-765-3030 6 mterhar@cunninghamswaim.com rcunningham@cunninghamswaim.com dswaim@cunninghamswaim.com tparrish@cunninghamswaim.com ATTORNEYS FOR Defendants ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., 10 a California Corporation. 11 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 12 FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES 13 14 VANESSA BRYANT, Individually, and as Case No.: 20STCV07492 15 Successor in Interest to KOBE BRYANT, Deceased; VANESSA BRYANT, as Successor Assigned for all purposes to: 16 in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; Hon. Judge Virginia Keeny NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Dept.: NW-W 17 Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT; 18 BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT; a California Corporation; and 19 and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT; a California Corporation's 20 ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS' Plaintiffs, FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT 21 FOR DAMAGES. VS. 22 ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL 23 California Corporation; ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation; and DOE 1, as Personal representative of First Amended Complaint Filed: April 15, 2020 and/or Successor in Interest to ARA GEORGE Trial Date: None Set 25 ZOBAYAN, a California resident, 26 Defendants. 27 28 ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation's ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS' FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

COME NOW defendants ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation (collectively referred to herein as "Defendants"), and in accordance with Section 431.30 of the California Code of Civil Procedure, hereby generally deny each and every, all and singular, the allegations therein contained, and in this connection, Defendants deny that Plaintiffs VANESSA BRYANT, Individually, and as Successor in Interest to KOBE BRYANT, Deceased; VANESSA BRYANT, as Successor in Interest to GB, a minor, deceased; NB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT; BB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT; and CB, a minor, by her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA BRYANT (collectively referred to herein as "Plaintiffs") have been injured or damaged in any of the sums mentioned in the FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT, or in any sum what so ever at all, as a result of any action or omission by Defendants.

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A FURTHER, SEPARATE, AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, all or some of Plaintiffs' claims are barred due to Plaintiffs' failure to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action against Defendants.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A SECOND, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, decedents Kobe Bryant and GB had actual knowledge of all of the circumstances, particular dangers, and an appreciation of the risks involved and the magnitude thereof, and proceeded to encounter a known risk, and voluntarily assume the risk of the accident, injury, and damages in the alleged FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT, thereby barring or reducing Plaintiffs' claim for damages.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A THIRD, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that the damages sought in the FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT were proximately caused by one or more unforeseeable, independent, intervening, and/or superseding events beyond the control of and unrelated to any actions or conduct

- 2 -

of Defendants.

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A FOURTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that the damages sought in the FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT were proximately caused by the acts or omissions of other parties for whom answering Defendants are not legally responsible, which intervened and/or superseded the acts and/or omission of answering Defendants, if any, and Plaintiffs' alleged damages. In the alternative, any amounts which Plaintiffs might be entitled to recover against answering Defendants must be reduced to the extent any such damages are attributable to the intervening and/or supervening acts and/or omissions of persons other than answering Defendants.

FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A FIFTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that the sole proximate cause of Plaintiffs' damages was the acts and/or omissions of others.

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A SIXTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that the damages sought in the FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT were proximately caused in whole or in part by a new and independent cause not reasonably foreseeable by answering Defendants. Such new and independent cause became the direct and proximate cause of the accident.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A SEVENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that the damages sought in the FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT were the result of an unavoidable accident and not proximately caused by any alleged act or omission on the part of answering Defendants.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS AN EIGHTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that Plaintiffs have failed to join

- 3 -

all necessary and indispensable parties.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A NINTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants claim that they are not responsible for Plaintiffs' damages due to an act of God.

TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A TENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, all or some of Plaintiffs' claims are barred due to Plaintiffs' failure to mitigate damages.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A ELEVENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, the damages, if any, suffered by Plaintiffs were caused in whole or in part by the acts or omissions of persons or entities other than these answering Defendants. Answering Defendants expressly reserve their right to pursue any and all actions for contribution and indemnity of any kind whatsoever against such persons or entities.

TWELFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A TWELFTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, all or some of Plaintiffs' claims for relief against Defendants are barred due to the doctrines of waiver and/or estoppel.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A THIRTEENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, all or some of Plaintiffs' claims for relief against Defendants are barred due to comparative and/or contributory negligence. In the alternative, in the event there is a finding of damages for Plaintiffs, such damages must be reduced to the extent of such comparative and/or contributory negligence.

FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A FOURTEENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, all or some of Plaintiffs' damages must be reduced

- 4 -

and/or offset by any benefits received by Plaintiffs under applicable law.

FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A FIFTEENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Plaintiffs' claims for punitive damages against Defendants are barred, in whole or in part, because they violate state and federal constitution rights, including but not limited to due process, equal protection, void-for-vagueness and ex post facto provisions; the Fourth, Fifth Sixth, Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments, and the right not to be subjected to excessive awards and multiple punishments. In addition, any claim for punitive damages is limited by state and federal law, including but not limited to the United States Supreme Court decision in *State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Company v. Campbell*, 123 S. Ct. 1513 (2003), and all other applicable federal and state decisions.

SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A SIXTEENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that the allegations in Plaintiffs' FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT fail to state facts sufficient to support an award of exemplary or punitive damages or other statutory fines or penalties against answering Defendants. No alleged act or omission of answering Defendants was oppressive, fraudulent, or malicious under California Civil Code section 3294, and therefore, any award of punitive damages is barred.

SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A SEVENTEENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that Plaintiffs' FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT, and each cause of action thereof, is barred by reason of acts, omissions, representation, and courses of conduct by Plaintiffs, which Defendants were led to rely upon to their detriment, thereby barring each and every cause of action under the doctrine of equitable estoppel.

EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS AN EIGHTEENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that if they are determined to be liable to Plaintiffs, such liability is based on conduct which is passive and secondary to the active and

- 5 -

3

4

567

8

10

111213

15

17 18

16

19 20

21

22

23

24

2526

2728

primary wrongful conduct of other defendants in this action, if any. Defendants are therefore entitled to total, equitable indemnity from such other defendants.

NINETEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A NINETEENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that in the event the parties were not reasonably and adequately warned of potential dangers concerning the inherently dangerous nature of flying in a helicopter, the duty to provide the warnings was that of a third party, and not of Defendants.

TWENTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A TWENTIETH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that there are other persons, parties, entities, and/or defendants who are at fault and proximately caused Plaintiffs' injuries, if any. If Defendants are responsible to Plaintiffs, of which Defendants expressly deny such responsibility, these answering Defendants are only liable for their proportionate share of non-economic damages, if any, as set forth in the Civil Code section 1431.2.

TWENTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A TWENTY-FIRST, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that Plaintiffs' FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT, and each cause of action thereof, is barred by the doctrines of unclean hands and/or laches.

TWENTY-SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A TWENTY-SECOND, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that they are entitled to a set-off for all amounts paid to the Plaintiffs by other Defendants through settlements, if any.

TWENTY-THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A TWENTY-THIRD, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that the services of Defendants fully complied with all applicable governmental laws and regulations at the time the services were

- 6 -

rendered.

TWENTY-FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A TWENTY-FOURTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, Defendants allege that plaintiffs were advised, informed and warned of any potential hazards and/or dangers, and they failed to follow such warnings.

TWENTY-FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A TWENTY-FIFTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, answering Defendants allege that they presently have insufficient knowledge or information on which to form a belief as to whether they may have additional defenses available. Defendants expressly reserve their right to assert any additional affirmative defenses that become known as a result of discovery, investigation, analysis and/or proceedings in this case.

TWENTY-SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A TWENTY-SIXTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, answering Defendants allege that the FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT and each purported Cause of Action therein, are barred under the Doctrine of Federal Preemption, in that the laws of the United States of America, including, but not limited to, the Federal Aviation Act, the Federal Aviation Regulations, rules and regulations of the Federal Aviation Administration and its predecessors, the Civil Air Regulations, as well as other federal statutes, rules and laws, have shown intent by the Federal Government to completely and exclusively occupy the field of the operation of civilian aviation.

TWENTY-SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

AS A TWENTY-SEVENTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, answering Defendants allege that the federal government has preempted the field of law applicable to aviation safety through the Federal Aviation Act and Federal Aviation Regulations. To the extent that Plaintiffs seek recovery based upon a standard of care not mandated by federal law, such recovery is barred by the Supremacy Clause, Article VI, clause 2, of the United States Constitution.

- 7 -

1 TWENTY-EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE 2 AS A TWENTY-EIGHTH, SEPARATE AND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE TO THE FIRST 3 AMENDED COMPLAINT ON FILE HEREIN, answering Defendants allege that defendants were 4 not acting as a common carrier, but rather a private carrier, at all relevant times. 5 WHEREFORE, Defendants pray that Plaintiffs take nothing against Defendants by Plaintiffs' FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT, that Defendants have judgment for its costs of suit 6 7 herein incurred, and together with such other and further relief both at law and in equity that 8 Defendants may show themselves entitled to. 9 10 Dated: May 11, 2020 CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP 11 12 By: <u>/s/ Michael J. Terhar</u> Michael J. Terhar 13 Ross Cunningham 14 Pro Hac Vice Pending Don Swaim Pro Hac Vice Pending 15 D. Todd Parrish 16 Attorneys for Defendants, ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, 17 INC., a California Corporation; and ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP. a 18 California Corporation. 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL 1 2 Defendants, ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., and ISLAND EXPRESS 3 HOLDING CORP. hereby demand a trial by jury. 4 5 Dated: May 11, 2020 CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP 6 7 By: /s/ Michael J. Terhar Michael J. Terhar 8 Ross Cunningham 9 Pro Hac Vice Pending Don Swaim Pro Hac Vice Pending 10 D. Todd Parrish Attorneys for Defendants 11 ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and 12 ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP. a 13 California Corporation. 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation's ANSWER TO PLAINTIFFS' FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

1 2		Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. 1 Superior Court	OF OF SERVICE sland Express Helicopters, Inc., et al. of California, Los Angeles lo.: 20STCV07492
3	STAT	TE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF I	LOS ANGELES:
1			Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 iness address is 2 North Lake Avenue, Suite 550,
,		On May 11, 2020, I caused to be ser	ved the within document(s) described as:
,			
		ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING C	RS, INC., a California Corporation; and ORP., a California Corporation's ST AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES.
		on the interested parties in this action	as stated below:
		•	TACHED SERVICE LIST
	X	BY E-MAIL: By transmitting a true addresses set forth on the attached m	copy of the foregoing document(s) to the e-mail ailing list.
		correspondence for mailing. Under the Service on that same day, with postal ordinary course of business. I am aw	with the firm's practice of collection and processing that practice, it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal ge thereon fully prepaid at Pasadena, California, in the ware that on motion of the party served, service is on date or postage meter date is more than one day after it.
			aused such envelope to be placed for collection and with standard Federal Express delivery procedures.
	BY PERSONAL SERVICE: I caused such envelope to be delivered by hand to the offices of the addressees.		
		BY FAX: I transmitted a copy of the facsimile numbers shown on the attachment	foregoing document(s) this date via telecopier to the ched mailing list.
	forego	I declare under penalty of perjury uning is true and correct.	der the laws of the State of California that the
		Executed on May 11, 2020, at Pasado	ena, California.
۱		Cynthia Vivanco	/s/Cynthia Vivanco
		(Type or print name)	(Signature)
		PRO	OF OF SERVICE
	512,0045		OF OF SERVICE

SERVICE LIST 1 Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. Island Express Helicopters, Inc., et al. Superior Court of California, Los Angeles 2 Case No.: 20STCV07492 3 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Brad D. Brian, Esq. 4 VANESSA BRYANT, et al. Luis Li, Esq. 5 MUNGER, TOLLES & OLSON LLP 350 South Grand Avenue, 50th Floor 6 Los Angeles, CA 90071-3426 Tel.: (213) 683-9100 7 Fax: (213) 687-3702 Email: brad.brian@mto.com 8 Email: <u>luis.li@mto.com</u> 9 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Gary C. Robb (PHV Pending) VANEŠSA BRYANT, et al. Anita Porte Robb (PHV Pending) 10 ROBB & ROBB LLC 11 One Kansas City Place Suite 3900, 1200 Main Street 12 Kansas City, Missouri 64105 Phone: 816-474-8080 13 Fax: 816-474-8081 14 Email: gcr@robbrobb.com Email: apr@robbrobb.com 15 Attorneys for Defendant, Arthur I. Willner, Esq. 16 BERGE ZOBAYAN as Successor in Interest LEADER BERKON COLAO & for ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN SILVERSTEIN LLP 17 660 South Figueroa Street, Suite 1150 18 Los Angeles, CA 90017 Telephone: (213) 234-1750 19 Fax: (213) 234-1747 Email: awillner@leaderberkon.com 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 PROOF OF SERVICE 512,0045

EXHIBIT J



Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles

ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION (ADR) INFORMATION PACKAGE

THE PLAINTIFF MUST SERVE THIS ADR INFORMATION PACKAGE ON EACH PARTY WITH THE COMPLAINT.

CROSS-COMPLAINANTS must serve this ADR Information Package on any new parties named to the action with the cross-complaint.

What is ADR?

ADR helps people find solutions to their legal disputes without going to trial. The main types of ADR are negotiation, mediation, arbitration, and settlement conferences. When ADR is done by phone, videoconference or computer, it may be called Online Dispute Resolution (ODR). These alternatives to litigation and trial are described below.

Advantages of ADR

- Saves Time: ADR is faster than going to trial.
- Saves Money: Parties can save on court costs, attorney's fees, and witness fees.
- Keeps Control (with the parties): Parties choose their ADR process and provider for voluntary ADR.
- Reduces Stress/Protects Privacy: ADR is done outside the courtroom, in private offices, by phone or online.

Disadvantages of ADR

- Costs: If the parties do not resolve their dispute, they may have to pay for ADR and litigation and trial.
- No Public Trial: ADR does not provide a public trial or a decision by a judge or jury.

Main Types of ADR:

- 1. **Negotiation**: Parties often talk with each other in person, or by phone or online about resolving their case with a settlement agreement instead of a trial. If the parties have lawyers, they will negotiate for their clients.
- 2. **Mediation**: In mediation, a neutral mediator listens to each person's concerns, helps them evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of their case, and works with them to try to create a settlement agreement that is acceptable to all. Mediators do not decide the outcome. Parties may go to trial if they decide not to settle.

Mediation may be appropriate when the parties

- want to work out a solution but need help from a neutral person.
- have communication problems or strong emotions that interfere with resolution.

Mediation may not be appropriate when the parties

- want a public trial and want a judge or jury to decide the outcome.
- lack equal bargaining power or have a history of physical/emotional abuse.

LASC CIV 271 Rev. 01/20 For Mandatory Use

How to arrange mediation in Los Angeles County

Mediation for civil cases is voluntary and parties may select any mediator they wish. Options include:

- a. The Civil Mediation Vendor Resource List

 If all parties agree to mediation, they may contact these organizations to request a "Resource List Mediation" for mediation at reduced cost or no cost (for selected cases):
 - ADR Services, Inc. Case Manager patricia@adrservices.com (310) 201-0010 (Ext. 261)
 - JAMS, Inc. Senior Case Manager <u>mbinder@jamsadr.com</u> (310) 309-6204
 - Mediation Center of Los Angeles (MCLA) Program Manager info@mediationLA.org (833) 476-9145
 - o Only MCLA provides mediation in person, by phone and by videoconference.

These organizations cannot accept every case and they may decline cases at their discretion.

Visit <u>www.lacourt.org/ADR.Res.List</u> for important information and FAQs <u>before</u> contacting them. NOTE: This program does not accept <u>family law, probate, or small claims cases.</u>

b. Los Angeles County Dispute Resolution Programs

https://wdacs.lacounty.gov/programs/drp/

- Small claims, unlawful detainers (evictions) and, at the Spring Street Courthouse, limited civil:
 - o Free, day- of- trial mediations at the courthouse. No appointment needed.
 - o Free or low-cost mediations before the day of trial.
 - For free or low-cost Online Dispute Resolution (ODR) by phone or computer <u>before</u> the day of trial visit
 <u>http://www.lacourt.org/division/smallclaims/pdf/OnlineDisputeResolutionFlyer-EngSpan.pdf</u>
- c. Mediators and ADR and Bar organizations that provide mediation may be found on the internet.
- 3. **Arbitration**: Arbitration is less formal than trial, but like trial, the parties present evidence and arguments to the person who decides the outcome. In "binding" arbitration, the arbitrator's decision is final; there is no right to trial. In "nonbinding" arbitration, any party can request a trial after the arbitrator's decision. For more information about arbitration, visit http://www.courts.ca.gov/programs-adr.htm
- 4. Mandatory Settlement Conferences (MSC): MSCs are ordered by the Court and are often held close to the trial date or on the day of trial. The parties and their attorneys meet with a judge or settlement officer who does not make a decision but assists the parties in evaluating the strengths and weaknesses of the case and in negotiating a settlement. For information about the Court's MSC programs for civil cases, visit http://www.lacourt.org/division/civil/Cl0047.aspx

Los Angeles Superior Court ADR website: http://www.lacourt.org/division/civil/Ci0109.aspx
For general information and videos about ADR, visit http://www.courts.ca.gov/programs-adr.htm

LASC CIV 271 Rev. 01/20 For Mandatory Use

EXHIBIT K

	POS-010
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar number, and address): CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP	FOR COURT USE ONLY
Michael J. Terhar, Esq. (SBN 89491); Ross Cuniningham, Esq. (Pro Hac Vice)	
Don Swaim, Esq. (Pro Hac Vice); D. Todd Parrish, Esq. (SBN 173392) 2 North Lake Avenue, Suite 550, Pasadena, California 91101	
TELEPHONE NO.: (626) 765-3000 FAX NO. (Optional): (626) 765-3030	
E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional): mterhar; rcunningham; dswaim; tparrish@cunninghamswaim.com	
ATTORNEY FOR (Name): Defendant and Cross-Complainants, ISLAND EXPRESS, etc.; et al.	
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES STREET ADDRESS: 6230 Sylmar Avenue MAILING ADDRESS:	
CITY AND ZIP CODE: Van Nuys, California 91401	
BRANCH NAME:	
PLAINTIFF/PETITIONER: VANESSA BRYANT, Individually, etc.; et al.	CASE NUMBER:
DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT: ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC.; etc. et al.	20STCV07492
PROOF OF SERVICE OF SUMMONS	Ref. No. or File No.:
PROOF OF SERVICE OF SUMMONS	1878515R
(Separate proof of service is required for each party ser	ved.)
At the time of service I was at least 18 years of age and not a party to this action.	,
2. I served copies of:	
a. summons	
b. complaint	
c. Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) package	
d. Civil Case Cover Sheet (served in complex cases only)	
	mulaint far Damagag, Island Evaroga
e. vicross-complaint Summons on Cross-Complaint; First Amended Composition of the first Amended Com	and Express Holding Corp., a California
3. a. Party served (specify name of party as shown on documents served):	
MATTHEW CONLEY, Individually	
b. Person (other than the party in item 3a) served on behalf of an entity or as an under item 5b on whom substituted service was made) (specify name and relative service).	
A Address where the party was served:	
4. Address where the party was served: Carlsbad, California 92008	
5. I served the party (check proper box)	
a. by personal service. I personally delivered the documents listed in item 2 to receive service of process for the party (1) on (date): $09/01/2020$	the party or person authorized to (2) at (time): 02:20 p.m.
b. by substituted service. On (date): at (time): I le in the presence of (name and title or relationship to person indicated in item	eft the documents listed in item 2 with or 3):
(1) (business) a person at least 18 years of age apparently in charge of the person to be served. I informed him or her of the general name	
(2) (home) a competent member of the household (at least 18 years place of abode of the party. I informed him or her of the general n	- ·
(3) (physical address unknown) a person at least 18 years of age address of the person to be served, other than a United States Phim or her of the general nature of the papers.	
(4) I thereafter mailed (by first-class, postage prepaid) copies of the at the place where the copies were left (Code Civ. Proc., § 415.2 (date): from (city): or	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

I attach a declaration of diligence stating actions taken first to attempt personal service.

	PLAINTIFF	f/PETITIONER: VANESSA BRYANT, Individual	ly, etc.; et al.	CASE NUMBER:
_ De		RESPONDENT: ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS		20STCV07492
5.	c	by mail and acknowledgment of receipt of service. I address shown in item 4, by first-class mail, postage pro		s listed in item 2 to the party, to the
		(1) on (date):	(2) from (city):	
		(3) with two copies of the <i>Notice and Acknowled</i> to me. (Attach completed Notice and Acknowled) to an address outside California with return r	wledgement of Receip	t.) (Code Civ. Proc., § 415.30.)
	d	by other means (specify means of service and authorize	zing code section):	
		Additional page describing service is attached.		
6.		ce to the Person Served" (on the summons) was completed as an individual defendant.	ed as follows:	
	a.	as an individual determant. as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify	<i>d):</i>	
	c.	as occupant.	//).	
	d. 🔲	On behalf of (specify):		
		under the following Code of Civil Procedure section:		
		416.10 (corporation) 416.20 (defunct corporation) 416.30 (joint stock company/association) 416.40 (association or partnership) 416.50 (public entity)	415.95 (busine 416.60 (minor) 416.70 (ward o 416.90 (authori 415.46 (occupa	ized person)
_	D		other:	arit,
1.		who served papers E Brendan Flynn, Ace Attorney Service, Inc.		
		ess: 444 West C Street, Suite 410, San Diego, C	alifornia 92101	
		hone number: (619) 235-8400	umoma 72101	
		ee for service was: \$106.75		
	e. I am:			
	(1) [(2) [(3) [not a registered California process server. exempt from registration under Business and Profes a registered California process server: (i) owner employee indeper (ii) Registration No.: 3450 (iii) County: SAN DIEGO		2350(b).
8.	✓ I d	eclare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the Stat	te of California that the	e foregoing is true and correct.
	or			
9.	I a	m a California sheriff or marshal and I certify that the fe	oregoing is true and c	orrect.
Da	te: Septer	mber 10, 2020	Brook	an R Jum
		BRENDAN FLYNN	V	
	(NAME OF	F PERSON WHO SERVED PAPERS/SHERIFF OR MARSHAL)		(SIGNATURE)

PROOF OF SERVICE

Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. Island Express Helicopters, Inc., et al.

1		Superior Court of Cali Case No.	fornia, County of Los Angeles .: 20STCV07492
2	STAT	E OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LO	OS ANGELES:
3			angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 ness address is 2 North Lake Avenue, Suite 550,
5		On September 11, 2020, I caused to be	e served the within document(s) described as:
5		PROOF OF SERVICE OF SUM	MONS
7		on the interested parties in this action a	as stated below:
3		SEE ATTA	ACHED SERVICE LIST
)	X	BY E-MAIL: By transmitting a true caddresses set forth on the attached main	opy of the foregoing document(s) to the e-mail ling list.
		correspondence for mailing. Under the Service on that same day, with postage ordinary course of business. I am awa	th the firm's practice of collection and processing at practice, it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal e thereon fully prepaid at Pasadena, California, in the re that on motion of the party served, service is a date or postage meter date is more than one day after the collection.
			sed such envelope to be placed for collection and th standard Federal Express delivery procedures.
5		BY PERSONAL SERVICE: I caused of the addressees.	d such envelope to be delivered by hand to the offices
7		BY FAX: I transmitted a copy of the facsimile numbers shown on the attack	Foregoing document(s) this date via telecopier to the ned mailing list.
)	forego	I declare under penalty of perjury under ing is true and correct.	er the laws of the State of California that the
)		Executed on September 11, 2020, at Pa	asadena, California.
		Cynthia Vivanco	/s/Cynthia Vivanco
2		(Type or print name)	(Signature)
3			
1			
5			
7			
7			
3			
	512.0045		F OF SERVICE sonal Injury Attorneys, APLC for research and public awareness.

SERVICE LIST Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. Island Express Helicopters, Inc., et al. Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles 1 Case No.: 20STCV07492 2 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Brad D. Brian, Esq. VANESSA BRYANT, et al. Luis Li, Esq. 3 MUNGER, TOLLES & OLSON LLP 4 350 South Grand Avenue, 50th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90071-3426 5 Tel.: (213) 683-9100 Fax: (213) 687-3702 6 Email: brad.brian@mto.com Email: luis.li@mto.com 7 Cc: Craig.Lavoie@mto.com; Mari.Saigal@mto.com 8 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, 9 Gary C. Robb (PHV) VANESSA BRYANT, et al. Anita Porte Robb (PHV) 10 **ROBB & ROBB LLC** One Kansas City Place 11 Suite 3900, 1200 Main Street Kansas City, Missouri 64105 12 Phone: 816-474-8080 Fax: 816-474-8081 13 Email: gcr@robbrobb.com 14 Email: apr@robbrobb.com Cc: janello@robbrobb.com; 15 acr@robbrobb.com; bsr@robbrobb.com; 16 Attorneys for Defendant, Arthur I. Willner, Esq. BERGE ZOBAYAN as Successor in Interest LEADER BERKON COLAO & 17 for ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN SILVERSTEIN LLP 18 660 South Figueroa Street, Suite 1150 Los Angeles, CA 90017 19 Telephone: (213) 234-1750 Fax: (213) 234-1747 20 Email: awillner@leaderberkon.com Cc: opena@leaderberkon.com; 21 salvarenga@leaderberkon.com 22 Attorneys for Defendant, Raymond L. Mariani, (PHV) 23 BERGÉ ZOBAYAN as Successor in Interest LEADER BERKON COLAO & for ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN SILVERSTEIN LLP 24 630 Third Avenue, Floor 17 25 New York, NY 10017 Telephone: (212) 486-2400 26 Facsimile (212) 486-3099 Email: rmariani@leaderberkon.com 27 SERVICE LIST 28 PROOF OF SERVICE Document purchased by Ehline Law Firm Personal Injury Attorneys, APLC for research and public awareness.

512.0045

Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. Island Express Helicopters, Inc., et al. Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles Case No.: 20STCV07492 1 Attorneys for Defendants, Ross Cunningham, Esq. (PHV) 2 ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., Don Swaim, Esq. (PHV) a California Corporation; and ISLAND D. Todd Parrish, Esq. 3 EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP Corporation 4015 Main Street, Suite 200, 4 Dallas, Texas 75226 5 Tel: (214) 646-1495 Emails: 6 rcunningham@cunninghamswaim.com dswaim@cunninghamswaim.com 7 tparrish@cunninghamswaim.com Cc: jjesser@cunninghamswaim.com 8 ctijerina@cunninghamswaim.com dscarborough@cunninghamswaim.com 9 Todd Worthe, Esq. 10 Worth Hanson & Worthe 1851 E. First Street, 9th Floor 11 Santa Ana, California 92705 12 Telephone: (714) 285-9600 Facsimile: (714) 285-9700 13 Email: tworthe@whwlawcorp.com 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 PROOF OF SERVICE
Document purchased by Ehline Law Firm Personal Injury Attorneys, APLC for research and public awareness.

512.0045

EXHIBIT L

	PU3-010
ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar number, and address): CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP Michael J. Terhar, Esq. (SBN 89491); Ross Cuniningham, Esq. (Pro Hac Vice) Don Swaim, Esq. (Pro Hac Vice); D. Todd Parrish, Esq. (SBN 173392) 2 North Lake Avenue, Suite 550, Pasadena, California 91101 TELEPHONE NO.: (626) 765-3000 FAX NO. (Optional): (626) 765-3030 E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional): mterhar; rcunningham; dswaim; tparrish@cunninghamswaim.com ATTORNEY FOR (Name): Defendant and Cross-Complainants, ISLAND EXPRESS, etc.; et al. SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES STREET ADDRESS: 6230 Sylmar Avenue MAILING ADDRESS:	FOR COURT USE ONLY
CITY AND ZIP CODE: Van Nuys, California 91401 BRANCH NAME:	
PLAINTIFF/PETITIONER: VANESSA BRYANT, Individually, etc.; et al.	CASE NUMBER:
DEFENDANT/RESPONDENT: ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC.; etc. et al.	20STCV07492
PROOF OF SERVICE OF SUMMONS	Ref. No. or File No.: 1878779R
(Separate proof of service is required for each party service.) 1. At the time of service I was at least 18 years of age and not a party to this action. 2. I served copies of: a.	emplaint for Damages; Island Express and Express Holding Corp., a California Complaint for Damages; Demand for Jury Trial authorized agent (and not a person
 4. Address where the party was served: San Diego, California 92128 5. I served the party (check proper box) a. ✓ by personal service. I personally delivered the documents listed in item 2 to receive service of process for the party (1) on (date): 09/02/2020 b. □ by substituted service. On (date): at (time): I lie in the presence of (name and title or relationship to person indicated in item of the person to be served. I informed him or her of the general name and title or relationship to person indicated in item of the person to be served. I informed him or her of the general name and title or relationship to person indicated in item of the person to be served. I informed him or her of the general name and title or relationship to person indicated in item of the person to be served. I informed him or her of the general name and title or relationship to person indicated in item of the person to be served. I informed him or her of the general name and title or relationship to person indicated in item of the person to be served. I informed him or her of the general name and title or relationship to person indicated in item of the person to be served. I informed him or her of the general name and title or relationship to person indicated in item of the person to be served. I informed him or her of the general name and title or relationship to person indicated in item of the person to be served. I informed him or her of the general name and title or relationship to person indicated in item or the person to be served. 	(2) at (time): 11:40 a.m. eft the documents listed in item 2 with or 3): e at the office or usual place of business
 (at least 18 years place of abode of the party. I informed him or her of the general notation. (by physical address unknown) a person at least 18 years of age address of the person to be served, other than a United States Phim or her of the general nature of the papers. I thereafter mailed (by first-class, postage prepaid) copies of the at the place where the copies were left (Code Civ. Proc., § 415.2 (date): from (city): or 	ature of the papers. apparently in charge at the usual mailing ostal Service post office box. I informed documents to the person to be served

I attach a declaration of diligence stating actions taken first to attempt personal service.

	PLAINTIFF	f/PETITIONER: VANESSA BRYANT, Individual	ly, etc.; et al.	CASE NUMBER:
_ DE		RESPONDENT: ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS		20STCV07492
5.	c	by mail and acknowledgment of receipt of service. I address shown in item 4, by first-class mail, postage pro		s listed in item 2 to the party, to the
		(1) on (date):	(2) from (city):	
		(3) with two copies of the <i>Notice and Acknowled</i> to me. (Attach completed Notice and Acknowled) to an address outside California with return	wledgement of Receip	t.) (Code Civ. Proc., § 415.30.)
	d	by other means (specify means of service and authorize	zing code section):	
		Additional page describing service is attached.		
6.	The "Notic	ce to the Person Served" (on the summons) was completed as an individual defendant.	ed as follows:	
	b.	as the person sued under the fictitious name of (specify	/)·	
	c. 🔲	as occupant.	.,,.	
	d	On behalf of (specify):		
		under the following Code of Civil Procedure section:		
		 416.10 (corporation) 416.20 (defunct corporation) 416.30 (joint stock company/association) 416.40 (association or partnership) 416.50 (public entity) 	415.95 (busine 416.60 (minor) 416.70 (ward o 416.90 (authori 415.46 (occupa other:	ized person)
7.		who served papers		
		Brendan Flynn, Ace Attorney Service, Inc.	alifornia 02101	
		ss: 444 West C Street, Suite 410, San Diego, C none number: (619) 235-8400	aiii0iiia 92101	
		ee for service was: \$ 106.75		
	e. I am:	10.75		
	(1) [(2) [not a registered California process server. exempt from registration under Business and Profest a registered California process server: (i) owner employee independent in the process server: (ii) Registration No.: 3450 (iii) County: SAN DIEGO		2350(b).
8.	✓ I d	eclare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the Stat	te of California that the	e foregoing is true and correct.
9.	or	m a California sheriff or marshal and I certify that the fo	oregoing is true and c	orrect.
Da	te: Septer	mber 10, 2020	Band	2 P Jan -
		BRENDAN FLYNN	Leave	100 110 mm
	(NAME OF	F PERSON WHO SERVED PAPERS/SHERIFF OR MARSHAL)		(SIGNATURE)

PROOF OF SERVICE

Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. Island Express Helicopters, Inc., et al.

1		Superior Court of Cali Case No.	fornia, County of Los Angeles .: 20STCV07492
2	STAT	E OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LO	OS ANGELES:
3			angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 ness address is 2 North Lake Avenue, Suite 550,
5		On September 11, 2020, I caused to be	e served the within document(s) described as:
5		PROOF OF SERVICE OF SUM	MONS
7		on the interested parties in this action a	as stated below:
3		SEE ATTA	ACHED SERVICE LIST
)	X	BY E-MAIL: By transmitting a true caddresses set forth on the attached main	opy of the foregoing document(s) to the e-mail ling list.
		correspondence for mailing. Under the Service on that same day, with postage ordinary course of business. I am awa	th the firm's practice of collection and processing at practice, it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal e thereon fully prepaid at Pasadena, California, in the re that on motion of the party served, service is a date or postage meter date is more than one day after the collection.
			sed such envelope to be placed for collection and th standard Federal Express delivery procedures.
5		BY PERSONAL SERVICE: I caused of the addressees.	d such envelope to be delivered by hand to the offices
7		BY FAX: I transmitted a copy of the facsimile numbers shown on the attack	Foregoing document(s) this date via telecopier to the ned mailing list.
)	forego	I declare under penalty of perjury under ing is true and correct.	er the laws of the State of California that the
)		Executed on September 11, 2020, at Pa	asadena, California.
		Cynthia Vivanco	/s/Cynthia Vivanco
2		(Type or print name)	(Signature)
3			
1			
5			
7			
7			
3			
	512.0045		F OF SERVICE sonal Injury Attorneys, APLC for research and public awareness.

SERVICE LIST Vanessa Bryant, et al. v. Island Express Helicopters, Inc., et al. Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles 1 Case No.: 20STCV07492 2 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Brad D. Brian, Esq. VANESSA BRYANT, et al. Luis Li, Esq. 3 MUNGER, TOLLES & OLSON LLP 4 350 South Grand Avenue, 50th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90071-3426 5 Tel.: (213) 683-9100 Fax: (213) 687-3702 6 Email: brad.brian@mto.com Email: luis.li@mto.com 7 Cc: Craig.Lavoie@mto.com; Mari.Saigal@mto.com 8 Attorneys for Plaintiffs, 9 Gary C. Robb (PHV) VANESSA BRYANT, et al. Anita Porte Robb (PHV) 10 **ROBB & ROBB LLC** One Kansas City Place 11 Suite 3900, 1200 Main Street Kansas City, Missouri 64105 12 Phone: 816-474-8080 Fax: 816-474-8081 13 Email: gcr@robbrobb.com 14 Email: apr@robbrobb.com Cc: janello@robbrobb.com; 15 acr@robbrobb.com; bsr@robbrobb.com; 16 Attorneys for Defendant, Arthur I. Willner, Esq. BERGE ZOBAYAN as Successor in Interest LEADER BERKON COLAO & 17 for ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN SILVERSTEIN LLP 18 660 South Figueroa Street, Suite 1150 Los Angeles, CA 90017 19 Telephone: (213) 234-1750 Fax: (213) 234-1747 20 Email: awillner@leaderberkon.com Cc: opena@leaderberkon.com; 21 salvarenga@leaderberkon.com 22 Attorneys for Defendant, Raymond L. Mariani, (PHV) 23 BERGÉ ZOBAYAN as Successor in Interest LEADER BERKON COLAO & for ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN SILVERSTEIN LLP 24 630 Third Avenue, Floor 17 25 New York, NY 10017 Telephone: (212) 486-2400 26 Facsimile (212) 486-3099 Email: rmariani@leaderberkon.com 27 SERVICE LIST 28 PROOF OF SERVICE Document purchased by Ehline Law Firm Personal Injury Attorneys, APLC for research and public awareness.

512.0045

	Case No	fornia, County of Los Angeles 20STCV07492
	Ross Cunningham, Esq. (PHV) Don Swaim, Esq. (PHV)	Attorneys for Defendants, ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC
- 11	D. Todd Parrish, Esq. CUNNINGHAM SWAIM, LLP	a California Corporation; and ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California
	4015 Main Street, Suite 200,	Corporation
	Dallas, Texas 75226 Tel: (214) 646-1495	
11	Emails: rcunninghamswaim.com	
	dswaim@cunninghamswaim.com tparrish@cunninghamswaim.com	
	Cc: jjesser@cunninghamswaim.com	
	ctijerina@cunninghamswaim.com dscarborough@cunninghamswaim.com	
	Todd Worthe, Esq.	
	Worth Hanson & Worthe	
	1851 E. First Street, 9th Floor Santa Ana, California 92705	
	Telephone: (714) 285-9600	
	Facsimile: (714) 285-9700 Email: tworthe@whwlawcorp.com	
	<u> energie en compression</u>	
		3

EXHIBIT M

```
1
   JEFFREY BOSSERT CLARK
    Acting Assistant Attorney General
2
   Civil Division
3
   NICOLA T. HANNA
   United States Attorney
4
   DEBRA D. FOWLER VSB #30574
   Debra.Fowler@usdoj.gov
   Senior Aviation Counsel
   Alan D. Mattioni PA #64259
7
    Alan.Mattioni@usdoj.gov
8
   Senior Aviation Counsel
   Torts Branch, Civil Division
9
   U.S. Department of Justice
10
    Post Office Box 14271
11
   Washington, DC 20044-4271
   Phone: (202) 616-4025
12
    Fax: (202) 616-4002
13
    Attorneys for United States of America
14
15
                       UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
                      CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
16
17
    VANESSA BRYANT, Individually,
                                           Case No.:
   and as Successor in Interest to KOBE
                                       )
18
    BRYANT, Deceased; VANESSA
                                           CERTIFICATION OF SCOPE OF
19
                                           EMPLOYMENT OF MATTHEW
   BRYANT, as Successor in Interest to
    GB, a minor, deceased; NB, a minor, by)
                                           CONLEY
20
   her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad
21
    Litem, VANESSA BRYANT; BB, a
22
   minor, by her Natural Mother and
   Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA
23
    BRYANT; and CB, a minor, by her
24
    Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem,)
    VANESSA BRYANT;
25
26
                 Plaintiffs,
27
    VS.
28
```

United States' Certification of Scope of Employment

Document purchased by Ehline Law Firm Personal Injury Attorneys, APLC for research and public awareness.

1 ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; 2 ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation; and DOE 1, as Personal representative of 4 and/or Successor in Interest to ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN, a California 6 resident, 7 Defendants. 8 ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and 10 ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation, 11 12 Cross-Complainants, 13 VS. 14 KYLE LARSEN, Individually; 15 MATTHEW CONLEY, individually; and ROES 1 through 50, 16 Cross-Defendants. 17 18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

CERTIFICATION OF SCOPE OF EMPLOYMENT

I, Barry F. Benson, Director, Aviation, Space and Admiralty Litigation,
Torts Branch, Civil Division, United States Department of Justice, acting pursuant
to 28 U.S.C. § 2679(d)(2), and by virtue of the authority vested in me by 28 C.F.R.
§ 15.4, certify that I have read the Cross-Complaint of Island Express Helicopters,
Inc., and Island Express Holdings Corp., in the action filed in the Superior Court of
the State of California, County of Los Angeles, Case No. 20STCV07492 (LEAD
Case, related to cases 20STCV14963, 20STCV14973, and 20STCV17897),

naming Matthew Conley as a Cross-Defendant in that action. I also have reviewed

additional information regarding the allegations of the Cross-Complaint, including portions of the investigation conducted by the National Transportation Safety Board. On the basis of the information now available to me, I certify that Matthew Conley was acting within the scope of his employment with the Federal Aviation Administration, an agency of the United States, at the time of the incident out of which the claim alleged in Cross-Complainants' Cross-Complaint arose.

Dated: September 30, 2020

Barry F. Benson

Director

Aviation, Space and Admiralty Litigation Torts Branch, Civil Division

U.S. Department of Justice

EXHIBIT N

```
1
   JEFFREY BOSSERT CLARK
    Acting Assistant Attorney General
2
   Civil Division
3
   NICOLA T. HANNA
   United States Attorney
4
   DEBRA D. FOWLER VSB #30574
   Debra.Fowler@usdoj.gov
6
   Senior Aviation Counsel
   Alan D. Mattioni PA #64259
7
    Alan.Mattioni@usdoj.gov
8
   Senior Aviation Counsel
   Torts Branch, Civil Division
9
   U.S. Department of Justice
10
   Post Office Box 14271
11
   Washington, DC 20044-4271
   Phone: (202) 616-4025
12
    Fax: (202) 616-4002
13
    Attorneys for United States of
14
    America
15
                       UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
16
                      CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
17
   VANESSA BRYANT, Individually,
                                           Case No.:
18
   and as Successor in Interest to KOBE
19
   BRYANT, Deceased: VANESSA
                                           CERTIFICATION OF SCOPE OF
    BRYANT, as Successor in Interest to
                                           EMPLOYMENT OF KYLE
20
   GB, a minor, deceased; NB, a minor, by)
                                           LARSEN
21
   her Natural Mother and Guardian Ad
22
   Litem, VANESSA BRYANT; BB, a
   minor, by her Natural Mother and
23
    Guardian Ad Litem, VANESSA
24
   BRYANT; and CB, a minor, by her
    Natural Mother and Guardian Ad Litem,)
25
    VANESSA BRYANT;
26
27
                 Plaintiffs,
28
    VS.
```

United States' Certification of Scope of Employment

Document purchased by Ehline Law Firm Personal Injury Attorneys, APLC for research and public awareness.

1 ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; 2 ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation; and DOE 1, as Personal representative of 4 and/or Successor in Interest to ARA GEORGE ZOBAYAN, a California 6 resident, 7 Defendants. 8 ISLAND EXPRESS HELICOPTERS, INC., a California Corporation; and 10 ISLAND EXPRESS HOLDING CORP., a California Corporation, 11 12 Cross-Complainants, 13 VS. 14 KYLE LARSEN, Individually; 15 MATTHEW CONLEY, individually; and ROES 1 through 50, 16 Cross-Defendants. 17 18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

CERTIFICATION OF SCOPE OF EMPLOYMENT

I, Barry F. Benson, Director, Aviation, Space and Admiralty Litigation,
Torts Branch, Civil Division, United States Department of Justice, acting pursuant
to 28 U.S.C. § 2679(d)(2), and by virtue of the authority vested in me by 28 C.F.R.
§ 15.4, certify that I have read the Cross-Complaint of Island Express Helicopters,
Inc., and Island Express Holdings Corp., in the action filed in the Superior Court of
the State of California, County of Los Angeles, Case No. 20STCV07492 (LEAD

Case, related to cases 20STCV14963, 20STCV14973, and 20STCV17897), naming Kyle Larsen as a Cross-Defendant in that action. I also have reviewed additional information regarding the allegations of the Cross-Complaint, including portions of the investigation conducted by the National Transportation Safety Board. On the basis of the information now available to me, I certify that Kyle Larsen was acting within the scope of his employment with the Federal Aviation Administration, an agency of the United States, at the time of the incident out of which the claim alleged in Cross-Complainants' Cross-Complaint arose.

1

2

3

4

5

6

T

8

9

10

11

12 13

Dated: September 30, 2020

15

14

16 17

18 19

20

21 22

23 24

25 26

27

28

Barry F. Benson

Director

Aviation, Space and Admiralty Litigation Torts Branch, Civil Division U.S. Department of Justice